ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS KARNIK BROS, BOMBAY 4

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 191 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

USE "ROHINI-CHANDRA" BRAND IRANIAN SWEET ASAFOETIDA IT MAKES PICKLES, VEGETABLES, SAVOURIES FLAVOURY, APPETIZING AND DIGESTIVE. TELEGRAMS: "SANSCRIT," PHONE: 24154. VARJIWANDAS HIRJEE & COMPANY 240, VADGADI, MANDVI, BOMBAY 2.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Britain Appeases Japan Again!

Canadians Non-plussed At Withdrawal Of Troops From Shanghai

UNFAIR BURDEN ON AMERICAN MARINES

Nazi Stunt Staged In Tokio To Oust England From East Asia: Tirade Starts

OTTAWA, Aug. 9.

Withdrawal of British troops from China is regarded here as an indication that the Japanese are preparing to apply pressure while Britain is occupied elsewhere and that Britain is forestalling such a move by concentrating her forces in China in a strategic position.

The Canadians are slightly bewildered by the complicated Asiatic situation, while Government circles remain tightlipped on that subject.—Reuter.

AMERICAN REACTIONS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.

While recognising that some British troops in China, notably at Peking, perform no useful purpose, unofficial circles here feel that withdrawal from Shanghai places a somewhat unfair burden on American marines in maintaining peace and order in the International Settlement.

It is pointed out that British interests predominate in the Settlement from the viewpoint of general policy. Washington circles contend that anything capable of being interpreted as an appeasement gesture is ill-advised at the present time.—Reuter.

TIRADE AGAINST GREAT BRITAIN

TOKYO, Aug. 9.

A resolution strongly denouncing Great Britain was adopted at the initial meeting of a political group organised by 126 members of the Diet to "expedite the establishment of the new structure."

The resolution urges the Government to assume a strict attitude and take the most effective measures "to drive British influence out of East Asia.—Reuter.

Deported To Japan

TOKYO, Aug. 9.

One of the three Japanese Nationals arrested by the British authorities in Rangoon last Friday has been deported to Japan, says the Domei Agency which quotes a despatch to Tokyo from the Japanese Consul in Rangoon.

It adds that he was put on board a British steamer yesterday.—Reuter.

Japanese Bomb Chungking

CHUNGKING, Aug. 9.

Ninety Japanese aircraft, in three flights, bombed Chungking heavily and extensively this afternoon. The parts of the city on the South Bank of the Yangtzi River where the Foreign Embassies, Legations and Consulates are situated were among the places bombed.—Reuter.

DACCA TRAIN DISASTER

Another Injured Succumbs

CALCUTTA, Aug. 9.

One more injured in the Dacca Mail Train disaster on August 5, died in the Campbell Hospital today. This brings the total number of dead to 40.—A. P.

BRITAIN'S QUEST FOR SKILLED LABOUR

LONDON, August 9.

Hundreds of thousands of engineers, not at present on war production work, are called upon by Government under the Industrial Registration Order to register at Employment Exchanges.

By this means it is hoped to obtain the names of 300,000 skilled men who will be available for transfer to important Government work.—Reuter.

SIKANDAR & VICEROY'S CABINET

LAHORE, Aug. 9.

Enquiries made by the "United Press" in authoritative circles indicate that there is no truth in the press forecast of the Hon. Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, joining H. E. the Viceroy's enlarged Cabinet.

It appears that Sir Sikandar has yet received no hint of the kind, and even if an offer were made it is felt that it would be necessary for the Punjab Premier to consider if he could afford to relinquish his present responsibilities.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

FRENCH COLONY DEFIES PETAIN GOVT.

LONDON, Aug. 9.

The New Hebrides is the first part of the French Colonial Empire to range itself on the side of all Free Frenchmen under General de Gaulle. He has received at his London Headquarters a telegram from M. Sautot, the French Resident Commissioner of the New Hebrides reporting the solemn declaration of the administration to "range themselves proudly under your flag."

The view is expressed in London that though the New Hebrides is probably one of the smallest parts of the Empire, the declaration is of deep significance. It is also not without economic importance. —Reuter.

60 NAZI AIRCRAFT DESTROYED

LONDON, Aug. 9.

It is officially announced that sixty enemy aircraft were destroyed in yesterday's Dover battle. —Reuter.

DO IT WITH AMNESTY

Indian National Committee In London On Amery's Difficulties

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Any Indian settlement should be accompanied by a generous measure of amnesty, says the Secretary of the Indian National Committee, London. Mr. Amery is doing his utmost to meet Indian aspirations. He has difficulties, but perhaps developments in India will help him to go further in his aims.—Reuter.

KOLHAPUR PLEADER ARRESTED

(From Our Correspondent)

KOLHAPUR, Aug. 9.

Mr. Krishnaji Sakharam Marathe, pleader and Soukar, Kolhapur, was arrested last evening under Defence of India Act for alleged offence of anti-war talk at a Shahupuri shop.

Harijan Worker Arrested

LAHORE, August 8.

Thakur Waryam Singh, General Secretary of the Hoshiarpur District Congress Committee, who was arrested some time ago under the Defence of India Rules, has been sent to the Muzaffargarh Jail.

A Harijan worker of Lahore was arrested yesterday under Section 29 of the Telegraph Act.—United Press.

Nazis Control Patents Vital To America!

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.

The Federal Grand Jury has uncovered considerable evidence tending to show that patents vital to American war industries are controlled by Germany, stated Mr. Thurman Arnold, Assistant Attorney-General on his arrival here from Washington.—Reuter.

GERMANISATION OF STREET NAMES IN LUXEMBOURG

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Germany is renaming all streets in Luxembourg. A street which was formerly known as "Avenue of Liberty" is known as "Adolf Hitler's Street".—Reuter.

ULSTER BANS STRIKES

BELFAST, Aug. 9.

Mr. Gordon, Minister of Labour, has placed a ban on strikes and lockouts in Northern Ireland for the duration of the war. He has appointed a tribunal for the settlement of disputes.—Reuter.

NAZI BOMBER SHOT DOWN

7 Killed In Collapse Of Part Of Extension Of Large Factory

LONDON, Aug. 9.

A German bomber was shot down into the sea this morning after a fight with three spitfires off the north-east coast. A life boat picked up three of the crew in a rubber boat.

7 KILLED IN FACTORY EXTENSION COLLAPSE

Seven people are believed to have been killed and twelve injured when a part of the extension of a large factory fell in a north-west England town to-day. After the accident the building was surrounded by the factory's own members and home guard and later a military guard was posted.

NAZI BOMBING EXCURSIONS

An Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security communique says: "Last night enemy aircraft dropped isolated bombs near the Straits of Dover, Bristol Channel and North-West England, where several houses were damaged.

Five bombs are reported to have fallen in residential quarters in a Midland town, where one house was completely demolished and others severely damaged.

Reports from all these areas indicate that the number of casualties was few, but include several serious, some of which were fatal.

IN SOUTH-WEST ENGLAND

Later reports show that bombs also fell last night in south-western districts of England and there was some damage to property and some casualties, one of which was fatal.—Reuter.

Enemy Bomber Shot Down

LONDON, Aug. 9.

An Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security communique states that shortly before midday, a single enemy aircraft crossed the north-east coast of England and dropped a number of high explosive bombs. There were a number of casualties, one of which was fatal.

Anti-aircraft guns and R. A. F. fighters engaged the enemy bomber and shot it down into the sea. —Reuter.

Coal Workers' Union Official Arrested

GIRIDIH, August 9.

Mr. Bindeswari Singh, Secretary of the Coal Workers' Union and of the Hazaribagh District Kisan Sabha, was arrested here at the office of the Union under the Defence of India Act. He has been lodged in jail at Hazaribagh.

Another labour leader at Bermo was served with an order of externment by the Bihar Government to leave the province.—United Press.

Kisan Worker Jailed

PATNA, August 8.

Sagar Singh, a Kisan worker, who had been arrested at Masaurhi under the Defence of India Rules on a charge of having made propaganda against the forthcoming Census, was sentenced yesterday to six moths' rigorous imprisonment.—United Press.

Tilak Day Arrests At Ludhiana

LUDHIANA, Aug. 8.

Four workers of the Barnala Prajamandal have been arrested in connection with the observance of "Tilak Day".

The Secretary of the Punjab Riasti Prajamandal has sent telegrams to the Maharaja of Patiala and the District Magistrate and Superintendent of Police, Barnala, in connection with the arrests and seeking permission to interview the arrested persons.—United Press.

No Compulsory Levies

A. I. C. C. Asks Provinces To Report Cases Of Extortion Under Threats

ALLAHABAD, August 9.

The General Secretary of the Congress has forwarded to all the Provincial Congress Committees a copy of the resolution passed by the Working Committee at their last meeting at Poona dealing with compulsory levies.

In the course of a covering letter he adds that the resolution be translated into the language of the province and widely distributed in rural areas. He explains the resolution and asks the Provincial Congress Committee to report to the A. I. C. C. Office cases where threats and coercion have been resorted to by officials in the collection of funds for war purposes.—A. P.

Liberals' Test Of Britain's 'Bona Fides'

Concede Military Self-Govt. To India: Memorandum On National Defence

POONA, August 10.

A memorandum on Indian Defence was submitted to His Excellency the Viceroy on June 28 last as per resolution of the Council of the National Liberal Federation which met at Poona on June 23.

A deputation consisting of Dr. R. P. Paranjpye (Chairman), Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Mr. J. N. Basu, the Hon'ble Dr. H. N. Kunzru, the Hon'ble Mr. P. N. Sapru and Sir Cowasji Jehangir waited on His Excellency here to-day and elucidated the views of the Council on the defence question.

THE MEMORANDUM

Following are extracts from the memorandum of Liberal Federation:—

The question of defence occupies the foremost place among the problems engaging the attention of the public to-day. Always of great consequence, it is of crucial importance now. The preparedness of the country for self-defence is a matter of vital concern to Indians at this time. The Government's defence policy has so far been based on the assumption that if India were involved in a major war, Britain would come to her assistance. This assumption no longer holds true. We have now to depend very largely on ourselves for our protection. In fact one of the greater services that we can render to Britain at this time is to take the burden of defending India off her shoulders. The fulfilment of this task will only be possible under national leadership. The situation calls for an Indian Defence Minister and an Indian Government at the Centre. Only in this way can a policy based on the fullest trust in Indians be formulated and unreserved co-operation between the Government and the people secured. Delay in the establishment of such a Government may vitally injure the best interests of both India and England.

GRUDGING SUBMISSION.

The programme announced in His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's broadcast on the 31st May created deep dissatisfaction throughout the country. It was a grudging submission to the pressure of events. It indicated unwillingness on the part of Government to train Indians on a large scale to defend their country. The disaster that has befallen France has made them revise their ideas. It was announced the other day that the expansion of our armed forces to which the Commander-in-Chief referred was only the first stage in the fulfilment of a much larger scheme which the Government of India had in view. We do not, however, yet know the ultimate objective which Government are aiming at. Information on essential points has been withheld from us.

SECOND LINE NEEDED.

No country relies for its defence solely on its regular forces. The need for having a second line of defence is recognized everywhere. In the opinion of the Council of the National Liberal Federation of India, the altered conditions make it necessary that Government, abandoning old prejudices, should abolish the artificial distinction so long maintained between the so-called martial and non-martial classes, and take steps to provide military training for the ordinary citizen of a better type and on a much larger scale than that provided by the I. T. F. and to rouse enthusiasm

(Continued on page 7)

Fifteen Italian Fighters Destroyed Over Libya

CAIRO, August 9.

A communique reports that fifteen Italian fighters were destroyed over Libya in the biggest air battle here of the war so far.

British machines were outnumbered two to one.

Two British planes did not return to their bases. —Reuter.

BIGGEST AIR BATTLE OVER LIBYA

CAIRO, Aug. 9.

An R. A. F. "communique" announces "the biggest aerial battle over Libya". Fifteen Italian fighters were destroyed in the battle in which R. A. F. were outnumbered by two to one. Two British aircraft have failed to return. The battle occurred yesterday some distance on the west side of Omar.—Reuter.

It is stated authoritatively in London to-day that as far as is known, no Italian has crossed the Libyan frontier.—Reuter.

Raid On Sudan

To-day's "communique" states that in the western desert, Matruh was raided by one enemy aircraft causing no damage or casualties. All areas were very quiet. In Sudan, on August 7 slight damage was done by an enemy aircraft at Gebeit and a few civilians were slightly injured.—Reuter.

39 KILLED IN ROME EXPLOSION

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Berlin News Agency states that according to the latest reports from Rome, 39 persons were killed and 500 injured in an explosion in a Munitions factory at Piacenza.

The factory building was completely destroyed.—Reuter.

MASTERY OF SEAS TELLS

Italians Can't Menace Aden And Route To India From British Somaliland

LONDON, Aug. 9.

With reference to German and Italian claims on the effect of Italian advance into the British Somaliland, Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent says:

"Authoritative circles in London point out that even if the Italians succeeded in occupying the whole of the protectorate, it would not imperil in any way the Suez Canal or the Route to India as the Italians have not command of the seas.

It is added that as long as Britain maintains the command of the Red Sea, Italians in Somaliland will still be isolated from Italy and cut off from supplies by the British blockade. The capture of Berbera would neither threaten Aden nor close the Red Sea.

The navy is capable of continuing the blockade of Italians in Abyssinia and the Protectorate even if the latter is over-run by Italian forces.

Quite apart from this, it is stated in military circles that there is no intention of abandoning the British Somaliland.—Reuter.

THE REPUBLIC WILL RISE AGAIN

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Dr. Benes who arrived by air at a training command in Midlands, inspected Czech forces including several hundred who were training in Bordeaux when France capitulated.

Dr. Benes declared: "This is the first hopeful turning point in the history of the Czechoslovak Republic, since Munich. Now that we have started to rise again, I have complete confidence that the Republic will be restored as a strong, free, democratic, happy State even better than before."—Reuter.

U.S. Govt. Faces Huge Deficit

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.

Owing to increased defence expenditure, the United States now faces Government expenditure of 12,000 million dollars for the fiscal year ending 30/4, 1941.

The deficit is estimated at 5,791 million.

Mr. Morgenthau gave the above figures to the Congress Committee.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Introductions for Matrimony, Penfriendship, Trade, other 431 hobbies arranged. India, Abroad. Members; 9,354 (Both). Mrs. Shaabdane, Secretary, Globe introduction League, Nizamshahi Road, Hyderabad Deccan. (13520)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Student Actors, Actresses, Sound Engineers and Cameramen for film under production. Very bright future. No previous experience necessary. Come on the screen in our next picture. Training given by well-known studio of Bombay. Moderate Fees. Fully Illustrated Prospectus Free. Cine-Technic Institute, Mazagaon, Bombay 10. (13532)

Wanted a Secretary for mofussil having experience of administrative and political work, good grasping power in drafting, well qualified. Apply stating age, previous experience and terms acceptable to Box No. 3117, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted 6 Graduates, 8 Clerks, 4 Sub-Overseers, 4 Doctors and 8 Engineers to apply No. 13518, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Managers (Senior, Junior), Cash Clerks (Senior, Junior) for Bombay Presidency. Pay 75—15—300, 50—10—200, 35—7—150, 25—5—100. Cash deposits 1,000, 500, 250, 100. Apply with two annas stamps. Federal India Joint Stock Companies Corporation, Muslim Park, Lahore. 13525

M.T.B. College, Surat:—Applications are invited for the post of a Lecturer in French. M.A.s with French will be preferred. The appointment will be up to 10th October, in the first instance. May be continued if found necessary. Apply immediately with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary to the Principal. (3118)

Ladies and Gents to represent our concern on decent salary. "Lily Fabrics" (India) Ludhiana. (13519)

Wanted Physical Trained Instructor for big Bombay School knowing Hindi preferred. Good salary. Apply: Federal Co., Educational Agents, 39, Forbes St. (13527)

Five Typing Clerks, three Storekeepers for Surat, Poona, Ahmedabad. Salary 30 to 50 with increment Box No. 1352C, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a competent Surveyor, apply personally B. A. Wadia, L.C.E. Western India House, Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort. (13136)

Wanted a fully qualified B.P.N.A. Nurse for Parekh Hospital on schedule pay of Rs. 50-1-60 plus Rs. 10|- house rent and a Qualified Midwife for L. M. Home on pay of Rs. 40-1-60 free quarters. Apply before 20-8-40 to Chief Officer, Municipal Office, Surat. (3125)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Parsi youth (19) with amateur experience wishes to join acting line in local film company. Box No. 13509, "Bombay Chronicle."

A young experienced graduate seeks tuitions from boys up to Matriculation standard. Apply Box 13524, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET

For Hindoos Govalia-Tank, Boyce House behind Mahavirvidyalaya. 3rd, 4th, floors, seven four Rooms. Phone: 42292. (13537)

Gamdevi, Dalal House, Airy, commodious ground-floor, hall, dining, four big bed rooms, kitchen, all modern conveniences. Any community. (13533)

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

Half of basement equipped with electric fittings and admeasuring 2,400 sq. ft. in Kaiser-i-Hind Building at Ballard Estate, is to let immediately. Best suitable for office, Press or Godown. Apply Box No. 13528, "Bombay Chronicle."

115 MOTOR CYCLES.

For immediate sale a 3 1|2 H. P. "Royal Enfield Bullet" in excellent condition. Also a brand new Raleigh Cycle. Apply to or see personally Mr. Palamkote, King Edward Hospital quarters, Parel between 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. (13504)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Recruitments to Government Telegraphs and Postal Services Examinations. Special Telegraph Class commences 10th August, completes—20th October. Candidates for "Telegraphy"—join at once or apply before 15th August with two annas postage. Gujarat Telegraph College, Umreth. (13531)

174. BOOKS

Read—"Short Story" Magazine, August issue. Price two annas. Agents wanted everywhere. Office Address: Bombay No. 19. (13530)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis treated radically. External application reduces size and pain at once. No operation. Many sufferers benefited. Rs. 2. Kaviraj Shastri, Kanchrapara, Bengal. (13453)

Lost Youth regained. Unique preparation in the market. Kola for regaining lost energy and for all bodily complaints such as constipation and nervous breakdown. Kola contains costly ingredients and is rich nourishing and health giving Tonic. Price Rs. 2|8|- Poma Agency, Post Box 3046, Bombay. 3. (13503)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

People wishing to learn motor-driving in fortnight. Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13535, "Bombay Chronicle."

468. FRUITS & VEGETABLES

The First Prize Winners. The most popular Kulu Apples and Pears, a selection, now in full bearing. Available 11 lbs. basket by post Rs. 5|8 by rail 8, 14, 20, 30, 40 for Rs. 3|6, 6|4, 8|4, 11|4 and 14|4, respectively all inclusive. Tels: "Garh Estate Bajaura", Superintendent, Kulu Fruit Gardens, Bajaura. (Kulu, Punjab.) (13522)

POSTAGE STAMPS & OLD COINS

Stamps bought, sold, & exchanged. Send 100 best duplicates & receive mine. Harilal Banker, Wadhwan Camp. (13495)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Cheap Ready Sale—Six film stories, including religious powerful plots, happy endings in Gujarati with short heads. Box No. 13510, Bombay Chronicle."

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

In handwriting cases consult Charles Hardless, senior, India's First Handwriting Expert Address Meerut. (13447)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Lecturer in Physics, Higher Mathematics and Technical Subjects in the F. S. Parekh Technical Institute, Surat on a scale of Rs. 75-5-125 P.M.

The post is permanent and pensionable. The candidate selected will be on probation for one year.

The candidate should be a First Class Diploma Holder or a Graduate in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering. Practical and teaching experience will be deemed an additional qualification.

Applications stating caste, age and languages known should be addressed to the undersigned so as to reach him on or before 30-8-40 with the copies of certificates and testimonials and a detailed record of marks obtained in the various examinations passed by him.

B. B. MALIA,
Chief Officer,
Surat Borough Municipality,
Surat.
(3133)

NOTICE.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,
Bombay, the 12th July, 1940.

The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India will be held at the Local Head Office of the Bank, Apollo Street, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 19th August, 1940, at 4 P. M. (Standard Time) for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive the Central Board's Report, the Balance Sheet of the Bank made up to the 30th June, 1940, and the Report of the Auditors.
2. To elect three Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

W. LAMOND,
Managing Director.
(3066)

HIGH COURT, BOMBAY

FOR SALE

COTTON GINNING AND PRESSING FACTORIES.

THE NEW BERAR CO., LTD.
(in liquidation).

The Official Liquidator of the abovenamed Company invites offers for purchase of the following factories:—

Offerors are required to send in their offers separately in respect of each factory in a sealed cover to the undersigned so as to reach him by 20th August, 1940.

The Official Liquidator does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer. The Offer, if accepted, will be subject to the sanction of the Bombay High Court.

Offerors will have to pay 25 per cent., of the price offered immediately on acceptance, and the balance of 75 per cent., shall be paid within one month from the date of acceptance.

For further particulars, please write to the undersigned or to the Agent, New Berar Co., Ltd. (in liquidation) at the respective factories. The factories are open for inspection.

CENTRAL PROVINCES & BERAR
AKOT. (Berar) One Pressing Factory.
AMRAOTI (Berar) Two Ginning & One Pressing Factories.
KHAMGAON (Berar) Two Ginning & One Pressing Factories.
UMERKHED (Berar) One Pressing Factory.
BIJAPUR (M.S.M. Rly.) One Ginning & One Pressing Factory.

Dated this 31st day of July, 1940.

B. K. DESAI,
Official Liquidator.
Manekjee Wadia Building,
125, Esplanade Rd., Fort, Bombay.
3035.

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY NOTICE.

ALTERATION IN WHARFAGE RULES AT KIRKEE

WITH EFFECT from 12TH AUGUST, 1940, the following will be the revised rules at Kirkee:—

(a) When goods of every description are available for delivery before 17 o'clock at Kirkee, a wharfage charge, at the rate of 2 pies per maund or part of a maund per day or part of a day, will be made if the goods are not removed from the Railway premises before closing time on the following day.

(b) When goods are not available for delivery until after 17 o'clock at Kirkee, they must be removed before closing time on the day after the following day, or wharfage charges at the rate given in clause (a) will be made.

EXAMPLE.—Goods ready for delivery before 17 o'clock on Monday at Kirkee must be cleared before closing time on Tuesday, but if they are not available until after 17 o'clock on Monday at Kirkee, they can be cleared free of wharfage at any time before closing time on Wednesday.

(c) When goods requiring to be unloaded by owners are left on the Railway premises after unloading beyond the time allowed free by this para, wharfage at the rate given in clause (a) is charged in addition to any demurrage which has accrued, the period for the calculation of wharfage being reckoned from the time the wagons are placed in position for unloading, but in no case can demurrage and wharfage be charged together for the same period.

(3136)

COORG FOREST DEPARTMENT.
Sandalwood Sale Notice
Mercara, the 3rd August 1940

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of about 65 tons of cleaned sandalwood of different classes available in the sandal Koti at Fraserpet. Tenders should be sent so as to reach the Chief Forest Officer, Coorg, on or before the 26TH AUGUST, 1940 BY 12 NOON. For further particulars please apply to the Chief Forest Officer, Coorg, Mercara. 3134

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of boots for a period of one year ending 23rd August, 1941. Tenders should be superscribed as "Tender for the supply of Boots" and forwarded with samples to the undersigned by the evening of the 19th August. Further particulars, if required can be obtained from Head Police Office, Bombay No. 1.

N. M. KAMTE,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
Head Office.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 8th August, 1940.
(3139)

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Wanted an *Agricultural Engineer to Government, Bombay Province.* Qualifications:—Candidates should ordinarily possess an Honours Degree in Agricultural Engineering, or Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, of a recognised Indian, British or American University *or* A.M.I. Mech. E. (London), *or* Certificate of Proficiency of the First Class as an Engineer under the Bombay Boiler Rules, 1924, or equivalent qualifications. Candidates should also have received *training* in workshop organisation and management, designing and manufacture or agricultural implements and machinery and their installation, and have capacity for organisation, and should have administrative experience and sufficient practical experience in boring, mechanical cultivation, erection of machinery and constructional works. Those who do not possess an Honours degree in Agricultural, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, or the A.M.I. Mech. E. (London), or Certificate of Proficiency of the First Class as an Engineer under the Bombay Boiler Rules, 1924, or an equivalent qualification, but who have sufficient practical experience in boring, erection of machinery, electrical engineering and constructional works, may also be considered, provided they are otherwise qualified. Pay: Rs. 300—20—420—E. B.—30—660—E. B.—40—900, and Rs. 250 p.m. during the period of probation, and Rs. 150 p.m. during the period of training for 3 months. Age:—Not more than 45 years on 1st October 1940, subject to relaxation in case of Government servants. Full particulars should be obtained from the Secretary to the Commission, P. W. D. Secretariat, Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications in the prescribed printed form (which will be supplied on receipt of an addressed envelope with two-anna postage stamp affixed to it and rupee one *only in cash* or a *crossed Indian Postal Order* in favour of "The Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission."): *7th September 1940.*
3129

In the matter of THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913 and of THE PENINSULAR TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED. (In Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE TO MEMBERS AND CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to Section 209 G (1) of The Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 a meeting of the Shareholders and Creditors of the above named Company will be held at the Office of the Company's Auditors Messrs. A. S. Madon & Company, Mahendra Mansions, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay on WEDNESDAY, the 28th August, 1940, at 4 P.M. (S. T.) to receive the Liquidator's statement of account and particulars with respect to the proceedings in and position of the winding up.

Bombay dated 10th August, 1940.

B. P. DAVE.
Liquidator.
13529

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 213 of 1939

RUSTOMJI EDULJI PAPA ..... Plaintiff.
Vs.
YESHWANTRAO VINAYAKRAO GIDH CHHAPWALE & others. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 12th March, 1940, the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction in two lots by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Wednesday, 28th August, 1940, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS.

LOT No. I.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece of land with tenements or dwelling house, stable at Bandra Hill Road, admeasuring 1194 square yards bearing Survey No. 8 Danda non-agricultural Bombay Suburban District and Bandra Municipal Nos. 124, 124A.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of land being plot No. 2A in the Society's Estate plan marked No. 1 at Danda in the Bombay Suburban District. containing by admeasurement 201.16 square yards. (N.B. The Salsette Catholic Co-operative Society Ltd.).

LOT NO. 2

All that piece of pension and Tax land redeemed with messuages or dwelling house thereon at Mootar Gulley, Sheik Memon Street, near Mumbadevi in Bombay, admeasuring 38 square yards bearing Laughton's Survey No. 1426, Collector's New No. 895 and Cadastral Survey No. 1464 Bhuleshwar Division Municipal 'C' Ward No. 304, Street No. 18.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. R. E. PAPA & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 41, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 24th day of June, 1940.

ARMOND F. SEQUEIRA,
Offg. Commissioner.
(3073)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

LOST OF PORT TRUST BOND WARRANT

No. 1960 of 30-5-40 for 10 bales COTTON WHITE YARN Marked M K 18156 K 2906|15 Bond No. 1166 of 24-5-40 stored at "D" Warehouse Victoria Docks standing in the name of the YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED and endorsed in our favour.

Application for DUPLICATE will be made to Port Trust after seven days.

MATAICHI KABUSHIKI-KAISHA.
(13534)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 825 OF 1935

VITHALRAO SHIVLINGOO ALKONDE .. Plaintiffs.
Versus.
VENKAT LIBAJI KODAL & anr. .. Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 23rd July, 1936, the following immovable properties, situate at Thal in the Alibag Taluka will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, 19th August, 1940, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRSTLY—All that piece of garden land, known as Taki Baug at Thal in Taluka Alibag, bearing Survey No. 236, Hissa No. 1 and 2, admeasuring 5 Acres and 33 gunthas and assessed at Rs. 69|- with two bungalows thereon and the other bungalow used as a barn and as a dwelling house and the shed forming the servants' quarters and store room.

SECONDLY—All that piece of garden land situate at Thal in Taluka Alibag District Kolaba, bearing Survey No. 245 Hissa No. 1|1, admeasuring 1 acre and 25¼ gunthas and assessed at Rs. 16-4-0.

THIRDLY—All that piece of land known as Bhatji Baug at Thal in Taluka Alibag District Kolaba, bearing Survey Nos. 208, 209 and 226 Hissa Nos. 1, 1 and 1 admeasuring 10 acres and 9 gunthas and assessed at Rs. 118|-

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. SOLOMON & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiff, abovenamed at Spinner Building, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 2nd day of July, 1940.

(Sd.) ARMOND F. SEQUEIRA,
Offg. Commissioner.
(3131)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 583 OF 1938.

Messrs. KALURAM BRIJMOHAN, a firm .. Plaintiffs.
vs.
DWARKAPRASAD, son of Kedarmal and others . Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 15th June, 1939, and Judge's Order, dated 15th April, 1940, the following immovable properties situate in Moholla Katra Ratanpura Chapra District Saran will be sold by Public Auction in one lot by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on TUESDAY, 20th August, 1940, at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

FIRSTLY—One two storeyed Pucca House with Garden No. 122, Ward No. 19, Circle No. 3, Area about four Cuttah.

SECONDLY—One two storeyed Pucca House with Garden No. 157, Ward No. 18, Circle No. 3, Area about three Cuttah.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. MADHAVPRASAD & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Yusuf Building, 4th Floor, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1940.

ARMOND F. SEQUEIRA,
Offg. Commissioner.
(3121)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 1765 of 1938.

RAMKUMAR SHRINIVAS and Others. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
DR. VALENTINE A. M. PEREIRA and Anr. .. Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 30th August, 1939, and Judge's Order, dated 8th March, 1940, the following immovable properties, situate at Village Papdi, Mowje Dhowali, Taluka Bassein, District Thana, will be sold in one lot by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on FRIDAY, 16th August, 1940, at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—ALL those pieces of land together with structures and wells, etc., thereon bearing House No. 1129A of the Bassein Municipality, admeasuring 50 square yards or thereabouts, and bearing Nondh and City Survey No. 2810.

SECONDLY:—ALL those pieces of land together with the structures and wells, etc., bearing House No. 1129, admeasuring 3176 square yards or thereabouts, and bearing Nondh and City Survey No. 2811.

THIRDLY:—ALL that piece of land together with the structure, etc., thereon, admeasuring 64 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Nondh and C. S. No. 2803.

FOURTHLY:—ALL that piece of land together with the buildings, structures, outhouses, wells, etc., thereon, admeasuring about 840 square yards or thereabouts and bearing House No. 1134, and bearing the Nondh and City Survey No. 2889.

FIFTHLY:—ALL that Bagayatwady known as Bhobhalbhat together with the wells, stables, Farmhouses and other structures, fields tanks, including trees, shrubs, wells, bearing Survey No. 13 total 3 Acres and 1|4 Gunthas or thereabouts, area 14550 square yards or thereabouts.

SIXTHLY:—ALL that piece of Bagayatwady together with the wells, stables, tanks, Farm-houses and other structures, fields and tanks, etc., bearing Survey No. 14, pot Hissa No. 2, Area 15 1|4 Gunthas, Kharaba, 1|2 Gunthas or thereabouts bearing the Nondh and City Survey No. 2914.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. MOTICHAND AND DEVIDAS, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 31, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1940.

ARMOUND F. SEQUERA,
Offg. Commissioner.
(3123)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of DINBAI NANABHAI CHICHGAR alias DINBAI NANABHOY CHICHGUR alias DINBAI NANABHOY CHICHGAR, late of Bombay Parsi inhabitant, resided at Motiwalla Mansion Gowalia Tank Road, outside the Fort of Bombay.

ARDESHIR MANEKJI MASANI, of Bombay Parsi inhabitant, a Barrister, residing at Essoof Mansion, N. 18, Altamont Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir John William Fisher Beaumont, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 7th day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty and in the fourth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master,

TAHIR ALI,

The 7th day of August, 1940.

Messrs. ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & Co.
Petitioner's Attorneys.
(3132)

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PARALYSIS OIL
FOR PARALYSIS, NERVOUS, WEAKNESS & ALL RHEUMATIC AFFECTIONS
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UNDER
A LUCKY STAR?
NOTED ASTROLOGER ANALYSES YOUR PLANETS SHOWING HOW THEY INFLUENCE YOUR HEALTH, HOME, MONEY, MARRIAGE, PROFESSION
10,000 FREE
HOROSCOPES
Simply send exact time (if known) and place and date of your Birth and I will send you free 8 PAGES analysis of your Horoscope including the influence of a dominant Planet over your life during the NEXT TWO YEARS. If you write at once I will also include FREE A LARGE OCCULT CATALOGUE.

PROFESSOR SEKHAR
B.A. (Wash.), M.I.B.M. (U.S.A.),
THE GREAT MESMERIST & ZAMINDAR,
ELLORE (W.G. Dt.)

RODOFEN
Highly Concentrated Dental Cream

FOR
STRONG, SPARKLING SET OF TEETH
Free from Inert Loading or any harmful materials
BENGAL CHEMICAL
CALCUTTA : BOMBAY.
Agents:—
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY.
Princess Street, Bombay 2.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD
HEAD OFFICE APOLLO STREET, FORT BOMBAY.
BRANCHES:
1. COTTON EXCHANGE BLDG. KALBADEVI RD., BOMBAY
2. KATHA BAZAR, MANDVI BOMBAY.
3. RAJKOT (CIVIL STATION)
BUY
DEFENCE LOANS
AND
PROTECT YOURSELF
Terms on Application.
Mr. M. S. CAPTAIN, (Chairman).
Capital Paid Up ..... Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 8,75,000
Dividend Equalisation Fund ..... Rs. 60,000
Deposits on 31-12-'39: Rs. 1,44,00,000
Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at 1 PER CENT., per annum on daily balances upto Rupees one lakh.
Fixed Deposits for LONG and SHORT periods received on favourable terms.
Savings Bank Accounts Interest allowed at 1 1/2 PER CENT. per annum on minimum monthly balances upto Rs. 10,000 withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.
Advances made on approved securities.
All kinds of Banking business transacted.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT.
Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi Road. Annual Rent Rs. 4 only.
B. M. BHARGAVA
Secretary.

On The Air

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Indian music. 8 Keep fit! 8-10 to 8-40 As in Delhi 2. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 2.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12 noon to 12-57 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
51.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 p.m. Indian music. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Indian music. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 A variety programme. 7 to 7-30 As in Delhi 2. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Indian music. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 to 9 As in Delhi 2. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-50 to 10-30 As in Delhi 2.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Sham Ke Rag. 5-20 Jaitsiri on the sitar. 5-30 Mahboob Jan. 5-45 Vilayat Khan. 6-15 Tirwan. 6-25 Benazir Bai. 6-45 Preet ke geet. 7 Krishnarao Shankar Pandit. 7-20 Mahboob Jan. 7-30 Vilayat Khan. 7-45 March of time. 8 R. R. Chowdhury. 8-15 For villagers only. 10 It has happened or Multani Kafi on the Clarionet. 10-5 Saturday night concert. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 Malgunji on the Surbahar. 8-25 R. R. Chowdhury. 8-40 Krishnarao Shankar Pandit. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Mahboob Jan. 9-50 Benazir Bai. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 Cabbages and Kings. 10-45 Geets, grave and gay.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)
(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time)

5 p.m. Football relay. 6-5 Ashalata Roy. 6-30 Hemen Das Gupta. 6-40 Bhowani Das. 7 K. Mallick. 7-15 Rash Behari Sarkar. 7-35 K. Mallick. 7-45 Dad is worried. 8 Tulsidas. 9 Gracia Duveck. 10 Dance music.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22 45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17 40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

(ARRIVALS AT AND DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL FROM JULY 1.)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	*(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-0

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Bombay: August 9.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

We have had another week of very small markets in America. Fluctuations have again been within narrow limits and since we last wrote the nett change in values has been negligible. The first important Bureau Report of the season was issued yesterday when it was announced that the condition of the crop as on 1st August was 72 per cent, indicating a probable crop of 11,429,000 bales, which would mean a yield per acre of 222.3 lbs. These figures were about in line with general expectation and had little effect on prices. During the remainder of the crop reporting period, Bureau reports are unlikely to have much market influence unless there should be a sudden drop in crop ideas. A crop of yesterday's indication should be taken care of by consumption in America and the smaller expected exports. In fact it is possible that before another season is completed more cotton might have to be withdrawn from the Loan. But no appreciable advance is likely unless prospects should so change that large quantities would have to be withdrawn from the Loan. A floor to the market is likely to be created when the Loan level for the present season is announced, as it is expected to be within the next week or so.

EGYPTIAN CROP

An announcement of importance which was made this week was the result of the negotiations which have been taking place between the Egyptian and British Governments. It has been arranged that the latter will be responsible for the taking up of any of this season's crop which cannot be marketed in a normal manner. This means an assurance of a reasonable price to the grower in Egypt and the decision has been received with great satisfaction in that country. The cotton trading community will not welcome the entry of the British Government into the cotton market but War conditions must lead to unusual decisions.

The Bombay market has been quiet and steady in turn but over the week there has been little nett change in values. On the whole the undertone has been steady. More export permits have been received from the Far East and larger quantities of freight space are in prospect. In the Futures market speculation has been small and in the Spot market there has been a small but steady demand from both Exporters and Mill consumers. Basis continues steady and good quality cotton of many descriptions is difficult to find. Good quality Bengals are now practically exhausted and the supply of average quality Oomra cotton also is steadily declining. There has been a moderate demand for Broach styles.

Should the recent offer of the British Government made through the Viceroy two days ago, be acceptable to the leading political parties in India, it is believed a better tone will develop in the cotton market. Should this result and there was an increase in speculative or actual demand for cotton, a scarcity of contracts could easily develop in the Bombay market, as the number of legitimate floating hedges is definitely small. Taking everything into consideration we prefer a moderately long position in the local market.

American Cotton Markets Await Loan Announcement

BUREAU REPORT SLIGHTLY ABOVE EXPECTATION

Trade Covering Meets Southern Selling

BOMBAY, August 9.

THE FIRST BUREAU REPORT ON THE PRODUCTION OF AMERICAN COTTON CROP WAS AS UNDER:—

PRODUCTION	11,429,000 BALES
CONDITION	72 PER CENT.
YIELD PER ACRE	222.3 LBS.
GINNINGS	31,966 BALES.

Bombay: August 9.

These figures were almost the same as last year and failed to have any effect on the course of prices.

Comparative figures were as under:—

	1940/41	1939/40	1938/39	1937/38
Condition	72.0	74.0	78.0	81.3
Yield	222.3	223.7	217.9	223.3
Production	11,429,000	11,412,000	11,988,000	15,593,000
Ginned to 1st Aug.	31,966	137,000	158,000	143,000

The market entirely depends upon loan announcement which is expected in a day or two and an increase of 40 pts over last year is expected.

In the meanwhile favourable weather over the American Cotton Belt is helping the progress of the crop and hedge selling is likely to increase.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady and prices registered a sharp rise before the Bureau report on trade covering, spot house and Liverpool buying. The report being colourless, there appeared increased hedge selling and prices declined a few points from the high level. Later on the market was steady awaiting Loan announcement.

At the opening October was quoted 8 pts up at 9.40 and with increased buying advanced to 9.48, which was the highest level. At this level there was Southern hedge selling and October declined to 9.35 which was the lowest level. Prices again improved 6 pts and the session closed at a net rise of 9 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 6 pts at 10.28c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady with improved buying and closed at a rise of 11 to 13 pts. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 10.20c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a decline of 2 pts with October 7.25. Prices advanced on trade covering but later quietened down on professional realising. The market closed at a net rise of 3 points for near months but distants closed one point down. Middling American spot cotton prices closed one point down at 7.83.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton was firm on fixation of new minimum prices. There was increased buying at the start and the session closed at a rise of 21 to 23 pts for Uppers and Giza futures closed 34 to 15 pts up.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 9.48+16 (10-58 a.m.); lowest 9.35+03 (12-40 p.m.)

Liverpool October highest 7.32+05; lowest 7.25—02.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Crop estimate about as expected but market depends upon loan price, which is expected to be announced this weekend and about 40 points higher than 1939.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: August 8.

October	9.41+09
December	9.31+10
January	9.20+10
March	9.11+09
May	8.91+09
July	8.71+12
Middling Spot	10.28+06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York: August 8.

October	9.45+11
December	9.35+12
January	9.23+13
Middling Spot	10.20

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: August 8.

	11 a.m	Ranges.	Noon	Call.
October	9.48			9.43
December	9.37			9.34
March	9.15			9.13

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York: August 8.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	8,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	Nil.
Day's exports to China & Japan	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool: August 8.

August	7.50+02
September	7.39+03
October	7.30+03
November	7.21+03
December	7.11+02
January	7.05+02
February	7.01+02
March	6.97+01
April	6.92
May	6.88
June	6.83—01
July	6.79—01
August	6.75—01
Middling Spot	7.83—01

11 a.m. QUOTATIONS

October	7.26
January	7.02

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 2nd August, 1940.

1. Demand Liabilities:	
(a) In India	148,03,67,000
(b) In Burma	7,57,79,000
2. Time Liabilities:	
(a) In India	102,03,42,000
(b) In Burma	3,62,89,000
3. Cash:	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	
(a) In India	6,16,09,000
(b) In Burma	1,47,000
(ii) Burma Notes:	
(a) In India	31,000
(b) In Burma	40,25,000
(iii) Rupee Coin:	
(a) In India	1,06,88,000
(b) In Burma	1,13,000
(iv) Subsidiary Coin:	
(a) In India	36,57,000
(b) In Burma	54,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	28,49,56,000
5. Advances:	
(a) In India	123,64,43,000
(b) In Burma	4,29,35,000
6. Bills Discounted:	
(a) India	2,66,82,000
(b) In Burma	9,47,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In thousand Rupees)

	2-8-1940	26-7-1940	4-8-1939	1-9-1939
1. Demand Liabilities in India and Burma	155,61,46	153,47,83	142,33,98	141,39,78
	(7,57,79)	(7,53,97)	(7,19,69)	(7,03,29)
2. Time Liabilities in India and Burma	105,66,31	105,60,16	106,86,50	106,46,46
	(3,62,89)	(3,63,05)	(4,24,23)	(4,22,12)
3. Total cash in India and Burma	8,03,24	8,30,45	7,11,64	7,29,82
	(43,39)	(48,13)	(49,79)	(50,37)
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	28,49,56	31,64,41	23,44,08	25,27,75
5. Advances in India and Burma	127,93,78	130,00,86	108,38,24	105,65,03
	(4,29,35)	(4,10,45)	(3,93,30)	(4,12,92)
6. Bills discounted in India and Burma	2,76,29	3,16,84	4,60,53	3,86,74
	(9,47)	(9,80)	(25,61)	(29,45)

(Burma figures are shown in brackets)

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS

Bombay, Aug 9

200 tons scrap iron Faiz and Co; 100 tons scrap iron J M Sayani; 1210 bags linseeds bold Bachraj Factories Ltd; 1185 bags linseeds bold The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 400 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan and Co Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton G Dossa and Co; 168 bags cellery seeds D Abraham and Sons; 200 bales raw cotton C Jethabhai Co; 579 bales raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 100 bales raw cotton Vasanjee Morarjee; 140 bags isubgul husks The Fazalbhai Ibrahim and Co Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 1600 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 400 bales raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 100 bags gum E Vallimahomed and Co; 63 cases brassware The India Merchandise Co Ltd; 700 bales raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 200 bales raw cotton K Vishram and Sons; 400 bales raw cotton Cotton Export and Import Ltd; 150 bales raw cotton B Shah and Co; 300 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

IMPORTS

175 cases slate pencils; 66 cases biscuits; 159 cases cigarettes; 37 cases bobbins; 36 cases shuttles; 26 cases leather cloth; 46 cases crown corks; 25 cases shoe tacks; 38 cases galvd roofing screws; 207 cases safety cartridges; 40 cases tip nails; 946 cases whisky; 147 cases metal polish; 58 cases dettal liquid antiseptic; 291 cases ctn pcegoods; 60 cases confectionery; 50 cases table salt; 32 cases figured glass; 595 cases stl rail keys; 100 bags empty glass bottles; 1000 d/bags nails; 45 cases tissue paper; 1160 bundles stl strips; 775 bundles stl hoops; 156 bundles stl bars; 650 single stl bars; 56 bundles toilet soap; 457 cts tiles; 800 lse asbestos cement pipes; 588 lse pneum m/car outer covers; 118 cases empty cartons; 148 d/bags stl wire; 12861 drums chemicals; 2030 boxes tin plates; 25 bundles copper sheets; 79 pkgs glazed packing paper; 227 pcs sau earthenware; 81 ctns elect fans; 188 bundles steel springs; 855 pkgs paints and dyes; 543 pkgs machinery and parts; 83 cases window glass; 100 lse c i cisterns; 40 cases cycles and parts; 36 cts batteries; 62 lse c i piston pipes; 1061 bundles tubes; 48 single tubes; 32 bales cotton fents.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: August 9.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02-1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and free sterling was quoted at 3.89 3/4 at New York.

London Spot Silver was unchanged at 23-1/2d and forward quotation was reduced 1/8d at 22 13/16d. Cash was supported by Bear covering while speculators sold forward. Business was limited.

New York spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 5/8. London Bombay spot parity was Rs. 61/10/3 and forward parity was Rs. 60/1/6. The local market was quiet today with scattered selling and Silver declined to Rs. 62/15 while Gold was quiet at Rs. 41/11/3. Business was restricted.

Quotations were as under:—

	GOLD	SILVER
Ready	Rs. 41 11 3	63 5 0
Shrawan	Rs. 41 11 3	63 4 0

Sovereigns Rs. 28/3/3.

LONDON SILVER
London: August 8.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	22 13/16

LONDON GOLD
London: August 8.

Gold Bars Fine per Oz.	£8/8/0

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay: August 9.

The local market was very quiet to-day and under tired selling influenced by weakness in cotton, prices ruled easy. There was absence of any important buying. Quotations were as under:—

	Rs.as.ps.
Linseed September	5 3 0
Linseed May	5 10 3
Wheat September	3 15 3
Wheat January	4 0 9
Wheat May	4 1 6

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay: August 9.

	Rs.as.ps.
Castorseeds September—	
Opening	36 2 0
Highest	37 0 0
Lowest	36 2 0
Closing	37 0 0
Groundnuts August—	
Opening	27 8 0
Highest	27 8 0
Lowest	26 8 0
Closing	26 14 0
Cottonseeds September—	
Opening	25 15 0
Highest	26 0 0
Lowest	25 4 0
Closing	25 6 0
Groundnuts February—	
Opening	30 6 0
Highest	30 6 0
Lowest	29 10 6
Closing	29 15 6
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	37 2 0
Highest	37 2 0
Lowest	36 4 0
Closing	36 4 0
Cottonseeds January—	
Opening	22 9 6
Highest	22 9 6
Lowest	22 4 0
Closing	22 6 0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: August 9.

Price movements kept narrow on the Exchange and Steel shares presented a firm tone. Tata Deferreds opened at 1796/4 and after touching 1802/8, declined to 1792/8, quoting finally at 1797/8. The Ordinaries opened at 344 and noted transactions up to 345, closing later at 344/8. Bombay Dyeings kept unchanged at 905.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1795) 1796/4 1802/8 1792/8 1797/8

Tata Ordinaries (343/8) 344 345 344 344/12 344/8.

Tata Ordinary 344/8, Tata Deferred 1797/8, Indian Iron 26/2, Bombay Dyeing 905, Century 258/12, Central India 250, Kohinoor 342/8 Associated Cement 113, Bombay Burma 528/12, Scindia Steam 18/13, Tata Hydro 163/8, Reserve Bank 101/8, Imperial Bank F P 1475, Central Bank 35/4, Bank of India 135/8, 3 1/2 per cent Paper 90/4.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: August 9.

In sympathy with a rise of 9 pts in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 196 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 195/8 and declined to Rs. 193/12 on general liquidation. The local market was looking for a bullish Bureau report, but it was a disappointment to recent buyers and naturally there was some tired liquidation. Later on the market was quietly steady at Rs. 194/4. Business was restricted.

There was a marked absence of any support and under persistent selling prices declined to Rs. 192. Liverpool opened one point up and in the local market Broach stood at Rs. 192/8. The market was easy and closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach	July/August	Rs. 175/12
F G M G Broach	April/May	Rs. 192/8
Fine M G Oomra	Dec/Jany.	Rs. 169/12
F G M G Bengal	Dec/Jany.	Rs. 136/0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay: August 9.

	To-day.	Total
Broach	150	33,400

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: August 9.

	Rs.as.ps.
Bengal Fine	139/42
C. P. 1	179/82
C. P. 2	171/72
Berar	170/72
Khandesh	168/70
Jalna/Sailu	168/70
Ahmednagar	168/70
Broach	179/81

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: August 9.

Wheat September	0 2 6
Wheat January	0 8 0
Wheat May	0 10 6
Groundnuts Febry.	4 12 0
Castorseeds September	2 8 0
Cottonseeds September	1 0 0
Cottonseeds January	2 8 0
Silver Shrawan	1 0 0
Silver Bhadarwa	2 1 0
Gold Shrawan	0 5 0
Gold Bhadarwa	0 14 0

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 236 penny points at Exch 1/5

Broach A/M below New York May 136 cent points at Exch 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: August 8.

		Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach	J/A	180 1/4	178	178
Broach	A/M	197 1/2	195	195
Oomra	D/J	174 1/4	172	172
Bengal	D/J	140	137 1/2	137 1/2

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: August 8.

	UPPERS.	GIZA
Spot	11.94+29	12.13+26
October	11.18+21	11.48+34
December	10.84+21	Nov. 11.18+15
January	10.58+23	10.94+15
March	10.36+23	10.74+15
May	10.29+23	10.54+15
July	10.29+23	10.54+15

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F. P. Bales.	1940/41	1939/40
Receipts to date 8-8-40	59000	90000
Receipts yesterday 8-8-40	8000	10000
Export to date 8-8-40	15000	68000
Stock at Ports 2-8-40	2438000	1973000
Stock at interior towns do.	1950000	2439000
Stock at Liverpool 2-8-40	.....	615000
Visible Supply 2-8-40	.....	4805000
Qpantity in sight 2-8-40	15000	101000
Quantity out of sight 2-8-40	.....	86000

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: August 9.

	Extra Spr.	fine.	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P		146	143	140	137	
M G Punjab		146	143	140	137	
M G Rajputana		153	150	147	144	
M G Oomra No. 3		176	174	171	168	...
M G C. P. No. 1		188	186	183	180	..
M G C. P. No. 2		180	178	175	172	...
M G Broach No. 2		182	180	178	175	
M G Punjab/American		216	214	212	209	
M G Surat		234	232	230	227	
M G Rajpipla		228	226	224	221	
M G Navsari		241	239	237	234	

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: August 9.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales.	Yes- terday.	Since 1st September This year.	Last year
Khandesh	55,584	38,605	
Central India	109,361	225,342	
Barsi and Nagar	114,118	94,469	
Hyderabad/Gaorani	47,970	4,474	
Berar	318,618	162,786	
Central Provinces	76,962	38,680	
Total Oomras	722,613	564,756	
Dholeras	89,297	277,391	
N.-W. Provinces	26,079	10,429	
Rajputana	35,228	80,378	
Sind-Punjab 110	379,398	335,830	
Broach	408,748	414,944	
Coompta & Dharwar	51,433	153,296	
Westerns-Northerns 6	37,608	97,841	
Cocoanada	86	93	
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,592	2,677	
Total 116	1,751,882	1,937,640	
Arrived by road to 1st August 1940	339,387	.....	

LONDON SEEDS

London: August 8.

Rozario Santa Fe not quoted
Barletta Russo not quoted
South Australian 26/9 Aug/Sept quoted

LONDON RUBBER

London: August 8.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 13-1/8 sellers.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, August 9.

2 3/4 per cent 1940/52 95-12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 101-2
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 98-12
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 90-5
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 104-13
4 per cent 1943 Bond 104-10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 101-10
4 1/2 per cent 1965/69 Loan 109-6
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 100-7
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 90-6

TAX-FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/50 Loan 110-6
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 107
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 103
4 per cent M Deb. 1947 102
5 per cent M Deb 1959 111
6 per cent M Deb. 1954 119
6 per cent K P T 1956 119

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: August 9.

B. C. RATES —

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 9th February

LONDON:—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 9th February

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th February

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 83 1/2 nominal

Bank's buying T T 78 1/2 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 77 3/4 nominal

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI

Bank's selling D D 23 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 9th inst.

Shanghai/London 0/4 9th inst.

New York/London 3.90 1/2 8th inst.

London/Java 7.58/62 8th inst.

London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 8th inst.

London/Switzerland 17.70/80 8th inst.

London/Stockholm 16.85/95 8th inst.

London/Japan 1/2 7/8 8th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold £8/8/0 7th inst

Gold £8/8/0 8th inst.

Silver London Ready 23 1/2 7th inst.

Silver London Ready 23 1/2 8th inst.

Silver London Forward 22 15/16 7th inst

Silver London Forward 22 13/16 8th inst

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 7th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 8th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 7th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 8th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 7th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 8th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 3/4 per cent

6 months 1 per cent.

Tone:—Very easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London: August 8.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS—	
3 per cent	79
3 1/2 per cent	91 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100
4 per cent 1948/53	104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109
5 per cent 1942/47	103 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	73
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99 3/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110 7/8

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: August 8.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report:—

	Dollars
Amer For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	14 3/8
Amer For Pow 5 per cent Debs	45 1/2
Amer Pow and Lt. 7 per cent Pfd	43
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	34
Electric Bond and Share Common	5 3/4
Electric Bond and Share Dbl.5 Pfd	62
Columbia Gas and Electric	5 3/8
Int Tel and Tel 1952 Debs	27
Amer Tel and Tel	161 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	185
Western Union Telegraph	17 1/2
New York Central Rail Road	11 5/8
Great Northern Preferred	24
Chesapeake and Ohio	38 1/8
Union Pacific	85 1/8
Standard Brands	6 1/4
United States Steel	52 5/8
Bethlehem Steel	77 5/8
Crucible Steel	30
National Steel	69 1/2
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21
Republic Steel	17 1/8
Int Nickel of Canada	23
Anaconda Copper Mining	19 3/8
Chrysler Motors	73 1/2
General Motors	45 7/8
Socony	8 1/2
Standard Oil of New Jersey	34
Consolidated Oil	5
Texas Corporation	35 1/4
Australia 5 per cent 1955	48 1/2
N. Y. Chicago and St. Louis Pfd	23 3/4

Turnover 2,10,000 shares.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: August 9.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs. 57/0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 67/4

Tone:—Steady.

BANK OF ENGLAND WEEKLY RETURNS.

London: August 8.

	This week
Total bullion	£ 1,100,000
Public Deposits	£ 19,200,000
(a) Other deposits	£162,700,000
Government securities	£157,300,000
(b) Other securities	£ 25,200,000
Notes and coin	£ 17,400,000
Notes in circulation	£163,700,000
Ratio of reserve to liabilities	9.58 per cent
(a) Other deposits include bankers	£114,100,000
(b) Other securities include discount	£ 3,100,000
Total deposits	£181,900,000
Total securities	£182,500,000

PRECIOUS METALS

Bombay: August 9.

The following are the weekly quotations for the precious metals:—

	Per cent.	Per tola.
Platinum Elephant Brand	100	Rs. 64
Platinum Elephant Brand	97	Rs. 62
Platinum Anchor Brand	25	Rs. 18
Palladium	100	Rs. 50
Iridium	100	Rs. 200
Osmium	100	Rs. 70
Ruthenium	100	Rs. 90
Rhodium	100	Rs. 250

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES
Bombay: August 9.

Yarn No.	August	October	December
6 1/2s.	123	125	127
10 1/2s.	138	140	142
20 1/2s.	167	170 1/2	174
40s.	240	242	244

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: August 9.

The local Share Bazar was open to-day for one hour and price movement was narrow with a restricted turnover.

Wall-Street is still handicapped by European uncertainties and yesterday the session closed steady with changes insignificant either way. Favourable earnings and encouraging trade news were virtually ignored. U. S. Steel shares closed at 52 5/8 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares declined 1/4 at 19 3/8 dollars.

On the local Exchange Government Securities ruled quietly steady and 3 1/2 per cent Paper was quoted at Rs. 90/5, but other scrips show small gains.

With the decline in raw cotton prices, Mill shares were quiet. Dyeings were unchanged at Rs. 907/8, but Central India shares declined to Rs. 251. Gokaks changed hands at Rs. 185 and Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 343.

Among Banks Centrals declined to Rs. 35/4 and Imperials were placed at Rs. 1475. Union Bank shares came in business at Rs. 5/8.

Hydro-Electric shares were irregularly steady. Powers were quoted at Rs. 1315 and Hydros at Rs. 163/4. Associated Cements were unchanged at Rs. 113/8.

Tata Steel Defds improved to Rs. 1805 and Ordinary shares improved Rs. 2 at Rs. 346/8. Scindia shares were quiet at Rs. 18/13

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, August 9.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	265 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	907 8

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1641 of 1938.

Messrs. NATHUJI TEKAJI AND CO., a firm .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

KRISHNARAO SHAMRAO MURANJAN and another .. .. Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale, dated the 12th October, 1939, and the Judge's Order, dated 28th June, 1940, the Commissioner, High Court, Bombay, hereby invites offers for purchase by private treaty, subject to the particulars and conditions of sale herein, of the property at 1st Carpenter Street, Bombay, of Quit and Ground Tenure Land, admeasuring 121 7/9 square yards with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house thereon and bearing Collectors Old No. 1698, New No. 8822, Old Survey No. 475 and New Survey No. 5221 and Cadastral Survey No. 3079 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal "C" Ward No. 6562 and Street Nos. 69-71.

All offers should reach the Office of the Commissioner before the 20th day of August, 1940, and will be considered by the Commissioner at a Meeting in his Office on the 21st day of August, 1940, at 11-15 A.M. when all offerors should be personally present. The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer. The offer which is accepted shall be subject to the confirmation of the Court.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. THAKORDAS DARU HEMANY & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs at 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 8th day of August, 1940.

(Sd.) ARMOND F. SIQUEIRA,
Offg. Commissioner.

(3135)

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.

Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT NAVI WADI LANE, NEAR DADI SETH AGIARI LANE.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Malvi Ranchhoddas & Co. Attorneys for Messrs. Amersey Bhagwandas, Dullabhdas Bhagwandas, Manekial Bhagwandas and Purshottam Haridas the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Shamrao Anandrao Vijayakar the Mortgagor, in exercise of the power of sale reserved by the Mortgage dated 3rd July 1934, Transfer of Mortgage dated the 27th November 1935 and the first Further Charge, Second Further Charge, third Further Charge, fourth Further Charge bearing date 27th November 1935, 23rd October 1936, 18th March 1937 and 25th October 1937 respectively, sell by public Auction the undermentioned Valuable Immovable property on WEDNESDAY, the 21st August, 1940, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

All that piece of Pension and Tax land with the dwelling house situate in the New Wadi Lane admeasuring 282 2/3 square yards and registered for Pension and Tax under New No. 656, New Survey No. 287, C. R. R. No. 142 Cadastral Survey No. 1982 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed under C Ward Nos. 4892-93 and Street No. 18 and bounded on the East by the said Navi Wadi Lane on the West by a compound wall and beyond that by the property belong to Mr. Mukundrao Ramrao Jayker on the North by the house of Mr. Damodar Gidh and on the South by the house of Govind Baba Burjar (since purchased by Shamji Vallabhji) together also with the strip of vacant land lying in front of and on the East side of the premises hereinbefore described upto the middle of the said New Wady Lane aforesaid and forming part of the said New Wadi aforesaid.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Malvi Ranchhoddas & Co. at Yusuf Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

Auction Sales

M. MODY & CO.

GRAND AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW at 3 P.M. at Kalbadevi Road, "Hira Mahal" of Diamond, Emerald, Ruby and Pearl, Mortgaged Jewellery under instructions from the Receiver with joint consent by mortgagee and the mortgagor TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), 11th August, at 3 P.M. (S.T.). On view. Catalogues are ready. M. Mody & Co., Auctioneers, 132, Meadows Street, Fort.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S. T.) at Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Vianelli's Restaurant of compiete Household furniture, H. M. V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington Portable Typewriter, Milner Safe, Chesterfield sets, Cabinets, Wrist watches, etc.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN VIA PORTS

Steamers.	Arrive. Bombay.	Leave. Bombay.	Leave. Colombo
*GINYO MARU	4 Aug.	20 Aug.	24 Aug.
x*HARUNA MARU	8 Aug	10 Aug.	13 Aug.
*ANYO MARU	19 Aug.	3 Sept.	6 Sept.
OKITU MARU	25 Aug.	10 Sept.	——
ATAGO MARU	30 Sept.	16 Oct.	——
x*SUWA MARU	12 Oct.	13 Oct.	16 Oct.

COLOMBO-BOMBAY LIVERPOOL VIA DURBAN, CAPE TOWN AND LISBON.

Steamers	Leave Colombo.	Arrive Bombay.	Leave Bombay.
*HUSIMI MARU	22 Aug.	——	——
*KASIMA MARU	6 Oct.	——	——

*Passenger Steamer. x From Europe.
Other Passenger Services are :—Hongkong-S'Frisco via Japan & Honolulu, Japan-Seattle via Vancouver, Japan-Australia. Japan-South America (West Coast).

NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA

United India Bldg., Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
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BAHURANI

8th WEEK

Starring

★ Kishore Sahu
★ Anuradha, Rose,
★ Mubarak and
★ Pratimadevi

Time: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

Sat., Sun. Matinee 1-45 p.m.

MINERVA

NEW YORK COTTON FIVE POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES
OCTOBER 1940

New York, Aug 9

Previous closing	9.41
To-day's opening	9.41
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	9.36
Difference	—05

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August	Rs. 173-8
Broach April/May	Rs. 190-0

LIVERPOOL COTTON
OCTOBER 1940

Liverpool, Aug 9

Previous closing	7.30
To-day's opening	7.31
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	7.32
Difference	+02

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug 9

The New York cotton was moderately active on scattered local and trade support but there being nothing in the day's news to stimulate enquiry movements were irregular.

The trading in October began at 9.41 i.e. unchanged from the last closing. Prices advanced on trade and local buying but the demand soon petered out with October reacting to 9.36.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—
October (9.40/40) 9.41/41
December (9.30/29) 9.32/32
March (9.09/09) 9.11/10

LONDON COMMODITIES
SEEDS.

London, Aug 9

Castorseeds Aug/Sept (£17 3/4) £17 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta Aug/Sept (£16 5/8) £16 5/8
Linseed La Plata Aug/Sept (Unquoted) Unquoted
Groundnuts Coromandal Aug/Sept (£15 5/0) £15 5/8

JUTES

Dundee August (£32 1/2) £32 1/2
Lightning August (£29 1/2) £29 1/2

RUBBER.

Spot (13 1/16d paid and buyers) 13d buyers
Forward October December (12 3/4d paid and value) 12 3/4d paid and value

METALS.

Tin (£265 3/4 buyers; £266 sellers. Steady) £265 buyers; £265 1/4 sellers. Steady.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Aug 9

Previous closing	3.89 3/4
To-day's opening	3.90 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Aug 9

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Aug 9

T T London on Paris not quoted.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Aug 9

The following are the opening quotations :—
General Motors (dol 45 7/8) dol 46 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 19 5/8) dol 19 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 52 5/8) dol 53 1/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, Aug 9

The following cable was received from London :—
Small support. Selling in forward. Market quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug 9

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (22 13/16d) 22 5/8d —3/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug 9

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug 9

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 1/2 to 0-4) 0-3 1/2 to 0-4
London on Kobe (1-2 5/16 to 1-2 13/16) 1-2 3/8 to 1-2 7/8

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, Aug 9

There was no trading during the night

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Coals In Demand

CALCUTTA, Aug 9

Conditions remained almost in same level as were yesterday. Government securities kept steady. Coals continued in demand while Jutes remained more or less inactive. Miscellaneous : Industries recorded good deal of business.

The following are closing quotations :—

Government securities : 3 per cent loan 1963-65 90/3 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 90/5; 5 per cent loan 1945-55 110/4 small odd lot; 3 per cent U P Bonds 1952 94/4.

Banks : Imperial Conty 366 ex div; Reserve 101/4 ex div.

Coals : Bengal 321 small odd lot; Churulia 1/9; Equitable 32/4; Kuardi 2/7; Pench Valley 195/4 ct.

Jutes : Anglo India 149; Hukumchand pref 87 small lot; National 19/12.

Miscellaneous : Burma Corpn 5/1; Consolidated Tin 2/15; Indian Copper 2; Rhodesia Copper as. 13 ct; Bengal Telephone ordy 15/12; Jubbulpore Elec 13/4; Patna Electric 14/15; Shahjahanpur Elec 4/1; Hukumchand Steel ordy 7/10; Indian Iron and Steel 26/4; Indian Steel and Wire Products ordy 49/14 Steel Corporation ordy 15; do pref 102; B I Corpn pref 158; Dunlop Rubber second pref 107; Indian Wood Products 24/12; British Burma Petroleum 3/10; Indian Paper Pulp 129; Mysore Paper 11/8; Titaghur Paper pref ordy 4/11; do ordy 15/2; Cawnpore 14/11; Murree Brewery 11/12; Raza 12/12.

Debentures : 3 1/4 per cent 1956-66 Howrah Bridge Debs 94/8 small lots; 5 1/2 per cent 1938-53 Carew and Co Debs 106; 6 per cent 1911-28-48 Howrah Amta Railway debs 110.—A.P.

Railway Publicity London Office To Be Abolished

SIMLA, August 9.

It is understood that the Railway Board has decided to close down the London Office of the Railway Publicity Bureau during the pendency of the war. Mr. A. E. Tylden Pattensen, who was in charge of this office, has been permitted to retire from service.—A. P.

RUSSO-AFGHAN TRADE AGREEMENT

SIMLA, August 8.

Details are now available of the barter agreement between the Afghan National Bank and the Russian Trade Organisation named Vistok Entorg signed in Kabul on July 23rd last.

The agreement accepts the principle of barter for the exchange of goods between the two countries and fixes the period of its operation as one year.

The protocol fixes the amount of exports and imports of various goods of the two countries. The categories mentioned include sheep, wool and skins, sesame and opium, piecegoods, benzene and other fuel oil, sugar, cement and iron.

The total estimated values of these imports and exports exceeds 161 000,000 Afghanis (about Rs 350,00,000 Indian).

In accordance with the information received the parties have under consideration the question of increasing their respective imports and exports and the question of the sale of cotton and dried fruit of Kandahar has formed an important part of the understanding.—A. P.

Weather Expert Forecasts Some Showers

BOMBAY, Friday.

There is not likely to be much change in the weather in Bombay for the rest of the day, according to the weather-expert though one might expect some showers towards the evening or at night. Some showers can be expected tomorrow.

Bombay has now 8.15 inches above the normal rainfall. The maximum temperature is 87.2 degs. (two degrees above normal) and the minimum temperature is 77.6 degs. (one degree above normal).

The following are the rainfall figures at the various parts of the city as recorded at 8 a.m. to-day, for the previous 24 hours.

	Day's Rainfall Cents.	Total Since June 1 Inches.
Colaba	24	55.20
Fort	35	59.56
Byculla	17	61.62
Matunga	35	57.70

DR. SIR JIVANJI JAMSHEDJI MODI PRIZE ESSAY.

The Governing Body of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute invites a prize essay on the following subject:—

"Transliteration and translation of the Pahlavi Yasna, Has 1 to 8, with complete concordance of words occurring in the Pahlavi text with their Avestan originals, discussing how far the Pahlavi translation represents a correct interpretation of the Avestan text from the standpoint of philology and modern research."

A prize of Rs. 250 will be awarded to the candidate whose essay will be found worthy of the same.

The competition is open to Parsis only.

Essays must be submitted by the 30th December 1941, to the undersigned with the nom-de-plume only written on the front page of the essay; full name and address of the writer must be sent in a separate cover, bearing on the outside the title of the essay and the writer's nom-de-plume only.

3 1|2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, Aug 9

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug 9

The London Stock Exchange was steady to-day.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Aug 9

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1964/68 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£73) £73 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 7/8) £99 7/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 5/8) £98 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 7/8) £110 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 3/8) £99 1/2
New War Loan (£100 1/2) £100 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£110 1/8) £110

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (10-3) 10-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (32-10 1/2) 33-6
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (6-0) 6-0
Princhin Johnson (15-0) 15-0
Imperial Chemicals (24-7 1/2) 24-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (54-0) 54-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£38 1/2) £38
Dundee Rubber (26-9) 26-9
Unilever Ordinary (18-4) 18-9
Ford Motors (15-3) 15-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£42) £43
British American Tobacco Ordinary (71-10 1/2) 72-6
Carreas 'A' (£4) £4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (86-10 1/2) 87-6
P and O Def (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2
Distillers (55-0) 55-0
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-7 1/2) 3-7 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-9) 26-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (26-6) 26-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (12-9) 12-9
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (38-9) 38-9

TEA SHARES

Assam (15-0) 15-7 1/2
Donaro Tea (26-3) 26-3
Empire of India (17-6) 17-6

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-6) 15-6
Guia Kelampong (13-9) 13-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (24-0) 24-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-3) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£5) £5
East Rand Properties (32-6) 32-6
Rand Mines (£5 7/8) £5 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12 1/8) £12 1/8
Associated Portland Cement (52-6) 52-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (62-6) 62-6
Sub Nigel (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
Spring Mines Split Share (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 5/8) £5 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2
Anglo India (28-1 1/2) 27-6
Burma Oil (41-10 1/2) 42-6
Mexican Eagle (3-7 1/2) 4-0
Shell Transport (32-6) 32-6
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27) £26 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£10 1/4) £11 1/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 1/2) £1 1/2
London Southern Def (£10) £9 3/4
London Transport 'C' (£29 1/2) £27 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£29 1/2) £29 1/2

Weather Report

POONA, Aug 9

All-India weather chart upto eight hours shade temperature maximum minimum rainfall past 24 hours since 1st June departure from normal.

STATIONS.	Temperatures. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	85	77	—	49.0	+0.4
Cuttack	90	79	T	43.3	+17.3
Patna	84	77	1.2	25.3	—0.3
Gorakhpur	82	77	1.7	20.5	—0.3
Allahabad	90	78	0.5	11.5	
Cawnpore	86	76	0.3	9.7	—7.5
Lucknow	85	77	1.0	18.8	—0.7
Jhansi		87	77	23.3	—3.5
Agra	81	76	0.8	11.7	—2.4
Bareilly	84	76	6.8	39.5	+16.8
Dehra Dun	83	73	T	37.4	—7.4
Delhi	89	77	0.1	14.7	+1.4
Ambala	89	78	—	18.9	+5.6
Ludhiana	90	77	—	16.8	+3.2
Lahore	94	80	—	4.7	—3.9
Sialkot	87	72	3.9	21.0	+7.9
Rawalpindi	76	69	7.1	22.2	+9.6
Lyallpur	99	79	—	1.4	—4.0
Multan	101	85	—	1.9	—1.5
Srinagar	81	63	0.4	5.7	+1.2
Peshawar	89	73	—	1.3	—1.3
Dehra Ismail Khan	102	82	—	2.3	—1.3
Fort Sandeman	96	73	T	3.0	—0.6
Quetta	92	60	—	1.5	
Rangoon	87	76	0.4	49.5	+4.1
Khandwa	89	75	—	24.0	+8.0
Jubbulpore	86	75	0.1	29.5	—1.3
Nagpur	92	78	—	43.4	+17.1
BOMBAY	87	78	0.2	55.2	+8.1
Ratnagiri	83	75	0.8	62.9	—5.6
Ahmednagar	86	71	—	11.7	+2.5
Poona	82	70	T	10.2	—2.9
Sholapur	91	75	—	5.5	
Hyderabad (Dn.)	87	72	0.1	12.2	—0.4
Bangalore	84	65	0.1	7.2	—1.1
Mysore	84	68	—	8.6	+2.5
Calicut	82	74	—	79.5	+9.1
Madras	96	75	—	5.9	—1.2
Simla	65	59	0.3	27.6	—3.0
Panchmarhi	77	68	—	56.0	+14.4
Kodaikanal	64	51	0.1	12.9	+1.0
Colombo	84	78	T	13.5	—0.5
Jacobabad	102	82	—	0.1	—1.5
Hyderabad (Sind)	96	81	—	1.6	—2.5
Karachi	86	80	—	2.5	—1.8
Jaipur	90	77	—	17.1	+4.4
Ajmer	88	78	—	14.7	+3.5
Deesa	94	77	—	11.0	—3.0
Rajkot	93	76	—	11.3	—5.8
Ahmedabad	94	78	—	10.5	—8.0
Bhopal	84	74	—	33.3	
Akola	92	77	—	24.3	+7.3
Amraoti	90	76	—	26.4	+8.9
Indore	85	73	0.1	27.9	+9.5
Marmagoa	82	71	3.8	68.5	
Malegaon	91	72	—	6.5	—3.3
Mussoorie	68	60	1.0	87.7	+15.4
Mahableshwar	65	61	1.3	165.4	—17.3
Baroda	92	77	—	12.5	
Bahawalpur	101	84	—	2.3	—0.9
Belgaum	79	66	0.1	31.9	+3.5
Murree	65	56	1.0	23.8	+3.3
Bijapur	90	71	—	4.7	—1.6
Dalhousie	73	60	0.8	41.3	+4.3
Khandala	—	—	1.3	132.6	
Mount Abu	75	65	—	18.8	—19.0
Ootacamund	62	50	0.2	17.3	—0.3
Jodhpur	95	79	—	5.9	—0.7

Monsoon 80 Per Cent Above Average

POONA, Aug 9

Monsoon has been strong in United Provinces in and near the Punjab hills and active in Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Konkan and Malabar. Rainfall has occurred locally in Bengal, Central India, east Central Provinces, Kashmir, North-West Frontier Province, south Hyderabad, Mysore, south-east Madras, Madras Deccan, north Madras coast and at a few stations in Assam, Orissa, west Central Provinces.

Summary of monsoon forecast for August and September 1940. Monsoon rainfall of August and September is likely to be in defect in north-west India. Forecasting factors for Peninsula are conflicting and suggest merely that rainfall there will be above 80 per cent of the average.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 9th Aug. 1940 :—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. —.010 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.1 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.2 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.2 deg. (2.4 above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.6 deg. (1.5 above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W-N-W.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 12 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 151 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 28 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. to 10) 8.
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.24 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 4.19 inches
Total rainfall during the year 56.59 inches.
Weather Remarks : Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 9/8/1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.0 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.96 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.76 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

HELD OVER!

FOR FREEDOM
FOR FREEDOM
FOR FREEDOM

4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

NEW EMPIRE

GALA OPENING TO-DAY at 2 P. M.

REJOICE! BOMBAY FOLKS!

The Divine QUEEN MEERA is in Bombay at KRISHNA Talkies...

Come and Greet The DIVINE QUEEN WHO MET GOD—KRISHNA! .....

SHREE BHARAT LAXMI PICTURES (CALCUTTA'S)

MAMMOTH DEVOTIONAL MUSICAL MASTERPIECE

'Matwali Meera'

Starring: Melodious MUKHTAR BEGUM NISAR, SULTANA BANU, HUSNABANU, KAMLA JHARIA, KAPUR, etc.

Time: 4-45, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Mon. at 2 p.m.

KRISHNA Talkies Dubash Theatre

A CALCUTTA TALKIE DISTRIBUTORS RELEASE.

Make more money — more easily

He knows the secret of success—knows that the way to earn more money is to have sound vigorous health and plenty of energy. That's why he takes Waterbury's Compound regularly.

Waterbury's Compound contains malt and liver extracts, copper, iron and other strengthening minerals. It is a wonderful tonic food that fortifies the system, banishes fatigue, creates new energy, new strength and health.

Buy a bottle of Waterbury's Compound today. Take it regularly. See how much better you will feel. Two sizes—8 oz. and 16 oz. bottles.

Waterbury's Compound
Recommended by doctors as ideal body-building strength-giving tonic for growing children. Pleasant tasting—easy to take.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND.. TO KEEP YOU FIT

NW1

3 P. C. DEFENCE BONDS 1946

Subscribed up to 7th August 1940 throughout India ..... Rs. 13,79,97,000
Subscribed up to 8th August 1940 ..... Rs. 58,24,700
Rs. 14,38,21,700

Mr. V. D. Savarkar Unwell

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All India Hindu Mahasabha, passed a sleepless night. The pain in his leg is growing acuter. Under the advice of doctors his engagements have been cancelled and programme suspended.

MECCA PILGRIMAGE AS USUAL

CAIRO: August 8.

The Government of Saudi Arabia has issued a statement saying that Mecca pilgrimage will take place as usual this year. It is considered that sea and land routes to Mecca which are connected by rail with the Red Sea port of Jedda, are safe for pilgrims.

The Government of Saudi Arabia will give every assistance to pilgrims proceeding to Mecca.—Reuter.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the School Hall, 237 Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Sud 7, 1996
Muslim: Rajab 5, 1359
Parsi: Aspandarmad 10, 1309
Hightide: 4-46; 16-47
Lowtide: 10-30; 23-21
Sunrise: 6h. 18m.
Sunset: 7h. 10m.

JOURNALISTS' BRIDGE DRIVE

A Bridge Drive will be held in the premises of the Journalists' Association of India in the Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road, to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT

That "Religion is an Impediment to the Progress of India" will be the subject of a public debate in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. Mr. R. T. Shahani will propose and Mrs. Narmada Parekh will oppose. Dr. K. Mulbhagala will preside.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Broadway Melody of 1940". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"City in Darkness". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Florina". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Saps at Sea". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"For Freedom". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Anuradha". Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
WEST END—"Lapanday". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Matwali Meera". Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and tomorrow at 2 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.

TEACHERS' TRAINING ACADEMY

Under the auspices of the New Education Association, Principal J. H. Trivedi will speak on 'Progressive School' in the Adarsh Bal Mandir at 5 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

BOMBAY LADIES' WAR FUND

Bombay Ladies' Committee of the War Gift Fund asks that all contributions sent by cheque should be made out in the name of Lady Duggan, Hon. Treasurer, Ladies' Committee, War Gift Fund.

FIRST AID LECTURE IN MAHIM

Under the auspices of the Mahim A. R. P. Committee, Mr. Z. M. Contractor will resume his classes in First Aid in the Scottish Orphanage Hall, Cadell Road, Mahim, to-morrow (Sunday) at 11-15 a.m.

BOHRA YOUTH LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the above League, there will be a debate to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at the League Hall. The subject will be "Urdu has lead to Muslim decay in India". Mr. Shadman will propose and Maulana Salamatulla Qureshi will oppose the proposition.

PRESS AND ART CLUB OF INDIA

The annual general meeting of the Press and Art Club of India will be held at Prospect Chambers Annexe, (1st floor) 315/321, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) at 2-30 p.m., when members are cordially invited to be present.

MATUNGA TAMIL SANGAM

Tirukkural class will be held in the Sangam on every Saturday at 6 p.m. beginning from to-day. Mr. M. Sundaram Iyer will deliver the lectures.

FREE POPULAR SCIENCE LECTURES

Under the joint auspices of the R. I. S. and the B. P. A. Education Association, Mr. S. M. Sethna will deliver the second lecture in Gujarati on "Chemical Warfare" to-day (Saturday) in the Royal Institute of Science, Mayo Road, Ground Floor, Room No 2 at 4 p.m.

BHATIA STUDENTS' UNION

The Executive Committee of the above Union invites essays on "Gnati Unnati" in Gujarati and "Pleasures of Imagination" in English. Essays should reach the Secretaries on or before the 13th August. Essays should not exceed five full scape pages. Prize Rs. 10 each.

DADAR VIVEKANANDA SOCIETY

A study class will be held to-day at 5-30 p.m. on 'Swami Vivekananda's Works' at the Society premises, Jadao Bhuvan, Dr. D'Silva Road, opposite B. B. C. I. Railway station.

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

A grand variety entertainment will be held at the Khalsa College Hall, Matunga at 6-30 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday) under the patronage and in the immediate presence of Sjt. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier, in aid of the poor students' fund.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon. Two lectures will be delivered this day, the first by Mr. Joseph Callan, General Secretary, Y. M. C. A., Bombay, on "Social Values of Organised Games" from 5 to 6 p.m. (S.T.) and the second by Prof. P. A. Wadia, M.A., Wilson College, Bombay, on "The Problem of Poverty" from 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.).

FIRST-AID CLASS AT MAZAGAON

As requested by the Mazagaon and Byculla A. R. P. Committee, a First-Aid Class will be started by the Friendly Union Ambulance Centre from Monday, the 12th instant at 6-15 p.m., on the premises of Sir Elly Kadoorie High School, next to the Wallace Flour Mill Co. Ltd., at Mazagaon. These classes will be conducted twice in a week, every Monday and Thursday evening. No fees will be charged for the classes except the actual net cost of the text books, bandages and certificates. Those wishing to join are requested to apply there to the Hon. Secretary and Treasurer Mr. D. S. Bharucha.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN EXTENSION LECTURE

Prof. A. S. Gopani, M.A., Professor of Jaina Studies Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Andheri, will deliver a lecture on "Ajivika Sect—A New Interpretation" (In English) at 4 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the Lecture Hall of the University Buildings, South Wing.

MAYOR AT MAHAVIRA JAINA VIDYALAYA

Under the auspices of the Mahavira Students' Union, Shri Mathuradas Trikamji, the Mayor of Bombay, will deliver a lecture on "Nationalism" in the Mahavira Jaina Vidyalaya Lecture Hall to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

YOUTHS' LITERACY AND DEBATING ASSOCIATION

A public debate will be held on the subject "There should be no talk of Socialism till the achievement of Swaraj" to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. in the King George High School, Hindu Colony, Dadar. Mr. Govindbhai J. Patel will propose and Mr. M. S. Rajadhyaksha will oppose. Swami Acharya will preside.

SOCIALISTS' PROTEST

Under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party and other organisations, a public meeting will be held to voice public indignation against the ban imposed by the Government of India on volunteer organisation to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. The meeting will be held at "Socialist Hall" Sandhurst Bridge, opposite Allies Restaurant Opera House, if it rains, otherwise on Chowpatty Sands.

BOMBAY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

A clinical meeting of the Bombay Medical Association, Indian Medical Association, (Bombay Branch), will be held to-day (Saturday) at 2-45 p.m. (S.T.) at Sheth Gordhandas Sunderdas Medical College, Parel, Bombay, when there will be a lecture on "Dreams and their interpretations". The Medical Profession is requested to be present.

"TEACHER AND HIS PROBLEMS"

Under the auspices of the General Education Institute's Institute of Education, Dadar, Bombay, Rao Saheb N. D. Abhyankar, Asstt. Edel. Inspector, Bombay, will deliver a lecture on "The Teacher and His Problems" to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

NATIONALIST CHRISTIAN PARTY

The general meeting of the Nationalist Christian Party will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Byculla, Bombay, to consider and adopt the report and the statement of accounts and to elect the office-bearers.

RASHTRA BHASHA PRACHAR EXAMINATIONS

The Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, Bombay, writes:—

The Rashtra Bhasha Prachar Examinations of the Rashtra Bhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, will be held to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday) from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. at the following centres:—

(a) Fort and Girgaon: The Secondary Teachers' Training College and Elphinstone High School, Dhobi Talao.
(b) Dadar: The Ram Narain Ruia College, Matunga, G. I. P.
(c) Suburbs: The Anandilal Podar High School, Santa Cruz.

PROHIBITION BOARD EXPANDED

A meeting of the Prohibition Board was held at the Congress House, on Friday evening, under the chairmanship of Dr. Gilder.

Though several matters relating to prohibition were discussed, no definite decision was taken.

The following members were co-opted to the Board: Dr. D. N. Bahadurji, Mr. Mohamadbhai Ibrahim Rawji, Mr. N. M. Joshi, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. K. S. Dharia, Prof. Daruwala, Mr. Joachim Alva and Mrs. Tarabai M. Premchand.

MUSLIM LEAGUE'S DRIVE AMONG WOMEN

Under the auspices of the Women's Sub-Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League three meetings of Muslim Ladies will be held:—

To-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Sunnat Khoja Jamatkhana, Boran Road, Bandra under the chairmanship of Mrs. Qasamali Jairaj Peerbhoy.

To-morrow (Sunday) at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Osmania Manzil, Kambeker Street, (Chach Mohalla) under the chairmanship of Mrs. Khadija Shafi Tyebji, M.L.A.

On Monday, the 12th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Baldiwala Building, Sankli Street under the chairmanship of Miss Fatma Begum, Principal, Jinnah Islamia Zanana College, Lahore.

At all these meetings facilities will be provided for ladies to become members of the Muslim League, annas two being the membership fee for the year 1940.

"STREET SINGER" FOR STUDENTS' UNION

In aid of the Bombay Students' Union a charity show of "Street Singer", starring, Saigal and Kanan Bala, will be screened at the Krishna Cinema to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m.

A flat rate of four annas will be charged for all the classes. First come first chance.

Syt. Yusuf Meherally will preside.

Tickets are sold at the office of the All-India Students' Federation, (Mantri House, Sandhurst Bridge), daily between 5 to 8 p.m.

Trade In Calcutta Port

CALCUTTA, Aug. 9.

Commodities including coal, cotton, gunnies, hides, minerals medicines, chemicals, seeds, sundries etc., weighing about 636,038 tons where handled in the port of Calcutta in July, according to the monthly statement of the Commissioner for the port, regarding trade statistics. Of these, 166,523 tons were imported into and 469,515 exported from the port.

AIR RAID EXERCISE ON MONDAY

The Government of Bombay intends to continue the series of Air Raid Alarm Exercises. The fourth exercise will take place on "Monday, August 12, at 4 p.m." and will cover not only Bombay Island, but the whole of the Bombay Suburban District.

Test reports of supposed damage will be submitted from various areas and the essential services and specialised A. R. P. services will be called upon to take action. It will be the duty of the police and the Air Raid Warden Organisation to cordon off the areas which are supposed to have been damaged so that practice repair work can be carried on without interference. The exercise will probably last half an hour as it is essential that the movements of those services which have been called upon should not be impeded in any way by crowds emerging from shelter.

The complete co-operation of the public is essential for the success of this exercise. Instructions given by the Police and Air Raid Wardens should be followed immediately. The public are requested to get well within buildings, to keep away from glass and not to indulge in "sight-seeing" from door ways, windows, verandahs and roofs. Motorists should remember to shut the doors of cars they have left and before leaving should see that the engine is switched off. Passengers in buses and trams should leave them and take the nearest shelter. There will be a complete cessation of movement from 4 p.m. for about half an hour and allowances must be made for this when making and keeping appointments. It is not intended that train services should be suspended. All persons are requested to give the widest possible publicity to the exercise. In particular, employers of labour, school masters and all others in contact with large sections of the public are requested to co-operate in making known the regulations to be obeyed during the exercise. Those who employ A. R. P. workers are requested to free them from their work as soon as the Air Raid Warning signal is given.

REMEMBER THE DATE—AUGUST 12, AND THE TIME—4 P.M.

AIR MAIL RATE REDUCED

SIMLA, August 9.

The air mail rate for postcards will be reduced from Rs. 0-6-0 to Rs. 4 from August 9.

This rate will apply to all countries, which were participants in the Empire air mail scheme before its suspension.

There is no change in the air mail fee for postcards for other countries.—A. P.

Yagna Begins At Benares

BENARES, Aug. 9.

Under the supervision of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya the Maharudra Yagna commenced at Kashi Naresh Devalaya for invoking the mercy of the Almighty for peace in the world.

The Yagna will continue till August 17.—United Press.

E. I. Rly. Chief Manager Dead

CALCUTTA, Aug. 9.

The death occurred of Mr. J. C. Rose, Chief Commercial Manager of the East Indian Railway this morning at his residence. Mr. Rose had 30 years service on this railway.—United Press.

PARTY TO DR. UGRANKAR

A social gathering to congratulate Dr. S. S. Ugrankar on his election to the Bombay University Senate was held on Sunday at Bora Bazar Street, Bombay, under the presidentship of Dr. A. V. Baliga. After an opening speech by Mr. A. K. Rao, seconded by Mr. M. R. Chander, a brief speech congratulating Dr. Ugrankar on his success in the election was made by Mr. B. P. Koolurker. Mr. R. K. Prabhu and Mr. Betgiri also spoke.

Dr. Baliga in congratulating Dr. Ugrankar on his election to the Senate said this was his first entry to the civic body and hoped that he would have a glorious future.

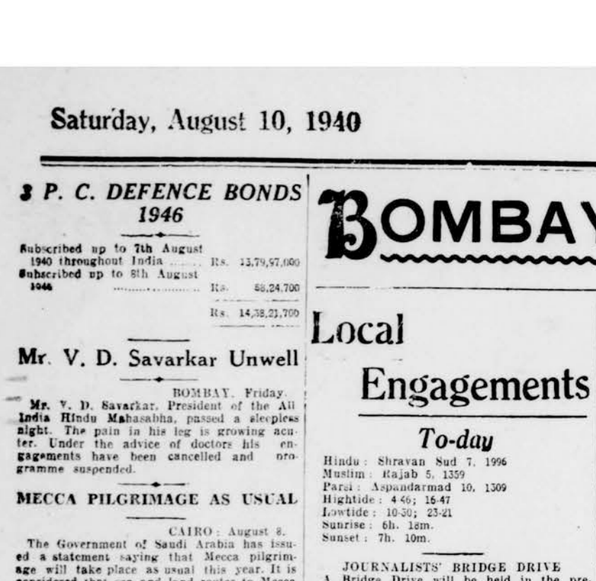
Dr. Ugrankar expressed his gratitude to his friends and admirers for kindly remembering him and said that he would try to do his bit for the betterment of his fellowmen in matters of education.

After photo and refreshments the meeting terminated with a vote of thanks by Mr. K. S. Sheti.

TULSI JAYANTI

Under the auspices of the Bombay Sanatan Dharma Mandal, Tulsi Jayanti and the 35th anniversary of Pt. Baldevprasadji Mishra will be celebrated at Madhav Baug, to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.). There will be Kavi Sammelan to-morrow (Sunday) in this connection at Madhav Baug.

When Children Starve—Mothers Rebel!
But the revolt of this mother thrilled a nation!



NATIONAL STUDIOS'
WOMAN

Starring: SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB.
Director: MEHBOOB
14th WEEK at PATHE
3-30, 6-30 & 10-0 P.M.
MATINEE SHOW at 1-0 P.M. To-day and To-morrow.

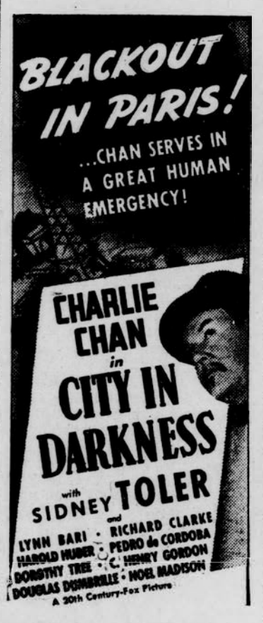
Wise Critics Say
THUS About 'ANURADHA'

"... Pleasant Entertainment spiced with clever comedy, fine singing and good acting - -"
EVENING NEWS

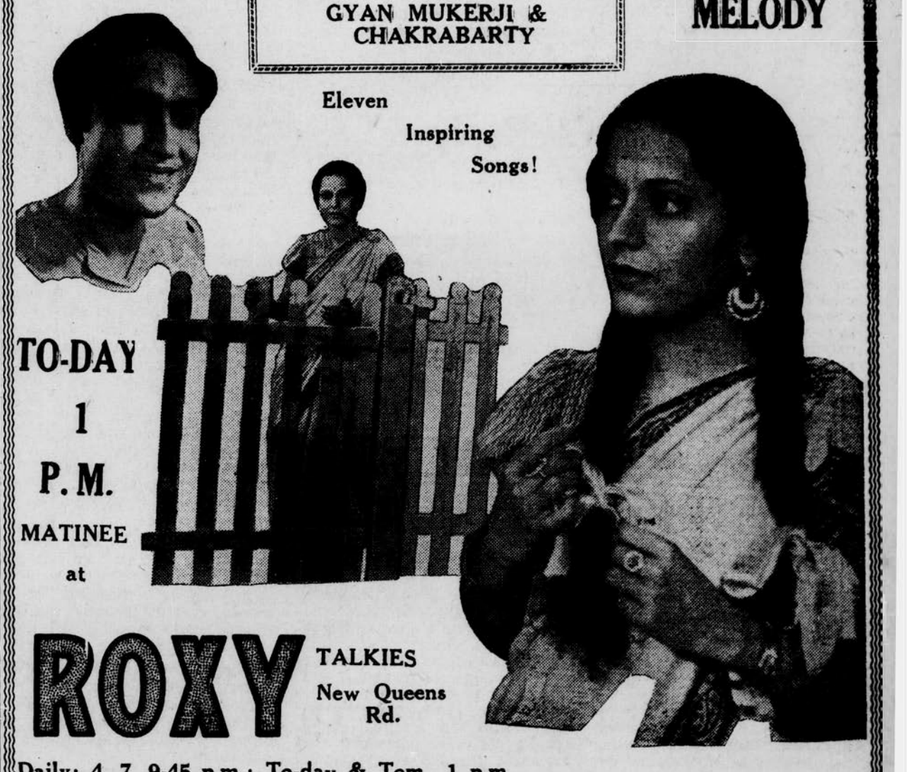
'Loud cheers & Loud Laughs'
—KARAMANUK

'Anuradha' Ultra-Modern 'Varsity-Classic of Both Sexes
CIRCO'S 'Royal'-Jewel No. 13.
Featuring: MAYA BANERJEE
Direction by: MOHAN SINHA,
GOING STRONGER EVERYDAY AT
4-15, 7-15, 10 p. m. Majestic Sat., Sun. Matinees 1-30 p. m.
2ND WEEK
Sunday morning at 10 "JUAREZ"

REGAL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.


BLACKOUT IN PARIS!
...CHAN SERVES IN A GREAT HUMAN EMERGENCY!
CHARLIE CHAN in CITY IN DARKNESS
with SIDNEY TOLER
and
LYNN BARI • RICHARD CLARKE
HAROLD HUBER • PEDRO de CORDOBA
DOROTHY TREE • C. HENRY GORDON
DOUGLAS DUMBRILLE • NOEL MADISON
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

BOMBAY TALKIES
Proudly Present
A Motion Picture Poem of Life And Love
BANDHAN
Starring the People's Chosen Favourites
LEELA CHITNIS, ASHOK KUMAR;
with V. H. Desai, P. F. Pithawala, Shah Nawaz, Poornima Desai, Suresh, Jagannath.
THESE MEN MADE IT
Producer: S. MUKERJI,
Director: N. R. ACHARYA,
Photographer: R. D. PAREENJA,
Sound Engineer: S. B. VACHA
Screen Play By:
GYAN MUKERJI & CHAKRABARTY
with BASKETFUL OF FUN and a BOUQUET OF MELODY
Eleven Inspiring Songs!



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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY. AUGUST 10, 1940.

FUTILE PROPAGANDA

British propaganda, specially organised for the war, is in full blast boosting the Viceregal declaration. The press is almost unanimous in describing the declaration as a substantial advance on the previous ones, conceding almost everything demanded by the Congress. It is quite natural for the press to be so united in its views because it must now support the all-party Government. Moreover, the declaration reserves so much for Britain and give so little to India. The *"Daily Express"*, which does not see anything new in the talk of Dominion Status but feels that it must join the chorus of praise, says that, though Dominion Status has been promised to India before, "Mr. Amery is the man who keeps his promises." It will certainly be good for Britain if he keeps his promises. But there need be no fear about this. For the promises are so vague and subject to so many conditions that, whatever he does, his admirers will find reason to say that he has kept his promises. Even if it is not possible to say that, there is always the excuse ready that, with the best of intentions he can do nothing when the parties, communities, interests and elements of India are not agreed on all the features of the constitution they want.

Wanton Misrepresentation

At a time when big issues are at stake and when a genuine settlement is most desirable it would have been better for the friends of Government to note and admit the differences between the declaration and the Congress demands and plead inability, in the present circumstances, to go further to meet those demands. But, unfortunately, much of the boosting of the declaration is wanton misrepresentation and will do nobody any good. It will certainly not deceive the Congress. So many in India and Britain say that Government have substantially, if not wholly conceded the principle of self-determination. Government have done nothing of the kind. They permit the "primary" work of devising the "framework" of the constitution to be done by an Indian body whose elective character is not guaranteed. But they reserve to themselves the ultimate right of modifying the frame work under the guise of adding to it. They have also reserved to themselves the right of imposing on India reservations for "the due fulfilment of the obligations which Great Britain's long connection with India has imposed upon her". The reservations, defined before, are now studiously left undefined. And our past experience of them is anything but encouraging. Government have not definitely agreed to accept unconditionally —apart from the reservations—the scheme that may be devised by the Indian constituent body. They only say that "they will lend every aid in their power to hasten decision on all relevant matters to the utmost degree." This is surely not self-determination but a travesty of it. Finally, Government will set up a constituent body "with the least possible delay" after the war, and the deliberate refusal to fix any time limit cannot but be suspicious.

Misdirected Appeals

If some indefiniteness is inevitable about a course of action to be adopted after the war, there need be none about the immediate setting up of a National Government of popular Ministers responsible to the existing legislature. This is a clear moderate demand essential for any effective war effort. It is a crucial test of Britain's sincerity in her offer of full Dominion Status after the war. But Britain's response does not go anywhere near the demand. As the "Manchester Guardian" admits, even if the Viceroy's expanded Council is made more representative, it will not be responsible to the Central Assembly and will not satisfy the Congress in an important particular. The "Times of India" and several other papers contend that it is not possible for Britain to make a radical change in the Central Government while she is fighting for her existence. We reply that the change is much easier than many things Government are now undertaking and it is urgent because it will guarantee Britain's existence. It is much easier and more helpful than was Britain's belated and abortive offer to France for a Union of States. The "News Chronicle" expresses the view forcibly when, referring to the urgency of radical reforms in India, it says: "No moment would be more propitious when fundamental constitutional issues are being changed by our enemy at an unprecedented speed. Here at hand is an opportunity for us to let all men know that we too can change and our changes—unlike his—would lead men forward into new, better worlds, where freedom is not forgotten, and proscribed fantasy, but a meaning and reality of life." The "Daily Herald", too, warns Government that this is no time for hedging and haggling but for bold statesmanship and for swift, generous, not tardy or grudging fulfilment of promises. Some friends of Government are making earnest appeals to Congress not to miss a golden opportunity. The appeals are misdirected. They should be made to the British Government. They may then be more helpful to Britain than the futile propaganda in support of the Viceroy's declaration.

Rumania's Reply

The Hungaro-Rumanian deadlock not only continues, but has now been officially confirmed by M. Gigurtu, the Rumanian Premier. In a broadcast speech he pointedly emphasises that both at Salzburg and Rome Rumania was only asked to come to an understanding with Bulgaria and Hungary "while remaining the mistress of her fate". And then he proceeds to offer two alternative solutions to Hungary: the one amounts to a settlement on the basis of more rights to the Magyars, the second to an exchange of populations." He makes it clear that in neither case is cession of territory contemplated. Having made this clear he invites Hungary to conclude an understanding on the basis of either of the two alternatives. What are Herr Hitler, Signor Mussolini and their protege, Hungary, going to do next?

Franco-Japanese Tension

Have the Japanese decided to invade Indo-China? A Shanghai report and the Chinese Press indicate increased military and naval activity on the part of Japan and definitely directed against French Indo-China. Nor are the French sitting quiet. According to Chunking reports "authorities in French Indo-China are rushing defence preparations and big movements of Annamite and Toukines troops are taking place." A clash, therefore, is imminent—if there is truth in these reports. But a clash means far-reaching international repercussions. It would mean a challenge by Japan to America and to Herr Hitler! The whole development is so contrary to recent tendencies and to reason that we do not think the Japanese Cabinet will take the fateful step unless it has gone collectively mad.

The Plight Of France

(By SPECIAL CABLE FROM LONDON)

The "Glasgow Herald's" former Paris correspondent writes as follows on the tragic plight of France:

France—particularly unoccupied France—is in a tragic plight and the Germans are doing their best to make matters worse. Germans have occupied, mostly for their own use, all the main food producing regions of France, North Normandy, Brittany, Alsace, Burgundy, and all the wheat-producing areas such as the Beauce Plain around Paris.

The unoccupied part of France produces only about one-eighth of France's food and it has now about half the population of France to feed. Refugees—estimated at about 10,000,000—are finding it virtually impossible to return to their homes in occupied areas. In a cautiously worded article, "Le Temps" last week complained of the impossible situation in which France is divided into two unequal parts—one rich and under-populated and the other poor and over-populated—by a "China Wall."

The article produced an angry retort in the German Press. "Le Temps" was charged with "impudence" and "insolence", while in its English broadcast the Bremen Station jeered at France's "improvidence" and said that it was the fault of the French if their occupied area was now overcrowded. "But one cannot be expected," it said, "to waive frontier control" a mild euphemism for what "Le Temps" had called "a China Wall".

★

It would seem that the present food shortage in unoccupied France is not yet desperate. Radio Lyons, the other day, protested against the manner in which some Vichy restaurants were still ignoring the rationing decree of June 18. But there is no doubt that unless foodstuffs from the occupied zones are allowed to be sent into the unoccupied parts of France (instead of being sent to Germany) the shortage of food may become a fearful calamity. Whether any important quantities of food can still, as in the past, be brought in from North Africa is very uncertain. To this should be added the appalling fact that half the population of unoccupied France is now composed of refugees and soldiers or ex-soldiers, and what are these to live on? The Petain Government has been planning public works schemes, but no public works scheme in the world could employ anything like 10,000,000 people (families included).

★

The German "China Wall" is threatening to create such a tragic economic plight for the people of unoccupied France that there is a strong suspicion that the Germans are expecting the Petain Government to appeal to them before long to "occupy the whole of France but do not let half our people die of hunger." This does not mean that occupied France is likely to be well off for very long and will have much to spare for other parts of France once the Germans have done their best.

According to the D.N.B. German news agency, "all agricultural products, foodstuffs and semi-manufactured goods have been requisitioned by the German military authorities. This measure does not deprive owners of their property but merely of their right to dispose of it freely, the object being to ensure a fair and uninterrupted supply of goods to consumers in the occupied areas. Special distribution centres have been set up. Retail sales are subject to control and are under the German military authorities. All business enterprises must continue their activities. In business, whose owners are absent, temporary managers will be appointed. Employers and workmen are forbidden to leave their place of employment or to go on strike. Prices must not be raised without special permission. Those infringing this order will be punished".

No provision is made for the normal transport of, say, the wheat of Beauce and the dairy products of Normandy to Southern France. One may well suspect that any surplus left over from short rations given to the reduced population in occupied France will simply go to Germany. It is reported that cattle, horses and other livestock are already being sent to Germany on a very large scale.

★

In Paris, the Germans are fostering a variety of anti-Petain movements. National Socialism is preached to the French working class and all sorts of new papers have made their appearance under German inspiration. A paper called "La Vie Nationale" says. "The men of Vichy should hurry and finally hide themselves. God will preserve them from ever confronting the soldiers they have thrust into this war, workers they have betrayed and the peasants they have ruined. These men must disappear. The people of France are beginning to understand."

Anti-Semitic literature is also printed in Paris on a large scale. A new paper "Le Pilori", styling itself in a Doriot-like manner, the "organ of French renovation", demands "the solution of the Jewish problem—dissolution of Jewish organisations; no Jews as magistrates, Government officials, doctors, lawyers or members of the Press or wireless; a census of Jews with a view to depriving as many as possible of French nationality and 'reserved quarters' for Jews and foreigners."

The unfortunate Petain Government is becoming worried by this Nazi movement in Paris and by the "disloyal tendencies of Paris" as the "Petit Dauphinois" called them. "The return of the Government to Paris", it wrote, "is urgently necessary because of these tendencies and also for economic reasons." Some factories are opening in Paris. The Citroen Works, though badly damaged in the German air raid of June 3, have reopened and are, according to the German wireless, now producing ten lorries and 15 cars per day. It is the first of the French motor works to have been reopened.

★

And so, bullied by their own impotent Government and ill-treated and robbed by the Germans, the unhappy French people are continuing their increasingly wretched existence. Are the French working class, though bewildered and feeling betrayed, going to be impressed by the Parisian "separatist" Nazi movement the Germans are trying to foster there? Perhaps too many personal tragedies are involved in the general disaster of France for the workers of France to be decided.

Will there be any healthy national reaction against all this suffering and humiliation? Or do the Germans hope to break completely the spirit of the French people? According to the German wireless the French people are finding some consolation in Hitler's speech. "Now", they say, "Britain will at last get her share". That is hardly the natural French reaction, even though in the servile Vichy press General Duval of the "Journal" prophesies that Britain will be invaded unless the British fight a little better than they did in France. "If they want to prevent an invasion", he says, "their infantry must give up tactics of retreating when casualties get too heavy. Now that the fight is on their own soil, perhaps the British will fight more bravely. Nevertheless Britain is doomed if Germany takes possession of sufficient territory to effect landings on a large scale". In spite of these condescending remarks about Britain, the Germans still accused the French Press of being too pro-British and "of finding room for Reuter and other British news even though they complained of being able to produce only two-page papers".

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

CAIRO, August 9.
All foreigners in Egypt except of the diplomatic corps are required to register with the police authorities by a decree published in the official journal. They are being registered with a view to issue idently cards.—Reuter.

* * * *

"New York, Aug. 9.
The New York evening newspapers give great prominence to the Viceroy's statement....."
—Reuter.

Is zat zo? Or, perhaps, oh yeah?

(The Junior Colleague's message to Britain's publicity machinery is: Why not do the thing in style and trot out India's old friend, Miss Mayo?)

* * * *

"Shorn of superfluous diplomatic verbiage, the Viceroy's declaration contains a substantial concession to Indian opinion."
—Sir Sikandar Hayat.

How did Sir Sikandar dare to suggest that His Excellency's statement is full of superfluous diplomatic verbiage?

And, by the way, why, we beg to ask Sir Sikandar, is it full of s. d. v.?

* * * *

Comrade Jamnadas M. Mehta believes that "the extension of the Governor-General's Executive Council and the establishment of a Consultative Committee for war purposes are, no doubt, steps in the right directions."

Steps, that is, in his direction.

* * * *

"Sir Alfred Knox asked whether the post-war Conference (about India) would comprise every class and race and Europeans."
—Commons question.

The life and death struggle against Hitlerism may be demanding Sir Alfred Knox's total energies, but he has still got time to remember European interests in India.

* * * *

According to a Simla report, there is a move among members of the I.C.S. to ask for a voluntary cut in their salaries as a war measure and as a token of their contribution to the war funds.

In fact, the I.C.S. should subscribe half its salary to the war funds as a matter of accumulated moral and material obligation.

* * * *

Islam Needs No Protector Of Musso's Type
—Headline.

Nor, indeed, of any protector resembling the Dictator Mussolini.

* * * *

"It is silly, but we are at peace with Germany"—Mr. Morgenthau.

We agree. It's all so silly.

* * * *

Arrests including many Jews have been made in Slovakia, following the discovery of an illegal anti-Slovakian propaganda centre.

We hope the Nazis took action after full consultation with Communist Russia.

* * * *

The anti-Jewish campaign has been intensified in Rumania, says a Bucharest.

That wouldn't save Transylvania.

* * * *

Il Duce is to preside over a Cabinet meeting to-day (Saturday) "when questions of great importance to the country will be discussed."

Not a naval offensive?

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

If it's a woman and the shoe pinches, she buys it.

* * * *

Many a man who claims to be discreet is only a coward.

* * *

Crabs may not be as palatable as lobsters but they will do in a pinch.

* * *

A grain of theoretical wisdom may turn out to be a pound of practical folly.

* * *

The manufacturer of a flesh-reducing remedy lives on the fat of the land.

* * *

The man who knows one thing well feels capable of giving advice on all subjects.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Communal Problem

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Indians abroad are at a loss to understand why there is an eternal Hindu-Muslim problem in India. They have their petty jealousies and bickerings, but they have no communal problems. Their leaders, who represent them in the Indian associations, settle all communal differences in a spirit of "give and take."

The problem in India appears to be two-fold, namely, (1) distribution of seats in the legislatures and (2) inability to fraternise. The former is capable of settlement by representatives of the two communities meeting in an atmosphere of reason. The Hindus may give the lead by agreeing to consider the minorities as their equals. The sacrifice of the advantage of numbers is not too great for the cause of Freedom which India is promised as soon as the two communities settle their differences.

For the other problem we must hunt for a solution. It cannot be solved by half-measures. One of our public speakers has said that Hindus and Mahomedans are not two communities but two nations dwelling in one country. Considering the fact that they have not been able to fraternise for centuries it is best to treat them as two nations in order to find a solution. How can we stop constantly recurring clashes between two nations which will not fraternise? The obvious way is to keep them apart. At one time I considered Mr. Jinnah's scheme fantastic, but judging from public utterances and correspondence in the press I am convinced that the gulf between the two people is so great that the only solution is in the direction of segregation. Repatriation has been accomplished with success in Europe.

It may be too dangerous for the Hindus to have the Muslims segregated in Northern India, but the details of segregation may be worked out by representatives of the two communities meeting together in a spirit of compromise.

Indians abroad expected great things from the Congress, but unfortunately the Congress has failed to gain the confidence of the minor communities and also of a substantial portion of the Hindus. We are more divided to-day than we were before the Congress ministries assumed power. A national Government can attempt drastic cures for chronic diseases. However must the aggressive foreign policy of Hitler and Mussolini may be deprecated who can deny that by totalitarian methods they succeeded in purging their countries of many evils? A nationalist party commanding the confidence of all communities in India could do miracles. Will we ever have such a party again? Will lost opportunities recur? Until we have such a party we can only attempt a solution by bringing together representatives of each and every community and party in a round table conference.
—Yours, etc.,

K. A. MASTER.

Lawyers

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Some time back the Legislative Assembly passed a recommendatory resolution regarding the status of different kinds of lawyers. However, the authorities concerned are conspicuously reticent about their move.

That the present professional distinctions are invidiously hard on some unfortunates who could not have the benefit of a costlier qualification can be seen from the following:—

(1) A barrister can practise on the original side while an H. P. or an LL.B. cannot. If it is said that a barrister is more efficient and more informed than an LL.B. or an H. P., why cannot the same argument be extended to the mofussil practice? For it cannot be that the District Court requires less efficiency than the High Court. Practically speaking, there is no difference between a High Court and a District Court in point of laws or jurisdiction. A District Court has almost the same powers as the High Court has. The former has to administer the same kind of laws as the latter. None can say the laws administered by the two Courts are at all different.

(2) If a murder charge can be prosecuted or defended by an H. P. or an LL.B. in the mofussil, why he should not be able to do it in the High Court is rather curious.

(3) Except in Calcutta, no such professional distinction and consequently disability as obtain in Bombay are to be found elsewhere.

(4) By taking the analogy of the medical profession, one cannot but feel that in Bombay, in

(Continued on page 8 Col. 3)

Frankly Speaking

Ridiculous Figures

The figures of German and British air losses as published by the "Daily Express" of London is an instance of how not to do publicity. These figures appear to us to be so nonsensical that we wonder how even the "Daily Express" permitted itself to publish them. Total British losses during the first eleven months of the war, that is, September 1939, to July 1940, are supposed to be 134 aircraft. How amazingly ridiculous this is will be clear from the figures of Air Ministry itself. For instance, Britain lost 172 'planes from June 18-19 to August 5. How are we to believe that from September 1939 to July 1940 —a period which includes some of the bitterest aerial battles in France—the figure is only 143. Even more amazing is the claim about loss to Germany of no less than 100,000 pilots, observers and gunners since the war began. If the number of machines lost by Germany on all fronts since tember is only 2,661—other and perhaps less inaccurate estimates put the figure at 5000—the "Daily Express" would have us believe that at an average, the Germans lost about 40 men with every machine. All this is so much nonsense and, worse still, it injures Britain's own interests.

India In U. S. A.

From a New York cable that we publish elsewhere, it would appear that India—or, more accurately, Britain's good intentions toward India—has come into prominence in America with curious suddenness. Great importance has been given to the Viceroy's statement as if it were the long-expected charter of India's freedom, although, so far as this country is concerned, it has been received here in a spirit of criticism even by non-Congress politicians. The British, however, are at liberty to conduct propaganda in their favour in the U. S. A.—even to mobilise the talents of Professor John Coatman, whom India knows rather well. But we would suggest to the Congress Working Committee to be alert and, if possible, to make arrangements for countering British propaganda in the U. S. A.

Civic Elections

The Bombay Government will do well to accept the recommendation of the Municipal Corporation to extend its life by one year, that is, up to the 31st March 1943. As the next elections will be on the basis of adult franchise the change will give the Corporation enough time to prepare the electoral rolls after the new census figures are available. There need not have been any opposition to the proposal and what little opposition there was seemed to be regarding irrelevant issues. The minorities, whose claims were referred to in the course of the discussion, have nothing to fear under adult franchise, the weakest minority being able to pull with its full population strength. Nor need there be any fear that there will be any unfair delimitation of the constituencies as the organisation throughout will be on the basis of population.

Religious Instruction In Schools

The Sind Education Advisory Board is reported to have appointed a sub-committee to recommend what kind of religious education may be given to children in the schools. If the Board has already decided to give religious education of some kind or other, we cannot congratulate it on its decision as we fear there will be, sooner or later, sharp differences of opinion on the nature of the instruction to be imported. In a country where religious differences are many and are often unconscionably exaggerated, it is best for a Government to confine themselves to secular education, leaving private or aided schools to provide religious education if they like. Sound moral instruction is much to be preferred from every point of view, at any rate in schools. If religious instruction is consistent with this, it is superfluous. If it is not, it is harmful.

"To Open A Gate"

There is a general feeling among passengers from the Shivaji Park and the Hindu and Parsee Colonies that it would add greatly to their convenience if the gate on Platform No. 4, at Dadar station was opened. The District Traffic Superintendant of the B. B. & C. I. Railway has been approached in this connection and his answer appears to be that there is "no justification to open this gate." It seems a little high-handed for a public utility concern to expect a petition of a hundred or more passengers each time a gate is requested to be opened. "Justification" is too formal a word for so trival a request and it is regrettable that the Railway authorities do not believe in the principle accepted all over the world that the customer is always right.

British Troops Quit Shanghai

APOLOGIA FOR WITHDRAWAL: JAPAN PLEASED: FRENCH FORCES TO STAY: ITALY AND AMERICA UNDECIDED

Nippon Drive To Secure Bases In Indo-China

LONDON, August 9.

The War Office has announced that British troops at present stationed in Shanghai and North China were being withdrawn for service elsewhere.

WITHDRAWAL EXPLAINED

The question of the disposal of this force has been under consideration by the British Government since before the war.

It is pointed out in London that the original purpose of British troops at Shanghai was to protect British lives and property, within the International Settlement from Chinese acts of banditry.

With the development of the war between China and Japan the original purpose of these troops has, in fact, lost its significance. Therefore, the British Government felt that a force of this size could be better engaged in some other way.

As a result it has been decided to put it to another use.

Troops In Shanghai And Tientsin

LONDON, Aug. 9.

It is learned authoritatively in London that the two battalions of British troops stationed in Shanghai and Tientsin were the Seaforth Highlanders and the East Surreys. In addition, there was a platoon acting as Embassy Guard at Pekin.

Originally there were more troops there. But in last October one battalion was removed from Tientsin and Pekin.

From the strictly military viewpoint, it is emphasised that such small forces separated by long distances are more a liability than an asset, but if these forces are concentrated elsewhere, they would become of military importance.—Reuter.

JAPAN & U. S. INFORMED

"Reuter" learns authoritatively that Great Britain has informed the Japanese Government of the withdrawal of British troops stationed in Shanghai and North China. The United States Government have also been kept informed of British intentions throughout the withdrawal.

According to authoritative estimates the British force in Shanghai amounts to some 15,000 men.

SINO-BRITISH PROTOCOL

A Japanese Government spokesman announcing that Britain has notified Japan of the withdrawal of Garrison troops from Shanghai and North China, said: "The British note stated that the British Government reserve all rights under the Pekin Protocol of 1901 until the Protocol is amended, or abrogated by agreement between the Powers concerned."

A protocol was signed between Britain and China following the Boxer rising and it was stipulated that British troops would be stationed in the legation and in an emergency be used to keep open the railway from Pekin to the sea at Tientsin.—Reuter.

JAPANESE PLEASED

The withdrawal of British troops has not come as a surprise to the British community here who generally anticipated it and fully appreciate the circumstances of the withdrawal, says a Shanghai message.

A Japanese Embassy spokesman declared: "The Japanese authorities are very pleased with this action".

He recalled the Japanese request at the time of Italy's entry into the war for withdrawal of the forces of belligerent third powers from Shanghai in order to prevent incidents. "We expect other powers will follow the British lead", added the spokesman.

Semi-official French sources state that no withdrawal of French forces is contemplated while the United States and Italian authorities are non-committal.

Japanese Ships Held Up

As a sequel to the dispute over British-owned steamer "Fatshan" of 2,639 tons which had been held up at Canton since last week British authorities here have refused permission for the Japanese steamers "Kaiju Maru" and "Shiragame Maru" to enter Hongkong from Canton. The holding up of "Fatshan" followed a dispute over pilotage dues.

On inquiry in London it is learned that for some time there had been a two-way agreement providing for ships to ply between Canton and Hongkong on a reciprocal basis.

As "Fatshan" was denied entry into Canton her corresponding opposite numbers, the "Kaiju Maru" and the "Hakugi Maru", were similarly refused entry into Hongkong.

Japanese Forces Ready To Attack Indo-China

20 WARSHIPS KEPT READY

SHANGHAI, Aug. 9.

The situation in Indo-China is hourly becoming more tense. Increased activity by Japanese naval units and troopships in South China waters gives rise to the belief that Japanese forces are geared ready for a possible move southwards.

Reports from Chungking today state that information has been received that the authorities in French Indo-China are rushing defence preparations and big movements of Annamite and Tonkines troops are taking place.

THE CHINESE PRESS TO-DAY PUBLISHES ALARMING REPORTS OF THE SITUATION STATING THAT 20 JAPANESE WARSHIPS ARE CONCENTRATED IN THE GULF TONKIN AND A BIG NAVAL FORCE IS STEAMING FROM FORMOSA TOWARDS INDO-CHINA, BUT THESE REPORTS ARE WITHOUT ANY OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION.

JAPAN WANTS BASES IN INDO-CHINA

It is known here that during the past few days movements of Japanese vessels between Formosa and Hainan have been intensified. Travellers report unusually large naval concentrations in both places, particularly Hainan. These concentrations are said to comprise of several cruisers, aircraft carriers and a considerable number of destroyers and transports. It is believed many Japanese troops have been transferred from South China to Hainan.

JAPAN WANTS BASES

Meanwhile French reply to the "suggestions", which are reported to have been sent to the Governor-General by Japanese "Inspector-General" in Indo-China is awaited.

It is widely believed that the Japanese are pressing for the establishment of military naval and air bases in Indo-China and also for the passage of troops in order to attack China from that quarter with Kunming as objective.—Reuter.

Franco's Brother-in-Law At Hoare's Reception

MADRID, Aug. 9.

Senor Serrano Suner, Spanish Minister of Interior, who is General Franco's brother-in-law, attended a reception given here by the British Ambassador, Sir Samuel Hoare

It was the first occasion when he was present at the British Embassy.—Reuter.

TO REPLACE LOST BR. AIRCRAFT

M. P.'s Cheque For £100,000

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Mr. Garfield Weston, M. P. for Macclesfield, has presented to the Minister of Aircraft Production a cheque for a 100,000 pounds to build 16 Hurricanes and Spitfires to replace the total British losses in Thursday's air battle over the Channel.—Reuter.

Swedish Cargo Boat Torpedoed

LONDON, Aug. 9.

According to Stockholm Wireless, the Swedish Cargoer "Atos" (1,500 tons) was torpedoed and sunk, while bound for Sweden with a cargo from a British port.

One passenger was killed but the crew and other passengers were saved.—Reuter.

Who Will Draft Constitution?

Interested M.P.'s May Ask For Fuller Explanation From Amery

LONDON, Aug. 8.

The Viceroy's statement was well received among all parties in the Commons, states Reuter's Parliamentary correspondent. No decision has been taken as regards the debate on it in the House of Commons. Liberals and Labourites will give the statement further consideration, especially as business in the Commons next week is already congested.

Members who take special interest in Indian affairs feel that they would like further explanations about what the Government has in mind, especially regarding machinery for building a new constitutional scheme when the time comes and it is hoped that Mr. Amery in due ccurse will be able to make a fuller statement.—Reuter.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO PLANE FUND EXCEED £2,400,000

LONDON, August 8.

Lord Beaverbrook announces that contributions from the public for the purchase of aircraft now exceed 2,400,000 sterling.—Reuter.

BUCHAREST OUTRAGE

Police Extort Information From British Messenger On Point Of Revolver

LONDON Aug. 9.

It is learned in authoritative quarters in London, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent, that the British Legation in Bukharest is making a strong protest about the recent molestation by the Rumanian police of a messenger employed by the British Legation.

Information reaching London has confirmed that the messenger was taken to police headquarters where he was questioned and required to give certain information and upon his refusal to give this, he was threatened with a revolver.

The British legation is calling for an immediate enquiry and punishment of the person responsible.—Reuter.

Anti-Jewish Campaign In Rumania Intensifies

BUCHAREST, August 9.

The anti-Jewish campaign is being intensified. Twelve journalists from leading newspapers including the editor of a well-known liberal journal has been arrested "for spreading tendentious news against the state".—Reuter.

RUMANIA BETRAYED

Premier's Complaint: Axis Accused Of Double-crossing

LONDON, Aug. 8.

According to a Bucharest despach to the official German news agency the Rumanian Prime Minister M. Gigurtu in a broadcast last night emphasised that in Salzburg and Rome he was told only that there was a desire that Rumania should come to an understanding with her Hungarian and Bulgarian neighbours while remaining mistress of her fate.

Rumania's reply to this suggestion, said M. Gigurtu, was "from the moment she announced her decision to line up with the policy of the Axis Powers she also was ready to fall in with that desire. Rumania desires an understanding with her neighbours on a basis which will result in peaceful and genuinely friendly relations.

There are only two ways of reaffirming it. Either the Magyar and Rumanian nations must march hand-in-hand on a basis of historical facts refraining from territorial claims in order to bring about a definite understanding immediately or there must be an exchange of populations, which necessarily will not involve Rumania in any cession of territory."

The Governments of both countries, he added, must now endeavour to find the best path between these widely differing solutions to conclude a possible understanding.

The same position, although less difficult, exists in regard to Bulgaria. Rumania hopes to reach an understanding with Bulgaria which will end the disputes between the two peoples.

Rumania further hopes that relations with the Soviet Union, now that she has made a great sacrifice, can be developed on a basis of good neighbourliness."—Reuter.

Rumanian Wheat For Germany

LONDON, Aug. 9.

The Bremen wireless states that an agreement has been signed at Bucharest for the export of Rumanian wheat to Germany.—Reuter.

Bermuda Gives Warm Reception To Windsors

BERMUDA, August 9.

The Duke and Duchess of Windsor were smiling, and looked very fit when they came ashore on Thursday. The visit is described as private and informal.

The Governor, Commander of the West-Indies Squadron, Admiral Sir Charles Kennedy Purvis and Mrs. Hastings Brooke—sister of the Governor—were among those who greeted them.

A guard of honour received the Duke with Royal salute. The party drove to Government House through cheering crowds. The Duke was waving a straw hat in acknowledgment and was pleased at the reception.—Reuter.

ENLISTMENTS SUSPENDED.

JERUSALEM, August 9.

It is officially announced that owing to the magnificent response for recruits from Palestine and Transjordan the Royal Air Force is suspending local enlistments. Recruiting for army service unit continues.—Reuter.

India's Defence

(Continued from page 1.)

for military service throughout the country.

TRAIN INDIAN OFFICERS.

As equally vital question is the training and appointment of Indian officers. It is a matter for satisfaction that Government have at last abandoned the highly unjust policy of confining the combatant Indian officers to the eight Indianising units and of appointing them initially to posts hitherto occupied by Viceroy's commissioned officers, but the question of the extent to which the Indian officers will be appointed in future has been left quite vague.

ARMY EXPANSION.

The expansion of the army by 75,000 men will entail the appointment of a large number of officers. Our regular army of about 150,000 men has approximately 3,000 officers. It may, therefore, be roughly assumed that the new units will require about 1,500 officers. There is thus a wide scope for the employment of Indian officers at least in the lower grades, but Indians may, as in the past, find themselves left in the cold.

It is absolutely necessary, therefore, that Government should tell the public how many Indian, European and Anglo-Indian officers respectively have been appointed owing to the war, how many officers would be required for the forces that are being raised now and how many Indian officers it is proposed to appoint. The country has for long been demanding the rapid Indianisation of the Indian army. This demand is bound to become more insistent now. Government should, therefore, announce as early as possible that whatever may have happened in the past, every effort will be made in future to make the army truly national by placing its leadership in the hands of Indians.

U. T. C. AND O. T. C.

The University Training Corps has so far been treated as of no account. The purpose for which it was established has not been allowed to be fulfilled. Educated young men are trained as if they were meant to be nothing more than ordinary soldiers. The Corps can, however, still provide a valuable field for the recruitment of Indian Officers. It should be expanded and utilised in the same way as the Officers' Training Corps at the British Universities is utilised in England.

INDIAN AIR FORCE

The air arm is an essential part of modern defence forces. The war has demonstrated its vital importance, but the Indian Air Force exists only on paper. It consists of one squadron only. Three more squadrons, however, are now going to be formed, but even with this addition it will be a ludicrously insignificant force. It has been said that there are two obstacles to its rapid expansion, the absence of an adequate number of trained mechanics and want of the necessary equipment. The co-operation of the British Government has enabled Australia and Canada to undertake the manufacture of aeroplanes. If England gives the same help to India as she has given to Canada and Australia, the manufacture of aeroplanes should be as practicable here as it has proved in those countries. We shall have to import the necessary trained staff from England to begin with, but it should be one of the duties of the imported men to train Indian tehnicians to take their places as quickly as possible.

Indian pilots have so far been trained in very small numbers on the ground that the scope for their employment is extremely limited. If the R. A. F. throws open its doors as freely to Indian pilots as it has done to Dominion pilots, the training of pilots on a large scale can be undertaken in this country even before a large expansion of the Indian Air Force becomes possible.

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

We have been informed of the number of Indian ratings employed in the Royal Indian Navy but we have not been told what is the total number of naval officers and how many of them are Indians. When the Royal Indian Navy was created it was laid down that one-third of the annual vacancies in the officer grade would be filled with Indians. So far as is known, this rule has not been changed. This policy which never had any justification should be given up now and Indian officers should be trained and employed to the full extent available. There is no reason why the Indian Navy should not be as completely officered by Indians as the Indian Air Force is.

MUNITIONS MANUFACTURE

To ensure the safety of India it is as necessary to manufacture the munitions required in modern warfare as to raise the necessary forces. Dependence upon foreign sources of supply may prove a serious danger to it in an emergency. Steps have already been taken to make India more self-sufficient in respect of the manufacture of the essential requirements, but she is still unable to manufacture the aeroplanes, tanks, armoured vehicles and heavy artillery on which mechanised warfare depends. According to press reports, schemes for the production of aeroplanes and armoured vehicles are under the consideration of Government, but no authoritative information has so far been forthcoming on the subject. The matter is of the greatest importance and Government should make an early pronouncement on the subject. The Council is certain that the country will not grudge any expenditure that may be found necessary to start the manufacture of the weapons referred to above.

The measures suggested above will not only ensure the security of India but enable her to give effective help to England in defending the just cause which she has espoused. The country is demanding self-government. It may not be possible to take up the constitutional question during the war, but if England shows her readiness to create a national defence force in India and thus to concede military self-government to Indians it will be regarded as a signal proof of her desire to grant freedom to India and will unite India and England in lasting bonds of friendship.

Roosevelt Reprimands Ex-Ambassador

Statement In London On Belgian King's Decision Unauthorised

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.

President Roosevelt has ordered Mr. John Cudahy, former United States' Ambassador in Belgium, to return to the United States for consultation.

Mr. John Cudahy was publicly reprimanded by the State Department for his interview in London.

Mr. Sumnerwelles, announcing Mr. Cudahy's recall, read a formal statement in which he said that his interview in London has been given "in violation of the standing instructions of the State Department and certain of the views expressed by the Ambassador are not to be construed as representing the Government's views".

The statement added that the incident illustrates again the importance which must be attributed by American representatives abroad to the Department's instructions to refrain at this critical time from making public statements other than those made in accordance with instructions of the State Department.

The interview refers to an interview by Mr. John Cudahy given in London to newspaper representatives, in the course of which Mr. Cudahy declared that when the truth was known, King Leopold's decision to surrender would be applauded and added that it would be known that the Allies were fully informed of the decision not less than two days beforehand.—Reuter.

NAZI ROUT IN FIRST AIR 'BLITZKRIEG'

60 AIRCRAFT DESTROYED IN BIG BATTLES OVER CHANNEL: BRITAIN LOSES 16 FIGHTERS AND 5 SHIPS

LONDON, August 9.

The Air Ministry announces that full reports of yesterday's actions over the Channel show that sixty enemy aircraft were destroyed and many others damaged. Sixteen British fighters were lost, but three of our pilots are now reported to be safe, two being wounded.

FIRST TASTE OF 'BLITZKRIEG'?

400 Nazi Aircraft In Action Over Channel

Some four hundred German aircraft were sighted over the Channel during actions yesterday. The enemy, therefore, lost over one-seventh of the planes they threw into the attacks on convoys.

At the day's actions, however, were fought in three parts with intervals of over an hour, it is probable that many enemy machines were in action several times after refuelling and rearming at bases in France.

Thus it is possible that the actual number involved may have been considerably less than 400 and the percentage of German losses correspondingly higher.

FIVE SHIPS SUNK

It is learned in London that five ships were sunk in yesterday's Channel raids on a convoy by motor torpedo boats and by planes with a total tonnage of 5,039 compared with the fantastic Nazi claim of having sunk ships with a total tonnage of 67,000. Seven other ships in the convoy were damaged, but all were taken to port.

The German motorboat which the Admiralty 'communique' stated last night as destroyed, was sunk by gunfire from one of the vessels escorting our convoy.

Three of the five ships lost were sunk during the attack by German motor boats. These were small vessels of a total tonnage of approximately 2,500.

The two other vessels were sunk in the air attack and their tonnage together was 25,38.

The seven ships damaged were all small and only two were of over a thousand tons.

STORY OF THE CHANNEL BATTLE

A further story of the sky battle over the Channel is given by the Air Ministry News Service which says:

The main air battle was fought in three parts.

The first German attack on a convoy took place between 9 a.m. and 9-30 a.m. when six Junkers dive-bombers and three Messerschmitts were destroyed by a Hurricane squadron which was the most successful in to-day's engagements.

The second attack on the same convoy by a still larger formation of dive-bombers and escorting fighters developed between 11-30 a.m. and 1 p.m.

Finally throwing nearly 150 dive-bombers and fighters into the battle the Germans made a third attack between 4 p.m. and 5 p.m

POLISH PILOT'S SUCCESS.

A Squadron Leader describing one of the fights said the sky over the convoy was "literally black" with German bombers and fighters.

After the first morning battle a Polish Flying Officer (who speaks very little English) told with the help of his fellow pilots how he saw his first large formation Junkers supported by new Heinkel 113 fighters.

He said he was attacked by three Heinkel 113's who seemed to be working to a plan—one flying alone and the other two as a pair. If you attack the pair the single one tries to get on your tail.

He tackled the single Heinkel and watched it go down smoking though he was unable to see the final crash. The other two flew off.

It was during the last battle of the afternoon that this Polish Pilot got his first Messerschmitt 109.

A Flight-Lieutenant in the most successful Hurricane squadron managed to bring down two Junkers though his engines stopped. He said he was forced to retire owing to engine failure but dived on a Junkers 87.

After three or four seconds bursts it dived and crashed into the sea.

SECOND BATTLE.

My engine restarted and so I went after another Junkers 87 and attacked him before he was able to make his dive-bombing attack on the convoy. He dived into the sea at high speed. After this second attack my engine stopped for good and I only just got back to England.'

He managed to land at a nearby aerodrome.

In the second battle of the day three Hurricanes of this squadron met ten Messerschmitt 110's and shot three of them and Messerschmitt 109 down into the sea. The Messerschmitt 109 was being used as a decoy.

While the Hurricanes were tackling it the Messerschmitt 110 were supposed to have taken them by surprise but as one of the Hurricanes Pilots said "The Messerschmitt 109 overacted his part."

Meanwhile a Spitfire squadron chased seven Messerschmitt 109's over the Channel and destroyed six of them.

As a finishing touch a Spitfire pilot fired at a German motor torpedo-boat off Calais several of whose crew fell overboard.

It is believed in London that about one-third of the German air losses in to-day's battle were Junkers 87 dive bombers and the remainder were fighters but it is not yet known how many were single and how many double-engined planes.

German planes attacked about 80 at a time in the biggest most determined and most continuous air battle of the war off the British coasts. The intermittent attacks were spread over 14 hours —Reuter.

Prakasam On

SECRET OF CONGRESS STRENGTH

Not A Party, But Movement Representing People's Aspirations

POLAVARAM, Aug. 9.

The Congress had not broken away from Gandhiji and if the British Government refused to concede the demand of the Congress, as set forth in the Poona resolutions, the Congress would carry on as before observed Mr. T. Prakasam, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, presiding over the East Godavari District Political Conference.

Turning to the position of the Congress 'vis-a-vis' the other parties in the country, the President said it was a tragic fact that the Muslim League, the Hindu Mahasabha, the Moderates, the Liberals and the Justice Party had always attacked the Congress and stood in the way of the Government conceding the demands of the Congress. In spite of these organisations, the Congress had grown from strength to strength because the Congress was not a party but a movement representing the aspirations of the people as a whole.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, ex-Premier, opened the Conference.—A. P.

She Makes News To-day

LEELA CHITNIS, who promises to make a screen conquest in "BANDHAN", coming to the ROXY at 1 o'clock to-day.

Betrayers Run Self-Styled Vichy Government

JUSTICE WILL BE DONE WHEN GERMAN AND ITALIAN MASTERS ARE BEATEN, SAYS DE GAULLE

LONDON, August 8.

General de Gaulle in a world broadcast from London declared that those guilty of having lost the battle for France were the men who neglected to remodel the French army and suit it to mechanised war.

He gave this as a reply to the "wretched people who have betrayed France and are trying to divert attention from their own crimes".

General de Gaulle continued, "This was a mechanised war and our armies were blasted by the German mechanised forces. The people who are entirely responsible for our disasters on the battlefield are those who whether War Ministers or high military commanders neglected to remodel the French army.

In fact those who in our country are guilty of having lost the battle are, it seems to me, the leaders who were in command or who abused their authority to lead us to throw down our arms whilst we still possessed them.

I firmly believe that at least two of those are at present at the head of the self-styled Vichy Government."

He added that justice would be done when the masters of Germany and Italy had been beaten: When the French leaders who have shown themselves unworthy of being leaders had been condemned.—Reuter.

AIR RAIDS ON BERBERA

Italian Forces Advance In Somaliland: British And S. A. Air Forces Active

FIGHT FOR ADEN

CAIRO, Aug. 9.

To-day's 'communique' states: "In Somaliland, enemy columns from Hergeisa and Odweina have been reported to be advancing northwards. Patrols along the coast between Berbera and Zeila report that the situation is normal.

There were two entirely ineffective air raids on Berbera.

There is nothing to report in Palestine and in Kenya.

Italian Raids On Somaliland

Two small formations of enemy aircraft raided British Somaliland. It is reported that one bomber was damaged by ground defences. There were no British casualties.

Our bombers attacked Hergeisa on August 7 and scored hits on barracks believed to contain troops.

Bombers of the South African Air Force raided the frontier post at Elwak.

It is considered in London that the Italians would have considerable difficulty in trying to advance on Berbera from Jibuti along the coast road, as this route can be bombarded from sea.

Aden View Of Italian Drive

It is generally realised here, says a message from Aden, that the Italian attack on British Somaliland was mainly due to the situation, which arose after the Italians had nothing more to fear from the French in French Somaliland. The position at Djibouti is being fully appreciated and developments in Somaliland have in consequence been received calmly.

Italy Helpless Without Control Over Suez

Any successes achieved by the Italians as a result of their drive towards the Gulf of Aden can count for nothing, it is pointed out in Cairo, unless the Suez Canal is captured and the British Navy forced from the Red Sea which is at present exclusively a British sea route free from menace by the enemy despite his long coastline.

Only three Italian submarines are left in the Red Sea following the disabling of another submarine by the Air Force yesterday and the Italian navy in this area is so outnumbered by the British that they dare not attack merchantships.

It is learned that the Saudi Arabian Government have officially declared shipping routes safe for pilgrims. In other words Egyptian pilgrim ships have nothing to fear. Unless Italy can unlock the door which Britain has closed for enemy supplies through the Suez Canal to the Red Sea, Italian armies in Abyssinia must be gradually swallowed up is the opinion of observers here.

Anglo-Egyptian co-operation is extremely close. Every phase of the scheme to be put into operation if Egypt is attacked has been perfected by British and Egyptian military leaders.—Reuter.

Rescuing The 'Aboriginals'

By Force Of Love & Science: Mr. Elwin Suggests Remedy

A vivid and moving picture of the gradual decline of a once royal people, whom people in their superiority ventured to classify as "aboriginal" was presented by Mr. Verrier Elwin, in the course of a talk on the Gonds of the Central Provinces, at the Recreation Club Institute Hall on Friday evening.

Mr. Ali Mohamed Mecklai presided.

Mr. Elwin traced how these affectionate and innocent children of nature, once a tribe of happy hunters, gradually broke down under the stress of poverty and fear. They considered themselves, children of the earth and would not plough the land. They used to raise crops, however, by burning down forests and sowing in the ashes, with the advance of civilisation, they were prevented from practising this primitive method of agriculture. They were also prohibited from hunting and from carrying their bows and arrows. Then every sort of backmailer and cheat; merchants, landlords and lawyers exploited and impoverished them till their self-respect, their vitality, their will to live declined when a primitive people lost their will to live, they fell a prey to civilised diseases and died out.

There was only one remedy for saving the 20,000,000 aboriginals of India from their appalling conditions. That was Love—Love that was free from sentiment, a sinewy, vigorous love, a bright sword that would fight for right and justice. He thought that by the force of Love and Science, it would be still possible to recreate and revive those simple people of the jungle.

LORRY TURNS TURTLE INJURING 10

Ten persons were injured, when a motor lorry loaded with bags of coal turned turtle at Reay Road on Friday evening.

It appears that in order to avoid running into a bullock cart, coming from the opposite direction, the driver of the lorry, swerved it sharply as a result of which the lorry fell on its side. The coal bags were thrown down, as also some labourers who were sitting on top of the bags.

Three of the workers who sustained serious injuries are detained in the J. J. Hospital. The others were treated and allowed to go.

No Cause Of Panic For Insurants

An appeal has been issued by H. C. Naug, Secretary, Indian Insurance Companies' Field Workers' Association, requesting the members of the Association to explain the insurants that invested in Insurance Companies and hence they should not make their policies there is no danger to their moneys paid-up.

EXCESS PROFITS TAX APPEALS

Board Of Referees With 50 Per Cent Non-Officials To Be Constituted

CALCUTTA, Aug. 8.

The Government of India, it is learnt, will shortly constitute the Board of Referees for hearing applications and appeals under the Excess Profit Tax Act.

At least 50 per cent of members of the Board will be non-officials, having business experience. Various commercial and industrial bodies in the country are now being consulted by the Government in regard to the Personnel of the Board.—A. P.

Sugar Production In India

CALCUTTA, Aug 8.

Recording about 9.8 per cent average recovery of sugar from sugar cane, the 139 factories in India and Burma are reported to have produced 3,33,11,363 maunds of sugar in 1939-40, as against 1,75,71,500 maunds in the previous years, according to the final calculations made by the Indian Sugar Mills Association on the basis of figures supplied by almost all the factories.

As regards production in the year under review, the United Provinces top the list with a production of 18,503 232 maunds and then comes Bihar with a production of 8,667,232 maunds. The shares of Bengal, the Punjab, Madras (excluding Mysore), Bombay and Sind, and other States and Provinces in the quota of the year are 1,057,582 maunds, 532,467 maunds, 844,206 maunds, 2,337,267 and 1,367,640 maunds respectively.—A. P.

LOKAMANYA OFFICE RAIDED & SEARCHED

Demand Of Securities From Keeper And Publisher

BOMBAY, Friday.

The office of the "Lokmanya" the well-known Marathi daily, was raided and searched this afternoon by the Special Branch of Bombay C. I. D. Police.

It is understood that the Police confiscated all the copies of the issue of 9th July, under Sec. 19 of the Indian Press Act (Emergency Powers) 1931. The said issue, it appears, is forfeited on the ground that it contained certain article, which is objectionable under Clause (6) of Sub-Sec. (I) of Sec. 4 of the Act.

Securities Demanded From "Lokamanya"

The Government of Bombay has demanded securities of Rs. 3,000 each under Secs. 3 (3) and 7 (3) of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931, from Mr Amritlal Prabhashankar Sata, keeper of the Janmabhoomi Mudranalaya, Bombay, and Mr. Digamber Bapuji Lotlikar, printer and publisher of the "Lokamanya" newspaper of Bombay for printing and publishing matter of the nature described in Clause (bb) of Sec. 4 (1) of that Act. All copies of the issue dated the 9th July 1940 of the "Lokamanya" newspaper publishing the offending article have also been declared to be forfeited under Sec. 19.

LAWYERS

(Continued from page 6)

the legal profession, the discrimination either continues because none cares to remove it, or because the same is sought to be inflicted by interested parties. In the medical profession, the lowest qualified practitioner can practise anywhere he desires. In that profession the public may choose whomsoever they please, while in the legal profession it is not the public that choose whom they like, but they have to choose from among only those that are favoured by circumstances and the authorities, i.e. they have to choose the chosen.

From the above it should not be understood that the academic distinctions are sought to be ended. But what is attacked is the professional discrimination.—Yours, etc.,

D. R. DESAI.

Niggardly And Unimpressive

BRITISH LIBERAL PAPER'S PLAIN-SPEAKING TO CHURCHILL GOVT.

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Commenting on the White Paper "The Daily Herald" points out that Italy occupied Somaliland because India was not supporting Britain, and then declares: —"But India is not pulling her weight—Why? Not because she is dissatisfied, disappointed and distrustful: but because all proposals for self-government yet made seemed to India's own chosen leaders grudging and inadequate.

"Will the proposals announced by Mr. Amery have more success? Frankly, it is doubtful. For they go little beyond the proposals made last October. Those proposals, the "Daily Herald" described, were niggardly and unimpressive.

"It is not a very hopeful outlook. But there is a chance. Let the chance be taken. It is not time for hedging and haggling, but for bold statesmanship and for a swift and generous, not tardy and grudging, fulfilment of the promises."

IS IT MERE WINDOW-DRESSING?

"The News Chronicle", in its comments on the White Paper, stated: "Everything depends on whether the intention behind this move is to create a genuine nucleus responsible to the Central Government out of this enlarged Council, or whether it is merely another piece of window dressing.

"A pre-requisite of Dominion Status for India is agreement among Indians themselves, but to defer one day longer than necessary frank discussion of the matter will be to miss a historic opportunity. Nothing could do more to convince the world that we are sincere in our protestations and we are fighting for liberty than the offer of a free girl of liberty to the people of India.

"One sentence in the White Paper is open to suspicion. It is clear, says the Viceroy's statement that the moment when the Commonwealth is engaged in a struggle for existence is not one in which fundamental constitutional issues would be decisively resolved.

"No moment would be more propitious when fundamental constitutional issues are being changed by our enemy at an unprecedented speed. Here at hand is an opportunity for us to let all men know that we too can change and our changes—unlike his—would lead men forward into new, better worlds, where freedom is not forgotten, and proscribed fantasy, but a meaning and reality of life."

"The other factors, no less immediate, emphasise the unwisdom of the statement. The war is close to India, and it may get even closer before the tide of tyranny recedes. At our back we need a united self-respecting India, conscious of a free future it desires to be bound up with the maintenance of world freedom, for which we fight. Nothing would contribute more to the fulfilment of that need than a specific offer by the British Government to discuss Dominion Status here and now."—United Press.

No Facilities For Keeping Arms For Self-Protection

Starting Of Military Colleges In University Centres Unpractical: Bengal Council Rejects Both Motions

CALCUTTA, Aug. 9.

Two important questions, namely, the immediate starting of military colleges in university centres "in order to train Indian students as officers in Army, Navy and Air Services for the defence of India against external aggression and internal disorder", and "enabling adult citizens of British India to keep arm for self-protection without any licence", came up for consideration in the Bengal Legislative Council (Upper House) this afternoon in the shape of non-official motions.

TRUST INDIANS

Mr. Lalit Chandra Das (Congress) moving the first motion said that the universities in England and on the continent provided facilities for imparting military training to their students. India was the only country, where there were no such facilities. As the war was spreading and coming nearer home, he appealed to the British Government and the Government of India to give up their traditional policy of distrust of Indians and supplant it by a policy of trust of India and Indians so that Indians might be allowed to learn the art of defence under modern conditions.

On behalf of Government, Sir Bijoy Prosad Singh-Roy, Revenue Minister, said that as it was the concern of the Government of India, his Government would forward the motion and the discussions thereon to the Central Government. Personally, he thought the proposal made in the motion was an unpractical one.

ARMS FOR SELF-PROTECTION

In moving the second motion, regarding grant of facilities for keeping arms for self-protection without a licence, Mr. Humayun Kabir reminded the House of the Common law prevailing in England where anybody and everybody could keep arms provided he had money. He was of the opinion that India should take a lesson in this respect from England.

Speaking on behalf of the Government, Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister, said that the matter raised by Mr. Kabir did not directly concern the provincial Government. Therefore, Government would express no opinion on the merits of the motion and they would remain neutral at the time of voting.

Both the motions were rejected by the House by 23 to 15 and 18 to 12 votes, respectively, Government remaining neutral.

The Council then adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

LET US REACH THE MILLION MARK QUICK.

R. S. Pandit In Frontier Province

PESHAWAR, Aug. 8.

Mr. R. S. Pandit, Secretary of the All-India Congress Volunteer Corps, arrived in Abbottabad on August 6.

Mr. R. S. Pandit met various prominent Khudai Khitmatgars, including Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and Dr. Khan Sahib.—A. P.

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(HAPPINESS WITH CHEAPNESS)

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TRAVEL-AS-OFTEN-AS-YOU-LIKE

THERE ARE NINE ZONES

FULL PARTICULARS FROM ANY STATION

P. B. & C. I. RY

Prepare her to be a beautiful lady

WITH BEAUTY TREATMENT No. 1

To encourage the natural beauty of her young and delicate skin, to protect it against the ravages of sun and dust, she needs the gentle care of Beauty Treatment No. 1.

It is a very simple Treatment, and very sure. It needs only the regular cleansing of the skin with Pears Soap and cold, clear water; for Pears is a threefold Beauty Treatment in itself.

Thorough Cleansing

Pears is pure soap of the very highest quality. The long maturing process that gives it its transparency also gives it the power of deep and cleansing penetration. Its lather sinks down into the skin and lifts away all traces of dust and impurities that might do harm to tender skin.

Protects the suppleness of skin

Because Pears embodies glycerine it keeps young skin soft and supple, guards it against roughness and cracking.

Pears Tonic Action

And after every wash with Pears, its Tonic Action stimulates the skin. You can actually feel a tingling that tells you that Pears is bracing up the skin, closing the pores against dust and dirt, awakening the skin to new and natural beauty.

Refreshing Perfume

Pears leaves a lovely refreshing perfume, a fragrance that adds so much to charm of youth.

Prepare her to be beautiful, to have lovely, blemish-free skin. Let the Beauty Treatment of Pears and clear water, used regularly, guard her natural loveliness. It is such a simple treatment—and costs so very little.

Pears

TRANSPARENT GLYCERINE SOAP

ECONOMY NOTE

The last thin wafer of your Pears tablet fits into the hollow face of a new tablet. You can use Pears to the very end.

A. & F. Pears Limited, Isleworth, England 30.6.71

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Should Have Waited Until Tomorrow and Put a Fly in the Guy's Coffee By BUD FISHER

YESSIR, A PROFESSIONAL FIGHTER LIKE ME NEEDS GOOD FOOD -- WAITER LET ME HAVE MY BILL!
YESSIR
HERE'S A TEN-SPOT! KEEP THE CHANGE!
OH, THANK YOU, SIR!
YOU'RE REALLY A VERY GOOD WAITER!
I LIKED THE WAY YOU SERVED ME!
THEN WHAT'S THE IDEA GIVING ME A BLACK EYE!?
SO IT'LL BE EASY FOR ME TO RECOGNIZE YA WHEN I COME BACK TOMORROW!
TOMORROW?
?
THAT'S WHAT YOU THINK!
HEY, BOSS! I QUIT!

British And American Comments On Viceroy's Offer

(Continued from page 14.)

ly to secure Self-Government at the end of the war and secondly, to obtain an instalment of authority now without delay. There is no question that the Government proposals mark a real advance with regard to the making and the character of the new constitution. They describe "free and equal partnership in the British Commonwealth" as the goal. That is very well but it needs to be defined. The Government says, therefore, that it will most readily assent to the setting up after the conclusion of the war with the least possible delay of a body representative of the principal elements in India's national life in order to devise the framework of the new constitution, and it will do all it can to hasten the process. Thus the title of Indians substantially to frame their new constitution is conceded."

The terms of the White Paper are certainly vague, in certain respects too vague, but with regard to the framing of new constitution they appear to meet the principal demands that friends of India in this country have long made.

"REPRESENTATIVE INDIANS"

The paper adds:—"The proposals regarding "interim" satisfaction of India's claim to the exercise of authority at the centre are not so satisfactory. The Viceroy will invite certain number of representative Indians to join his Executive Council. It is not stated how many, but one must assume that Indians will henceforward form the majority of the Council. Even if the Council is not governed by the majority vote—neither, by the way, is the British Cabinet—the existence of an Indian majority must make difference both in practice and to Indian sentiment.

Nor is it enough that Indians should be "invited" by the Viceroy. It is important that right Indians should be chosen and that they should be men, who will work not only with the Government but with each other; but it is better that they should be elected by their own fellow countrymen, which means, that they would be truly "representative" than that, however able, they should be the nominees of the Viceroy and so, in the eyes of India, hold an inferior position.

Again, the White Paper does not say what will happen if the Muslims or the Congress refuse to enter the Executive Council on the present terms; but one must assume again that the plan will, in any case, go forward and that those, who stand out will be free to change their mind."

"If the Indian members of the Council were elected, another difficulty would be solved. The Government says that it will assist "Representative Indians" to work on the idea of the new constitution, but it does not suggest, who these should be. They might well be the Indian "representative" members of the Executive Council, who could call to their aid the best men in the country whoever they might be. The Government's proposals, even if so modified, will not, it is true, satisfy the Congress in one important particular, because the Executive Council, even if made more "representative", would not be responsible to the Central Assembly.—Reuter.

ON ROAD TO DOMINION STATUS

LONDON, Aug. 9.

"The proposals put forward in Parliament and by the Viceroy come at a critical moment in the relations between Great Britain and India," says the "Daily Telegraph" and "Morning Post".

In addition to this there is an important undertaking by His Majesty's Government to leave the matter of the future form of the constitution, to be worked out by a body representative of all Indian political elements, which should be set up when war is over.

"Should an agreement be reached upon the new constitutional scheme, the Government will be prepared to accept and give force to it, subject to it making provisions for fulfilment of obligations, which at present lie upon the British Government; obligations for defence, for foreign policy, for relations with States and for security of those now employed in the various services.

CONGRESS DEMAND CONCEDED!

Thus then is conceded the principal Congress demand that any new constitution should be framed by Indians. India's right of self-determination is acknowledged while Indian Security is guaranteed; at the same time the possibility is set aside of any system of Government being erected, whose authority is denied by important elements in the life of India.

"The opportunity is of immense significance and success depends solely upon the capacity of Indians to find their own way out of the complexity of disagreements, in which they have struggled hitherto.

The proposal goes to the utmost length that is consistent with reason and prudence. Now that moderate opinion is of greater force in India than at any earlier time, a further and decisive growth of it, is earnestly to be hoped for.

If India accepts the new machinery, India's splendid contribution to the war effort may go forward with redoubled energy and a way may be opened for constitutional advance, which will give India that status in the Empire, which is the aspiration of her people.—Reuter.

AMERY MAN OF HIS WORD

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Mr. Amery makes another step towards Home Rule for India, says the "Daily Express" Dominion Status has been promised to India before, but Mr. Amery is the man, who keeps his promises. We need India's support in this war and Indians are helping us loyally. They know that a British Victory means India for Indians and a British defeat means India for the Germans, India for the Italians or India for the Japanese.

This is a move of great importance, says the "Daily Mail". It is an attempt to fuse warring elements in Indian Political Life. The war draws nearer to India. Italy's middle-eastern threat also increases the menace to India.—Reuter.

OPPORTUNITY NOT TO BE MISSED

NAGPUR, August 9.

"The Viceroy's statement creates an unique occasion for all political parties in the country to combine, and formulate their response on some common principle with a view to taking a common line of action", said Doctor B. S. Moonje, who arrived here this morning from Madras, in an interview.

Dr. Moonje added that the non-actional negative attitude of non-co-operation of the Congress would not do, nor would the type of non-violence as recommended by Mr. Gandhi to all Britons save India.

FEAR OF CIVIL WAR

"This war is not like the last war. If there will be any shock to the stability of law and order in India by England getting weaker, trouble will arise in India, which may assume the proportions of a civil war as well as be an invitation for foreign nations to invade India. Under these circumstances, one fact must be clear that when we are askcd and we ourselves feel the need to co-operate or help in the organisation of military resistance in India, it is not so much for England as for ourselves. We must not miss any opportunity, however it may come, for militarising our people."—A. P.

Sir Shunmukham Shows How To Look At It

MADRAS, August 9.

"Considering the national and the international complications I think the statement should satisfy those who take a practical view of the matter", says Sir R. K. Shunmukham Chetty, Dewan of Cochin, in an interview to the Associated Press.

Sir Shunmukham Chetty says: His Excellency the Viceroy's statement is a memorable one in every way. The characteristic feature of the statement is its definiteness regarding the future of the Indian constitution. It is now clear beyond doubt that after the conclusion of the war, India will have a constitution analogous to that of the Self-Governing Dominions, and that the responsibility of devising the framework of the constitution will rest on Indian representatives themselves. The proper way of looking at the statement is to examine whether it offers a reasonable solution under the existing conditions and not whether it satisfies the "demands" made by any particular section in India.—A. P.

VICTORY FOR LEAGUE

MADRAS, August 9.

Mr. Basheer Ahmed Sayeed, M. L. A. in the course of a statement says: So far as the safeguarding of the position and interests of the minorities is concerned, the assurances and undertakings given by the Viceroy must be considered adequate and satisfactory. The Moslem League cannot but feel gratified on that score, and this is an achievement in itself.

Concluding he says: I am strongly of the opinion and belief that in the very grave and menacing situation with which we are faced, the country's interests will be best served only if the Congress would reconsider its Poona decision and make up its mind no more to shirk the assumption of responsibility in regard to the governance of the country.—A. P.

Will Mahasabha Accept It?

BEZWADA, August 8.

"So far as the Hindu Mahasabha is concerned they are for responsive co-operation and their motto is to accept what power is given while continuing the fight for more power", declared Dr. B. S. Moonje, Vice-President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, who passed through Bezwada by the Grand Trunk Express this evening, 'en route' to Nagpur to attend the Working Committee meeting of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, referring to the Viceroy's statement.

He added that he was glad the Viceroy recognized Hindu Mahasabha as distinct from the Congress. "I cannot forecast whether the Mahasabha will accept a seat in the newly constituted Executive Council. We must wait for the Working Committee of the Sabha to take stock of this new development and give the lead in this matter."

Dr. Moonje foresaw a great danger to South India, if the Hindu representatives would not join the Executive Council, although Dr. Moonje summed up the Viceroy's statement as "most unsatisfactory and inadequate."—A. P.

Travancore Feels Relieved

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 9.

A reaction to the Viceroy's statement was expressed in the upper house of the Travancore Legislature (Sri Chitra State Council) by the leader of the Progressive Party, Mr. Kottoor Kunjukrishna Pillai, to-day during general discussion of the budget. Mr. Pillai was reassured by the statement that after the war a body representative of the principal elements in India's national life would be set up for devising the framework of the new constitution. He emphasised that treaties between Travancore and the paramount power were treaties of mutual friendship and mutual obligation. Mr. Pillai emphasised that the question of the defence of India and Travancore must be settled before they entered into fresh treaties with any authorities that might assume the governance of India. The Viceroy's statement, however, clearly showed that the British Government were not giving up the task and hence connected matters that had been raised were merely of academic interest.—A. P.

Viceroy's Vague Statement Will Not Satisfy Anyone

A prominent businessman writes:—

I have read the Viceroy's statement on the present political situation in India. I could see His Excellency's anxiety to solve the political problem, but at the same time one could also see the hesitating mood in which the statement is made, particularly as regards the framing of the future Constitution.

When every person in India, whether Indian or European, has acknowledged that there must be some fixed time limit for granting Dominion Status, the Viceroy in his statement has not made this point clear to the satisfaction of the people.

One wonders why it is impossible at this stage to declare the time limit by which Dominion Status would be granted after the War and the particulars of the new constitutional scheme.

I appeal to His Excellency to take an opportunity during his stay in this city to make a definite declaration which I am sure will go a great way in solving the present political impasse.

Enemy Goods Advertisements

SIMLA, August 9.

In a press note dated June 13 on advertising goods of enemy origin, it was laid down that in every advertisement of such goods the statement that the goods were purchased from the custodian of enemy property, or that they were the property of the Advertiser before the outbreak of war, should be given the same prominence as any other statement in the same advertisement.

It will meet the requiremens of the case if a catch-line in type not smaller than 10 pt. to that effect is inserted at the head or foot of each such advertisement.—A. P

GREAT LOSS TO INDIAN FILM INDUSTRY

Rai Bahadur Chuni Lall, Vice-President of the Motion Picture Society of India, says in the course of a statement to the press:—

"The film industry in India is deeply shocked at the news of the premature death of Khan Bahadur Nawab Ahmed Yar Khan Daulatana, M.L.A., Parliamentary Secretary to the Government of the Punjab.

"By the death of Khan Bahadur Daulatana we have lost a stalwart friend of the Indian art and industry, and particularly of the motion picture industry. Both personally and in his official capacity, he spared no pains to do his utmost for the progress of the film industry. The film industry in Northern India had learnt to rely on him for guidance; and his frank, impartial and well-informed reviews of pictures were a perennial source of inspiration to producers, artists and technicians all over the country."

1 P. M. TO-DAY

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Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort,
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AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LTD.,
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YOUR CROWNING GLORY IS YOUR HAIR

Nothing enhances a woman's appearance more than a luxuriant growth of glossy and beautiful hair, and nothing ensures such growth with more certainty than

KING COCOANUT OIL (A Hau-Mas-Bro Product) the open secret of the long lustrous and abundant tresses so much admired wherever this dressing is used.

Not only does King Cocoanut Oil ensure the beauty, lustre and growth of the hair, it also adds to the users' comfort by its cooling action on the scalp, a property which is natural to this oil and does not depend on artificial or harmful ingredients.

The King Cocoanut of South India and Ceylon differs from the ordinary Cocoanut in colour and odour. The objectionable smell of ordinary cocoanut oil is difficult to disguise. King Cocoanut Oil is without this handicap to begin with and in addition is exquisitely perfumed with the odours of choice fresh flowers.

There is no other hairdressing of such all-round excellence. Ask your Chemist for it, and refuse all substitutes.

WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO. LTD., & branches & all up-to-date Chemists & Stores etc., and all B. N. Railway Refreshment Rooms and Hotels.

-/14/- per bottle. Packing free, carriage paid on three bottles and over on application to the Agents at Calcutta.

Agents: FRUGTNEIT & CO., 1, Crooked Lane, (Esplanade) (B. C.), Calcutta to whom you may write for a sample enclosing -/-/6 stamps to cover postage.

NO INCREASE IN PRICES.

Safely Rely on AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

The Secret of "That Kruschen Feeling"

16 SCIENTISTS tell you why 'the little daily dose' of Kruschen Salts gives you such glorious health!

GLORIOUS VITALITY FOR A PICE A DAY. Why does a pinch of Kruschen Salts every morning in your tea or in water make such an amazing difference to your health — always keeping you regular, lively, youthful and full of vitality? Sixteen doctors at a famous London Clinic were asked to find out the exact scientific reason. For 9 months they worked without a break. They made 1,436 experiments on 149 men and women volunteers.

GOOD HEALTH FOR A PICE A DAY. Start this simple little daily health rule now. Take a little daily pinch of Kruschen in your morning tea, or in water, every day. After a week you will find an amazing improvement as your body throws off its poisons, gets active and healthy. You will look better, feel younger — in a word you'll get that glorious zest for life known the world over as 'that Kruschen feeling'. Kruschen is obtainable from all Chemists, Stores & Bazars.

● WHAT THE DOCTORS DISCOVERED

"We found," the Doctors' report said "that Kruschen (just enough to cover a 4 anna piece) taken in water or tea every morning, produces just the right amount of body fluids to prevent constipation. Kruschen actually reproduces Nature's own moistening action. It enables waste matter to be eliminated gently, regularly, completely.

"Unlike artificial violent remedies which need ever-increasing doses, the 'little daily dose' of Kruschen never weakens, forms no habits. We consider that Kruschen is the most satisfactory method of obtaining regular and natural elimination of the body's waste products."

Here is true scientific proof for men and women everywhere that the 'little daily dose' will smooth away their headaches, aches and pains, constipation, lassitude — easily and for good, in Nature's own way.

Kruschen Salts

YOU TOO CAN HAVE "THAT KRUSCHEN FEELING"

In Style Everywhere

Promotes a sense of Cheerfulness and well-being. She found what she wanted in

BMKP WHITE SHIRTINGS

RAI BAHADUR DUNICHAND MEHRA
336, KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.2

Directors At Work (3)

KARDAR

Painter Who Became Producer

By K. AHMAD ABBAS

KARDAR, at work, is one of the most patient men I have ever seen in my life.

I spent a whole day recently watching him on the 'sets' of "Pooja" at the National Studios and was impressed by his patience. Even if an artiste blundered a dozen times, Kardar did not lose his temper. He did not even raise his voice. He has a polished, courtier-like way of speaking and even his orders to his artistes and assistants are liberally punctuated with "Dear" and "Darling".

FINE COMPOSITIONS

Apart from his patience and courtesy,—what struck me about Kardar was his artist's eye for composition. Each of his shots he composes like a picture, taking elaborate care about the proper placing of the characters in relation to the background, using property materials like plants or statuary to create the best possible pictorial effect. Even the worst of his recent pictures, "Holi", was notable for pictorial compositions.

PAINTER, ACTOR, CAMERAMAN!

This is not surprising because Kardar was originally a painter—one of the most promising young painters in Punjab. It was then that he started a production unit of his own at Lahore, United Players, and made almost two dozen silent and talking pictures directing and acting in most of them. It was thus by trial and error (at his own expense!) instead of by apprenticeship under a master that he learnt to direct pictures. His personal acting experience and his flair for artistic composition have been his chief assets during his career. Whenever necessary he tells an artiste exactly how he wishes a particular scene to be acted. (In the above photograph he is telling Zahur Raja how to play a scene with Sitara). He would very much like to have full rehearsals of a picture (he told me) but the rush and hurry in which pictures are generally shot in Bombay do not give him time for that. He does, however, explain the whole story to each of the prominent artistes, with detailed description of that artiste's particular role and its psychological relation to other characters in the film.

Having done actual camera work, too, for some time he has a cinematographer's trained eye which can visualize scenes in terms of screen images. Also he can—and I saw that he does—help the cinematographer in correctly lighting the sets, and fixing camera positions.

Nor is his capacity for work restricted to the 'sets'. Being one of those directors who write their own scenarios, his work begins a month before the picture goes on the studio floors. He is an ardent believer in having a complete scenario, ready before starting shooting. He allowed me to have a look at his scenario of "Pooja". It is in Hindustani, written in the Urdu script, and I found it worked out in a businesslike manner with complete dialogues and necessary instructions. He takes about four weeks to write out this scenario but he admits that to be first rate, a man must be allowed to devote more time to it.

Like Shantaram, Kardar also believes in writing the day's shooting script early in the morning. Generally he comes to the 'set' before others and keeping it in view, divides the scene into the necessary number of shots, making mental note of camera positions. This helps a great deal in shooting as well as, later, in editing the picture.

SNEHPRABHA PRADHAN in Sudama Productions' "Sajni," coming to Imperial.

I asked him if it would not be more advisable if he was to leave the work of scenario-writing to someone else. He agreed with the principle of it but complained that there was a deplorable dearth of competent scenarists. I still believe, however, that Kardar would be a still better Director if he did not undertake the additional responsibility of writing the scenario and dialogues and while generally supervising these departments, concentrated on direction.

Kardar is not, like Shantaram or Barua or Devaki Bose, interested in propagating an ideology through the medium of the screen. All he demands is strong drama, spiced with romance, and if he cannot find it in India he will sometimes even borrow ideas from foreign films. And if the story is weak, he tries to bolster it up by putting in so-called "popular" comedy elements. Which results in a tragedy like "Holi"! His approach to the selection of a story is that of an artist, not an idealist. If he were painting pictures to-day he would as willingly undertake the portrait of a millionaire as of a beggar—if both paid him equally well! But since Kardar bade farewell to his easel, the conception of Art itself has changed and, whether it is painting or poetry, dancing or the cinema, Art in all its varied aspects must prove its worth on the touchstone of purposeful realism. It is a pity that Kardar's art sense and undoubted ability, acquired after a dozen years' struggle and experience, should not be better utilized to make pictures with more progressive and purposeful themes. The glaring contrast between "Holi" and "Pagal" clearly show that only a good story can bring out the best in him. I wish in future he makes more pictures like "Pagal" and no picture like "Holi".

Leela Chitnis and Ashok Kumar will be seen in

"BANDHAN" TO-DAY

Bombay Talkies Latest Film Comes To Renovated Roxy

It has been a constant theme in this page that our film industry's most urgent need is for more producers and directors, that is, of men who show themselves worthy of those designations. It is also the policy of this page to encourage youthful enterprise.

The prospect of these desires materialising therefore finds a ready welcome here.

It is from this point of view that Bombay Talkies' "Bandhan", to be released at the Roxy Theatre this afternoon, is specially to be commended.

Producer S. Mukerji, who has launched on a new career with "Bandhan", is a young man; so is Director Acharya, and cinematographer Pareenja and Sound Engineer Vacha. So, too, are the story writers Gyan Mukerji and Chakrabarty.

"Bandhan" has been made by youthful enthusiasm trained to team work and deserves success.

"Bandhan" stars Leela Chitnis and Ashok Kumar, and has a promising cast in support. There is no doubt that the premiere of the picture at 1 o'clock to-day will be an enthusiastic one.

BRIGHTER ROXY.

The Roxy Theatre, where 'Bandhan" will be released, has been renovated and re-equipped at considerable expense. The sound equipment is reported to have been improved; the seating is made more comfortable, fresh hygienic apparatus has been installed and the entire theatre is made charming with decorative paint work and murals. Already a popular theatre, the Roxy may now be in a position to claim leadership in popular favour.

SULTANA—in Bharat Laxmi's "Matwali Meera", coming to [illegible]

"STREET SINGER" SHOW FOR STUDENTS

"Street Singer", the New Theatres musical film, starring Saigal and Kananbala, will be shown at the Krishna Cinema on Sunday at 10 a.m. in aid of the Bombay Students' Union. A flat rate of four annas will be charged for all classes.

Pity The Poor College Girl!

Circo's "Anuradha" At Majestic

(By OUR FILM CRITIC)

Pity the poor College girl, latest victim of the peculiar social ideology of our scenarists and directors!

The screen, with its almost unlimited power of making unreal things look real, is a dangerous weapon in the hands of the reactionaries. For long the American films have been used to create and perpetuate prejudices against Jews, Negros, Red Indians—and against us of India. It is quite a simple process. Produce a dozen films in which a Negro or an Indian appears as a slinking coward and ten million people all over the world will come to believe that all Negroes and all Indians are slinking cowards.

MAYA BANERJI who is starred in Circo's "Anuradha" at Majestic.

In our own country, too, the films have been used to create and strengthen similar prejudices. Not against an alien race but against the more progressive sections of our own society.

REACTIONARY TRADITION PERSISTS

Until recently, most of the scenarists and directors were themselves semi-educated and their inferiority complex found expression in characters ridiculing and libelling western-educated Indians. Being naturally conservative and narrow-minded, they also ridiculed and misrepresented modern women, including film stars who were generally depicted as immoral and licentious.

The same reactionary tradition persists and now we have a series of pictures lampooning and caricaturing the College girl—to mention only a few recent instances, "Mother India", "India To-day", "Ardhangi" and "Lapandav." The latest in this series is "Anuradha", the Circo film shown at Majestic. If anything, it is more outrageous in its presentation of the character of College students—girls, in particular.

The picture is one of those in which comedy situations are put in like the comic interludes in an

(Continued in Col. 6).

STUDIO SPY'S 5th Column

Yesterday I met a young lady who, ten days ago, had never seen a film.

She is Mrs. Kosibai Elwin, the Gond wife of the renowned English anthropologist-humanitarian, about whose remarkable personality and work we have heard a good deal lately.

* * * *

All her life Kosibai has lived in the jungle, a hundred miles from the nearest railway station. She had never even seen a city until her husband brought her to Bombay.

Imagine, then, this unspoilt child of nature sitting down to see her first film which happened to be "Woman"! Later she saw "Bahurani" and "Sant Tulsidas".

* * * *

She found all of them "bohat achha" and would not be persuaded to state her preference.

In "Woman", she was particularly struck by the village life that is depicted, but she observed, "In our part of the country, women never work the plough".

In "Bahurani", she liked the simple heroine but the sophisticated vamp and her emotional complexes were beyond the comprehension of the Gond girl.

In "Sant Tulsidas", she liked the songs, particularly those sung by Vasanti.

* * * *

"Do you think it is all done by magic?", I asked her.

"No. It is done by *Bijli*", she promptly replied. Which just shows you how quickly an intelligent girl can grasp scientific facts even if she has lived in the jungle all her life.

* * * *

The best film I saw this week was a "short" at the Metro—a Pete Smith Specialty "Romance Of The Potato". There was more colourful, purposeful, drama in this little film than in many of the Super—Supers extravaganzas I have seen in this very theatre.

It is sad to reflect, by the way, that while they can so powerfully dramatize the life of the potato, we can't even film the lives of national heroes like Tilak. I was optimist enough to hope that someone would have announced a Tilak film on Tilak Day.

* * * *

Principal Atre is turning producer and has floated "Atre Pictures Ltd". They will first produce "Payachi Dasi" and then "Kalidas", both to be written by Principal Atre himself.

* * * *

"What producer, may I ask, out here in Bombay, will dare to. . .?" asked Confrere Krishna Gopal last week in his brilliant article on Devaki Bose.

The answer is: Circo Productions.

* * * *

The great D.K., I hear, will direct a picture for Circo starring Shanta Apte.

There is no truth in the rumour that this picture is to be called "Shanta-Ram". But *was* there?

* * *

OBITUARY

We regret to announce the sad demise of several old New Theatres masterpieces which were burnt down on Wednesday in an accidental fire. The celluloid may have been turned to ashes but their melodies will linger on. Their destruction is all the more to be mourned because their place cannot be filled by the recent progeny of the same studio. How we wish some of their recent films had perished instead of the old celluloid classics.

RECOGNIZE THEM?—Chandramohan and Mazhar Khan in "Bharosa", coming to Minerva.

"BHAROSA" COMES ON THURSDAY

Minerva's ambitious modern picture "Bharosa", for which much success is claimed in anticipation, will be released at Minerva on Thursday next.

"Bharosa" merits attention, among other things, for the interesting fact that it is the first picture in which the well-known character actor, Chandramohan, appears in a modern role and in modern costumes.

Also notable in the cast are Sardar Akhtar fresh from her triumph in "Woman" and Mazher Khan.

ALSO COMING SOON.

Ranjit's "Musafir" to Opera House.

Sudama's "Sajni" to Imperial.

Prakash's "Narsi Bhagat" to Krishna.

"MATWALI MEERA" TO-DAY AT KRISHNA

Bharat Laxmi's "Matwali Meera" will be released to-day at the Krishna Theatre.

Featured in prominent roles are Mukhtar Begum, Sultana and Nisar.

(Continued from col. 4)

old-style stage play, in which the servant sings "Qawwalis", the mother and father continuously wrangle over their right to determine their daughter's future and a series of hungry-looking vamps are successively shown in the arms of the villain. For those who like this sort of thing, Director Mohan Sinha has provided plenty of entertainment. That, by itself, is comparatively harmless. But where the scenarist and director hit the high spot in absurdity is the climax where the hero suddenly turns "philosophical" (?) and, after delivering a lecture on the "philosophy" of love, he actually tries to persuade his sweetheart to marry the villain because she had once thought she was in love with him! ! ! ! !

GONE WITH THE WINDS!

"The Western Winds", poetically concludes the synopsis of the film, "whispered several things into her ears but could she throw away her oriental bearings? That is a problem of the day for youths of both sexes, for parents of all classes, for our renaissance and our culture."

The "Western Winds" whispered several things into this critic's ears also. But as they are unprintable—for both sexes—, let me conclude by saying that after seeing him in "Anuradha" I think Trilok Kapur holds the promise of becoming a good actor and that, technically at least, this film is much better than the previous Circo production, "Sohag."

K. A. ABBAS.

TWO MORE SAINTS—(left) Pandit Onkarnath in Film Corporation's "Sadguru Kabir" and (Right) Vishnupant Pagnis in Prakash's "Narsi Bhagat"—both coming shortly.

DRIVE TOWARDS SELF-SUFFICIENCY

Turkey Places Order For Agricultural Machinery With U. K.

ANKARA, Saturday.

Decision has been taken by the Turkish authorities to place an order for agricultural machinery with the United Kingdom. The amount will be given out of the credits already granted by the latter country.

With regard to the production of agricultural machinery at home it has been decided to postpone the establishment of such a factory until after the war.

The Committee in charge of the Economic Affairs has been devoting considerable time to the question of tea production and a number of experiments made in Rize on the Black Sea have shown great possibilities of its production in that area. Accordingly, the Government have decided to provide the necessary financial assistance as well as necessary seeds, etc., to planters for the development of the new plantations with a view to satisfy the country's normal needs.—Islamic Press.

Madras University Convocation

MADRAS, August 9.

The Annual Convocation of the University of Madras was held this afternoon at the Senate House, His Excellency Sir Arthur Hope, Chancellor, presiding.

Sir R. K. Shunmukham Chetty Dewan of Cochin delivered the Convocation Address.—A. P.

UNIVERSITY TO TRAIN PILOTS

Amarnath Jha's Confidence For Abilities Of Indian Students

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 8.

"No more honourable career could be imagined than defending their Motherland", said Amarnath Jha, Vice-Chancellor, Allahabad, University, addressing cadets of University Training Corps. The Vice-Chancellor said that the University had for many years desired expansion of the Corps, and it was gratifying that the authorities had sanctioned addition of two more platoons. Both these platoons were already formed, and more students wished to join.

The Vice-Chancellor issued a notice saying he trusted that members of the University could come forward in large numbers to offer themselves as candidates for Emergency Commissions in the Army. This is a great opportunity for educated men to prove that they are keen on soldiering, and fit persons for the position of leadership which University men in other countries occupied. This is an opportunity for national service of the highest importance and immediate urgency".

He assured the authorities that students are keen and competent for the work. He trusted that response would be so great that no doubt would be left in the minds of the critics. Indian youth was thoroughly worthy for taking part in the defence of the country. Vice-Chancellor announced that there was a scheme for training air pilots by the University.

It is understood that Vice-Chancellor has been asked by the authorities to make nominations for the Air Force.

Encouraging Industries In Jaipur

JAIPUR, Aug. 5.

The Jaipur Government have accepted the proposal of the Central Advisory Board, Jaipur, recommending that a Committee composed of officials and non-officials be constituted to inquire and report as to what Industries would be most suited to the State and how they can be made to flourish.—A. P.

Socio-Economic Club For Kalyan

The opening ceremony of the Socio-Economics Club, Kalyan was performed on Sunday the 4th August at the Municipal Hall under the presidentship of Rev. W. David when Dr. G. B. Pradhan of the University School of Economics and Sociology delivered the inaugural address. Mr. P. M. Raje, Jt. Hon. Secretary, welcoming the guests said that the Club was the first of its type in the Thana District in its being non-political and cosmopolitan started to inculcate the spirit of study of social and economical conditions in general.

Tamil Film For Broadway

"Anandashram", a Tamil film in which notable South Indian stars appear will be shown at Broadway tomorrow (Sunday) at 10-30 a.m.

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84 A

KANTI SOAP FOR COMPLEXION
SWASTIK OIL MILLS, LTD. BOMBAY 15.

HINDU SON—A LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

High Court Full Bench Judgment

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia and Mr. Justice Wassoodew.)

J. S. Kochari—Appellant ... (Original Plaintiff.)

v.

A. R. Kabbur and others Respondents ..... (Original Defendants.)

This was a suit to recover Rs. 5,000 for principal and Rs. 835 for interest at 8 per cent. due on a promissory note dated 13th August 1935 passed by the deceased father of the Defendants one Ramchandra. The father died before the date of the suit. The suit was filed against the sons on 16th September 1937 to recover the amount of the pro-note "out of the estate in their hands", but it was not sought to make them personally liable thereon. The defence "inter alia" was that the suit as framed was not maintainable against the Defendants because the Hindu son was not the legal representative of his deceased father and therefore not liable on a pro-note passed by the father. The Assistant Judge of Belgaum dismissed the Plaintiff's suit with costs against Defendants 1, 5 and 6 and without costs against the other Defendants Against this dismissal the Plaintiff appealed to the High Court and the appeal was heard by an Appellate Bench consisting of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia who in view of its importance referred the matter to the present Full Bench.

ARGUMENTS

Advocate for the Appellant stated that the basis of the suit was both on the pious obligation of the Hindu son to pay all debts of his father not tainted by illegality immorality, and also on his liability as a legal representative in possession of the estate. It was not clear whether the property left by the deceased was joint family property or separate property. He further contended that the question whether or not the deceased had left any property, and, if he had, then whether such property was joint or separate were questions to be decided in execution under Sec. 43 of the Code of Civil Procedure and not by this Court at this stage when the Plaintiff was entitled to a decree in any event He further submitted that the case of Chunilal vs. Bai Mani (42 Bom. 504) was wrongly decided as appears from the observations of Broomfield J. in the later case of Ganesh vs. Narayan (55 Bom. 709).

Advocate for the Respondents argued that the sons of a Hindu were his legal representatives in respect of his separate property only and not in respect of his joint family property and that in the present case the deceased had only left joint family property.

JUDGMENT

Delivering the judgment of the Full Bench, His Lordship the Chief Justice referred to the definition of the term "legal representative" in Sec. 2 (11) of the Code of Civil Procedure as a person who in law represented the estate of the deceased and also to Sec. 52 and 53 of that Code. His Lordship said that the Privy Council decision in 42 Bom. L. R. 719 does treat the Hindu son as the legal representative of his father and that it was well established by cases of this High Court that a Hindu son was liable to the extent of the separate property of his father inherited by him. There was no doubt that surviving co-parceners were not the legal representatives of a deceased co-parcener but from that proposition it did not follow that the son, who occupied a different and peculiar position in Hindu law, was also not the legal representative of his deceased father. His Lordship stated that the reasoning in Chunilal vs. Bai Mani was obscure and the decision difficult to understand. His Lordship said, "In my opinion the son of a Hindu is the legal representative of the father within Sec. 2 (11)". His Lordship therefore allowed the appeal and passed a decree against the Respondents as the legal representatives of their father to the extent of the property in their hands. His Lordship stated that at this stage it was not necessary to deal with the question as to what extent the joint family property surviving to the Respondents was liable under Sec. 53 of the Code of Civil Procedure, for this decree because that will be a question arising in Execution. His Lordship also directed the Executing Court to consider the question of instalments as the Respondents were agriculturists.

Mr. D. R. Maneriker appeared for the Appellant.

Mr. K. G. Datar appeared amicus curiae for the Respondents.

FINED FOR TRAVELLING ON FOOTBOARD OF TRAIN.

Ten persons were arrested are a charge of travelling on the footboard in local trains between Byculla and Chinchpokli Station yesterday.

They were placed before the Hon. Presidency Magistrate, yesterday at Mazagaon Court, and were sentenced to pay a fine of Re. 1 each, under Section 118 of the Railway Act IX of 1890.

DRIVER AND PASSENGER BLAMED.

A verdict of death by shock from multiple fracture of ribs was returned by the Coroner's Jury at the inquest, yesterday, on the body of Abdul Rehman Walli Mohomed (40), a resident of Mahim, who was knocked down by motor car No. K. 4016 on August 4. He died in hospital the same day.

The Jury held both the driver and the passenger responsible. The driver left the key of the car in it and went out and the passenger drove the car in the absence of the driver in the car.

COMFORT ARTICLES FOR SOLDIERS FROM INDORE

INDORE, Aug. 9.

A large number of articles of comfort for Indian soldiers abroad, have been despatched from Indore by the Ladies Committee for providing knitted woollen articles for the use of the Indian soldiers on the Expeditionary Force abroad.

This, it is learnt, forms the second instalment.—A. P.

ANOTHER LAKH FROM MADRAS

MADRAS, Aug. 9.

A further sum of Rs. One lakh making a total of Rs. 7-1/2 lakhs todate, was to-day cabled from the Madras Governor's War Fund to the Air Ministry in London, to be devoted towards the cost of bombers or fighters for the Madras Squadron.—A. P.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO DEFENCE BONDS

Grand Total On August 1 Rs. 13,79,97,000

SIMLA, August 8.

Subscriptions to the three per cent Defence Bonds 1946 for August 6 and 7 amounted to:—

Cash Rs. 49,82,500; conversions Rs. 50,17,800.

The cash subscriptions on the three days were respectively Rs. 6,77,000, Rs. 6,34,100 and Rs. 36,71,400 and Conversions totalled Rs. 7,37,200, Rs. 24,-51,300 and Rs. 18,29,300 respectively.

The grand total since August 1, 1940 is Rs. 13,79,97,000.—A. P.

Viceroy's War Purposes Fund

SIMLA, Aug. 9.

Contributions to H. E. the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund for the period from June 15 to 30, 1940, amounted to Rs. 2,36,096-0-2, swelling the grand total to Rs. 96,80,769-4-8.—United Press.

Lucknow Trust Invests A Lakh In War Bonds

LUCKNOW, Aug. 9.

The Lucknow Improvement Trust decided in a meeting held on July 30 last to invest Rs. 1,-00,000 in Defence War Bonds, says a Press Note issued to-day by the U. P. Government.

Hyderabad Forging Ahead

HYDERABAD (Dn.), August 9.

"Hyderabad is forging ahead with her spontaneous war effort," says a press note, and adds: "inspired by the noble example set by H. E. H. the Nizam and in response to the joint appeal issued by the Resident and Sir Akbar Hydari, all clases of the people vied with each other in subscribing to the various funds which were raised in the Dominions to render material and financial help to the British Government in the prosecution of the war."—A. P.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

Amount previously acknowledged Rs. 8,95,925-13-8.

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 3,000 Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. Ltd.; Rs. 2,652-13-7 Mr. J. E. E. Sassoon; Rs. 1,000 Mr. John H. Klein (through the Bombay Jewish War Effort Committee) and Anonymously per W.G.M.; Rs. 750 Mr. and Mrs. H. Langdale and Mr. Francis Klein (through the Bombay Jewish War Effort Committee); Rs. 500 Bombay Presidency Trades' Association Ltd. and Mr. Fred Klein (through the Bombay Jewish War Effort Committee); Rs. 100 Mr. E. Holt; Rs. 51 Mr. P. M. Hirana; Rs. 31 Messrs. Settna R. Pheeroz and Co; Rs. 25 From the Charity Fund at the disposal of Presidency Magistrate 3rd Addl. Court, Girgaum, Bombay.

For the I.A.F.: Rs. 5,000 The Empire of India Life Assurance Co. Ltd.; Rs. 1,514-8 The Employees of Royal Western India Turf Club, Ltd.; Rs. 1,500 Sir Chunilal and Lady Mehta; Rs. 675-12 The Staff of the Gaekwar Mills Ltd; Rs. 500 Mr. D. Moir; Rs. 408 -7 The Staff of the Navsari Mills Ltd.; Rs. 266-8 Messrs. H. M. Mehta and Co. (Mill Stores and Machinery Department Staff); Rs. 250 Mr. Francis Klein (through the Bombay Jewish War Effort Committee); Rs. 200 Messrs. Onkardas Balaram Joshi and Sons, Jalgaon; Rs. 153-10-6 Messrs. H. M. Mehta and Co. (Cotton Department Staff); Rs. 132 The Staff of British India General Insurance Co. Ltd., (Monthly); Rs. 125 Monthly subscription from an anonymous firm; Rs. 100 Messrs. B. P. Sett and D. P. Sett, Mr. S. D. Sett and Dr. & Mrs. R. B. Billimoria; Rs. 75 Mr. W. A. C. Bromham; Rs. 67-15 The Staff of the Zenith Life Assurance Co. Ltd., (Monthly); Rs. 55 Messrs. H. M. Mehta and Co (Insurance Department); Rs. 51 Khan Bahadur S. R. Wadia; Rs. 50 Mr. P. R. Mehta; Rs. 32-8 Mr. K. R. Dotiwala; Rs. 31 Mr. Byram Bomanjee Mehta; Rs. 30-8 The Staff of Bank of Baroda. Ltd., Bombay (Monthly); Rs. 25 The Staff of Messrs. Parke Davis and Co., From the Charity Fund at the disposal of Presidency Magistrate, 3rd Addl. Court, Girgaum, Bombay and Mr. A. P. Pavri; Rs 15 Mr. J. A. Vakil, Mr. Nusserwanjee H Antia and Mr. N. F. Bharucha; Rs. 11 Mr. C. J. Billimoria and Mr. H. J. Billimoria; Rs. 10 Mr. S. B. Karanjia, Mr. K. Lilaowalla, Mr. K. B. Master, Mr. D. M. Kalapesi and Mr. B. P. Mullan; Rs. 7-2 The Manager. Settlement, Jalgaon; Rs. 6 Mr. D. C. Chichgar and Mr. W. Gonsalves; Rs. 5 One of the Contributors of "The Times of India", Mr. L. V. Kalawade (Monthly), Mr. F. N. Dabhoiwalia, Mr. K. H. Daruwalla, Mr. P. D. Mehta, Mr. P. N. Lilaowalla and Mr R. F. Kalapesi Rs. 18 Subscriptions below Rs. 5.

For the British Red Cross: Rs. 2,652-13-7 Mrs. J. E. E. Sassoon

For the Indian Red Cross: Rs. 37-3-0 The Pupils and Staff of St. Columba High School.

Grand Total Rs. 2,20,658-10-1.

Correction: In 2nd List for Mr. and Mrs. Brady Rs. 50 read Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Brady.

1 P. M.
TO-DAY
"BANDHAN"
AT
ROXY

Sports In Aid Of War In U. P.

LUCKNOW, Aug. 9.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the U. P. Sports Control Board at Lucknow, the Hon'ble Sir Sita Ram presiding it was decided that a substantial amount from the available funds of the Board be utilised in the purchase of War Defence certificates and that exhibition matches for War Funds be organised.—A. P.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi, M.L.A (Central) has been invited for the inauguration of the Ceylon Indian Congress to be held on 7th and 8th September and he has accepted the invitation.—A. P.

W. I. States To Present Fighter-Plane

RAJKOT, Aug. 8.

A meeting of the Dewans and representatives of Salute States of the Western India States Agency was held at the Residency this afternoon under the Presidency of Mr. E. C. Gibson, Resident.

It was decided to form a Committee in which representatives of Full-Power states will be included and which will be presided over by the Resident. The object of forming the Committee is to collect funds for one Fighter-plane.—A. P.

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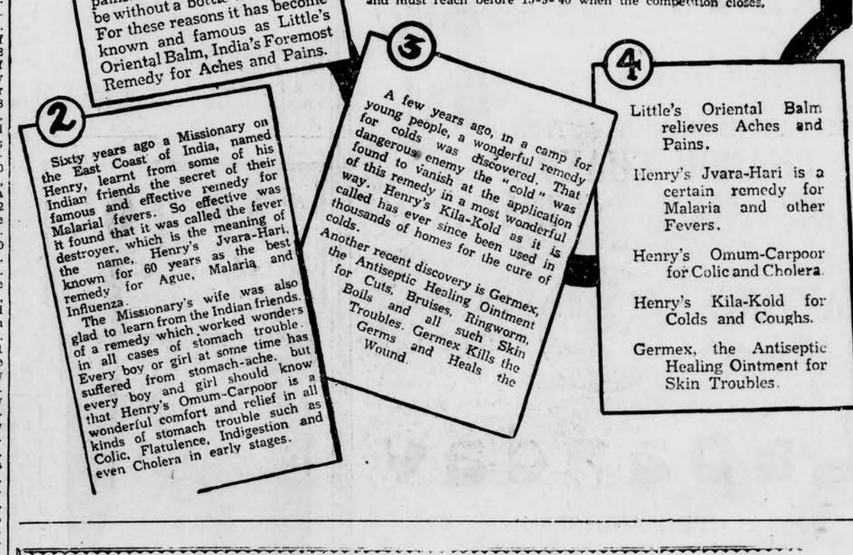

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HERE IS A CHANCE FOR EVERY ENTERPRISING AND ENERGETIC BOY AND GIRL IN BOMBAY.

500 HANDSOME PRIZES
EVERY ONE WELL WORTH HAVING!

Instructions to Competitors

(a) Boys and girls under 12 should copy in English and in their best handwriting paragraphs 1 and 4—those between 12 and 15 years should copy numbers 1 and 3; between 16 and 20 numbers 1, 2 and 3. Write in ink. Ruled paper may be used.

(b) On the top left-hand side of your effort put in plain block letters, your name and address, the class you read in, and the name of your school. On the top right hand corner write your age last birthday.

(c) Every effort must be certified by one of your schoolmasters, parents, or guardian in the following words:—
"This is to certify that the above is the unaided work of the competitor."

(d) You may send in as many efforts as you like, but to each one must be pinned a cardboard box of Little's Oriental Balm—The cardboard box must be complete

All entries should be addressed as follows:—
"Handwriting Competition"
LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM & PHARMACEUTICALS, LTD.,
P.B. 67. 15, Armenian Street, MADRAS.
and must reach before 15-9-'40 when the competition closes.

1 Fifty years is a long time of testing and this is the period over which Little's Oriental Balm has been used by a grateful public. It is so bland and soothing that it may be used on the most tender skins. Its use always brings a blessing which is much better than raising a blister. It relieves Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Head-aches, Sprains, Strains and Muscular pains. No wise mother should be without a bottle in the house. For these reasons it has become known and famous as Little's Oriental Balm, India's Foremost Remedy for Aches and Pains.

2 Sixty years ago a Missionary on the East Coast of India, named Henry, learnt from some of his Indian friends the secret of their famous and effective remedy for Malarial fevers. So effective was it found that it was called the fever destroyer, which is the meaning of the name, Henry's Jvara-Hari, known for 60 years as the best remedy for Ague, Malaria and Influenza.

The Missionary's wife was also glad to learn from the Indian friends of a remedy which worked wonders in all cases of stomach trouble. Every boy or girl at some time has suffered from stomach-ache, but every boy and girl should know that Henry's Omum-Carpoor is a wonderful comfort and relief in all kinds of stomach trouble such as Colic, Flatulence, Indigestion and even Cholera in early stages.

3 A few years ago, in a camp for young people, a wonderful remedy for colds was discovered. That dangerous enemy the "cold" was found to vanish at the application of this remedy in a most wonderful way. Henry's Kila-Kold as it is called has ever since been used in thousands of homes for the cure of colds.

Another recent discovery is Germex, the Antiseptic Healing Ointment for Cuts, Bruises, Ringworm, Boils and all such Skin Troubles. Germex Kills the Germs and Heals the Wound.

4 Little's Oriental Balm relieves Aches and Pains.

Henry's Jvara-Hari is a certain remedy for Malaria and other Fevers.

Henry's Omum-Carpoor for Colic and Cholera.

Henry's Kila-Kold for Colds and Coughs.

Germex, the Antiseptic Healing Ointment for Skin Troubles.

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CHANDU CHAKRAPANI
BRILLIANTLY PORTRAYED BY WINAYAK
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PEERLESS PICTURES BOMBAY 4.

2ND WEEK!

Hal Roach STAN LAUREL & OLIVER HARDY
"SAPS AT SEA"

EXCELSIOR 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Opening Day Of Poona Racing Season

ACCEPTORS, WEIGHTS, SELECTIONS AND ORDER OF RUNNING FOR TO-DAY'S NINE EVENTS

From Our Racing Correspondent

POONA, August 9.

Poona has had plenty of showers during the course of the week. If the weather does not play its usual erratic trick in the meanwhile, the going will be slightly on the soft side, to-morrow.

1st. Race 2-15 p.m.

THE GHORPURI PLATE. (Div. I) Dist.—6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,250; Second, Rs. 400; Third, Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 3 lbs. Penalties—Winners in India after July, 1939, once 4 lbs.; twice 7 lbs.; oftener 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

(To be ridden by licensed Riding Boys and Half Jockeys on even terms).

Hampstead 9-4; Mohsin Saud 9-1; Saglawi Mahmud 8-8; Zafar Pasha 9-1; Rinaldo Beg 8-8; Sayid Beg 9-0; Taimurlung 8-12; Blue Grass 8-8; My Joy 8-8; Avenger 8-8; Bahman 8-8; Great Mogul 8-8; Hazim Beg 8-8; Maisara 8-8; Air Raider 8-8.

★ ★

2nd Race 2-45 p.m.

THE GHORPURI PLATE. (Div. II) Dist.—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; Second Rs. 400; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 3 lbs. Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1939, once 4 lbs.; twice 7 lbs.; oftener 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Salem al Gharb 9-4; Haran 9-2; Marzuq al Muluk 8-12; New York 9-0; Red Cross 9-0; Pretty Prince 8-12; Bab al Khair 8-8; Majnun Anwah 8-8; Metro 8-8; Jabel Noor 8-8; Fil Fil 8-8; Robinhood 8-8; Harsak 8-8; Fakri Beg 8-8; Snapper 7-11.

★ ★

3rd Race 3-15 p.m.

THE GHORPURI PLATE. (Div. III) Dist.—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; Second Rs. 400; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III, W. A. reduced 3 lbs. Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1939, once 4 lbs.; twice 7 lbs.; oftener 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Muwafak 9-7; British Flag 9-6; The Pilot 9-2; Al Muntasir 9-2; Lu'ayb 9-2; President 9-1; Rabdan 9-1; Atilla 8-12; Bayhas 9-0; Fahad Pasha 9-0; Salim al Iraq 9-0; Faraj Allah 8-12 Saif Bahadur 8-12; Sheriff 8-12; Bonsoir 7-11; Almaroof 7-11.

★ ★

4th Race 3-45 p.m.

THE MYSORE PLATE. (Div II) Dist.—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class "A".

Blue Mantle 9-4; Lakhpat 9-2; Oliver 8-11; Twine 8-4; Oh Yeah 8-2; What's Yours 7-11; Sherabel 8-0; Formosa 8-0; First Choice 8-0; Tyrant 8-0; Can Can 7-11; Rani Taramati 7-11; Prominent 7-11; Black Cushion 7-11; Philderer 7-10; Lion Tamer 7-10; Gold Dish 7-7.

★ ★

5th Race 4-15 p.m.

THE CASTLETOWN PLATE. (Div. I) Dist.—7 furlongs

Winner Rs. 1,700; Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 250.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Golden Mantle 9-4; Legendary 9-2; Impetus 8-11; So That's That 9-0; King of the Ring 7-7; Pompom 8-11; Lens 8-9; Scion 8-8; Blandford Lad 8-6; Talkless 8-3; Beau Geste 8-0; Langdon 7-11; Shivakumari 7-11; No Regrets 7-9; Sauce Anglaise 7-7; Fun of the Fayre 7-4.

★ ★

6th Race 4-45 p.m.

THE MYSORE PLATE. (Div. I) Dist.—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class "A".

The Duchess 9-4; Gay Spaniard 9-2; Star of Baroda 8-12; Cherie 9-2; Hue d'Or 8-12; Shahenshah 8-12; Hectic 8-11; Princess Mumtaz 8-7; Countess Nil 8-11; Sammy Brass 8-4; Laxmidhar 8-2; Finis 8-2; Ballerina 8-0; Kilcash 8-0; Idar's Gift 7-10; Rafie 7-10; Fifty Fifty 7-7.

★ ★

7th Race 5-15 p.m.

THE CASTLETOWN PLATE. (Div. II) Dist.—7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,700; Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 250.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Mangoola 9-2; Flambeau 9-0; Panna Prince 9-0; Appenzell 8-12; Shalini 8-11; Gay Nora 8-9; Abundantia 8-9; Manifold 8-7; Ronaldo 8-5; Side Hill 8-4; Sugar Baby 8-2; Step Chilly 8-0; Bradeager 8-0; Reliable 7-9; Why Not 7-7; Ajax 7-7; Landlord 7-5; Rathavon 7-5.

★ ★

8th Race 5-45 p.m.

THE REAY PLATE. Dist.—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,500; Second Rs. 1,100; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Solmint 9-4; Usk 9-2; Lingfield 8-10; Mahboob 8-4; Cheer Boys 8-2; Blandstar 8-9; Meddlesome 8-9; Ganymede 8-3; Faris II 8-3; Scotland for Ever 8-0; Orange Blossom II 8-0; Bachelor's Bard 7-12; Houdini 7-7; Bastion 7-7; Kilt 7-7.

★ ★

9th Race 6-15 p.m.

THE ELPHINSTON PLATE. Dist. 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,250; Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 400.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Lightena Valley 9-0; Shadrach 8-9; Man Eater 8-13; Veiled Prophet 8-9; Final Glance 8-9, Tank 8-8; Tipperary 8-8; Archmoon 8-8; Sir Robin 8-7; Kybo 8-5, Golden Link 8-3; Jewel 8-3; Aftalon 8-1; Flortaloan 7-12; Bobby in the Barn 7-12; Gipsy Girl 7-10; Cotys 7-8; How's That 7-8; Acinom 7-8.

CEYLON VISITORS' FIXTURES

MADRAS, August 8.

Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Honorary Secretary, Indian Cricket Board of Control, said that the first match of the Ceylon team in Madras is likely to be played from December 20 and the team will then proceed to Calcutta and later to Bombay where it will meet an All-India eleven after the Pentangular final; which is fixed for December 29—A. P.

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2. MY JOY
3. GREAT MOGUL

2ND RACE:
1. BAB AL KHAIR
2. MAJNUN ANWAH
3. FAKRI BEG

3RD RACE:
1. SAIF BAHADUR
2. BRITISH FLAG
3. ATILLA

4TH RACE:
1. OH, YEAH
2. FORMOSA
3. WHAT'S YOURS

5TH RACE:
1. TALKLESS
2. SO THAT'S THAT
3. BLANDFORD LAD

6TH RACE:
1. CHERIE
2. FIFTY FIFTY
3. COUNTESS NIL

7TH RACE:
1. GAY NORA
2. STEP CHILLY
3. RATHAVON

8TH RACE:
1. MEDDLESOME
2. GANYMEDE
3. KILT

9TH RACE:
1. ARCHMOON
2. GIPSY GIRL
3. GOLDEN LINK

DAILY DOUBLE:
SAIF BAHADUR, CHERIE
TREBLE:
TALKLESS, GAY NORA, MEDDLESOME

Bombay Grain Dealers' Association

The Bombay Grain Dealers' Association has published in a concise form, a report of its various activities. The Association account shows large sums of money donated towards relief in time of national perils famines earthquacks and towards social and education activities. The Patal—stands a poor figure of about rupees fifty thousands given for such welfare purposes. The Association over and above safeguarding the interest of its members, extends effective co-operation to other trades and industries for general economic progress.

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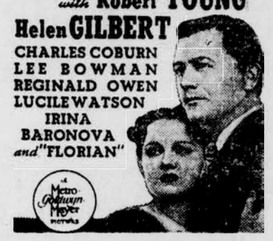

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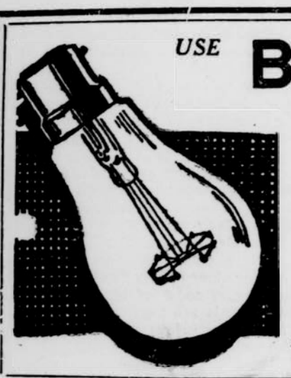

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Money Market Clutted With Funds

INVESTMENT SUPPORT TO SECURITIES

Small Improvements In Steel Shares

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
Bombay, August 9.

GILT-EDGED

There was a further improvement in gilt-edged values on continued investment inquiry. Sellers were relatively few and prices advanced around. 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper touched Rs 90-10, but closed a shade quieter at Rs. 90-6. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock, in the London market, closed unchanged at £91-1/2. Amongst dated bonds, long dated ones recorded fair advances; 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan gained from Rs. 89-10 to Rs. 90-6, 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan improved from Rs. 104-4 to Rs. 104-12 and 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan improved by a point to Rs. 109-8 during the course of the week. Medium and short dated bonds were also fairly active; 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan moved up from Rs 95-12 to Rs. 95-14, 3 per cent. 1941 bonds from Rs. 101 to Rs. 101-4 and 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan from Rs. 101-6 to Rs. 101-10. Business was done in 5 per cent 1945-55 (Tax free) loan at Rs. 110-5 as against the opening level of Rs. 109-10. 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan was steady around Rs. 96-14 and 4 per cent. 1943 bonds at Rs. 104-10, whilst 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan was about unchanged at Rs. 100-8.

MONEY

The money market was glutted with funds during the week under review. Day-to-day loans were quoted between 1/2 and 3/4 per cent. with three to six months' money placeable at 1-1/2 per cent. There was a further reduction on the yield on Treasury Bills from Rs. 0-15-0 to Rs 0-12-11 per cent. per annum, while there was no appreciable change in the amount offered, which aggregated Rs. 4.09 crores as compared to Rs. 4.55 crores in the preceding week. The amount of tenders invited for the next week is Rs 1 crore instead of Rs. 2 crores.

The weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India, made up to 2nd August 1940, reveals that in the Issue Department there is a reduction of Rs. 21.16 lacs in the active note circulation and of Rs. 91,35 lacs in the total of notes issued, with a corresponding drop of Rs. 91.49 lacs in the Bank's holding of rupee coin. In the Banking Department, the item of Government deposits and Other deposits record an increase of Rs 283.26 lacs and Rs. 42,44 lacs respectively, while Bankers' deposits are down by Rs. 283.71 lacs. The item of balances held abroad shows an increase of Rs. 143.05 lacs and Loans and Advances to Government are also up by Rs 5 lacs.

The weekly return of the Imperial Bank of India, made up to 2nd August 1940, reveals a decrease of Rs. 18.27 lacs in Deposits, but both Investments and Advances are up by Rs. 285.83 lacs and Rs. 69.00 lacs respectively. The Cash holding, on the other hand, is down by Rs. 374.70 lacs.

EXCHANGE

Conditions in the exchange market remained stagnant throughout the week under review. There was no change in the interbank rupee/sterling exchange and sellers of Spot T. T. quoted 1s. 5-63/64d. with buyers at 1s. 6d. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:

Sellers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months—1s 5-31/32d.

Buyers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months—1s. 6-1/32d.

In the free foreign exchange market in New York, sterling was inclined to be firmer in terms of the dollar with the cross-rate moving up from 388.50 cents to 395.50 cents to the pound sterling on Tuesday, closing at 390-50 cents. The Shanghai dollar came down from 3-3/4d to 3-5/8d. mid-week, while the yen declined from 1s. 3d. at the opening to 1s. 2-3/4d. at the close.

The official exchange rates in London were unchanged as under: Sterling/dollar between 402-1/2 and 403-1/2; and sterling/Swiss franc between 17.70 and 17.80

GOLD

Gold was inclined to be steady in the local bullion market during the week under review. Opening at Rs. 41-10-6, the price of ready delivery gold moved within the narrow range of Rs. 41-10-3 and Rs. 41-11-6. Small buying for arbitrage as well as for the 'special' account was reported. Gold to be delivered during the Beginning-of-September settlement continued to be quoted at level rates with spot, while there was hardly any transaction—for the End-of-September settlement. In sympathy with gold, sovereigns improved fractionally from Rs. 28-3 to Rs. 28-3-6 per piece on Wednesday. Floating stocks of gold are estimated at about 2,00,000 tolas; arrivals from up-country are believed to have averaged about 10,000 to 12,000 tolas a day; while the average daily offtake is said to be about 2,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 41-11-6 and Rs. 41-10-3 for spot and Beginning-of-September settlement

SILVER

The silver section of the local bullion market maintained its steadiness throughout the week. Opening at Rs. 62-13, ready silver advanced to Rs. 63-6-6 on Wednesday following reports of worsening crisis in the Far East. There was some profit-taking at the higher level and the quotation came down to Rs. 63-2-6 at the close. Silver for Beginning-of-September settlement was quoted at a discount of one anna under spot, while End-of-September settlement stood on level with Beginning-of-September settlement. In London, ready silver consistently improved from 22-5/16d at the opening to 23-1/2 at the close. Two months' forward delivery silver continued to be quoted at a discount and the spread between cash and forward widened from 1/4d. to 11/16d. when forward was fixed at 22-13/16d. Floating stocks of silver are estimated at about 6,500 bars. The highest and lowest rates recorded during the week were: Rs. 63-6-6 and Rs. 62-7-6 for spot and Rs 63-5-6 and Rs. 62-6-6 for Beginning-of-September settlement.

SHARES

There was little of note in the local share market during the week under review and prices were maintained in all sections. The turnover was limited and public interest waning. The lack of interest was due to the existing stalemate in the war situation.

Steels shares, nevertheless, showed an upward tendency; Tata Iron and Steel Deferreds slowly but steadily rose from Rs. 1,772-8 to Rs. 1,805 at the finish, whilst Ordinaries gained well-nigh 6 points at Rs. 346-8. There was very little doing in the Textile bloc, quotations in most cases showing only small variations; Bombay Dyeings ranged between Rs. 907-8 and Rs. 902-8, Central Indias between Rs. 253 and Rs. 250 and Centuries between Rs. 262 and Rs. 252. Colaba were almost static around Rs. 131. Kohinoors around Rs. 343 and Gokaks around Rs. 185, whilst New Greats moved in the vicinity of Rs. 312. The Hydro-electric group of shares also witnessed a dull week and prices were generally maintained around their previous levels; Andhra Valleys were quoted at Rs. 1,520 and Bombay Trams at Rs. 125-8, whilst Tata Hydros fluctuated narrowly between Rs. 162-8 and Rs. 163-8 and Tata Powers between Rs. 1,315 and Rs. 1,310, in contrast with the preceding week, Bank shares were neglected, there being hardly any investment inquiry in this section; Bank of Indias stayed around Rs. 135-8 and Central Banks at Rs 35-8, whilst a few bargains were reported in Imperial Bank Fully Paids at around Rs. 1,475, Partly Paids remaining pegged at Rs. 362-8. Reserve Banks were quoting Rs. 101-8. The miscellaneous bloc of shares was virtually in the doldrums; Belapurs showed little or no change at Rs. 200 and Bombay Burmas at Rs 530. Associated Cements gained about 2 points at Rs. 113-8, whilst Scindia Steams and New Indias finished the week at Rs. 18-13 and Rs. 37-4 respectively.

CALCUTTA

There was nothing to break the somnolence of the Calcutta stock market, where jute shares continued dull and uninteresting. Prices showed small and negligible variations, while the turnover was meagre.

Madras Share Bazar Quiet

MADRAS: August 9.

A quiet but steady undertone prevailed in the local Stock Exchange. Preference shares came in for a fair inquiry. Miscellaneous issues were quiet. Bank shares and Cotton Mills remained steady.

Exchange transactions from 12 noon of the 8th inst. to the 12 noon of the 9th inst.:—

Kaleeswarars 257/8; Mettur Industries 110 cd; Cochin Malabar Preference 60/4; Trichy Srirangam Preference 106/8, 107, 107/8; Ordinary 15/14; East Tanjore Preference 106/8; Brunton 4/9; Mysore Chemicals 11/7; Indian Steel Rolling Ordinary 7/4; Preference not quoted.

Final Wheat Forecast

The following All-India final wheat forecast for 1939-40 has been published by the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta.

The estimated crop area is 34,003,000 acres and the yield, 10,784,000 tons, against 35,441,000 acres and 9,963,000 tons last year. There is a decrease of 4 per cent. in area but an increase of 8 per cent. in yield.

5 CRORES TEXTILE ORDERS FOR INDIA

Bombay's Share

The total value of war supply orders for piecegoods, cotton yarn, tape and webbing placed throughout India was Rs. 5,22,82,000 between September 3, 1939 and July 13, 1940. These orders consisted of 85,900,000 yards of piecegoods valued at Rs 4,32,84,000; 6,000,000 lbs. of cotton yarn valued at Rs. 31,47,000; and 23,040,000 yards of tape and webbing valued at Rs. 58,51,000.

The textile mills in Bombay city alone secured orders from the War Supply Board to the extent of 22,000,000 yards or 25.6 per cent. of the total yard-age of cloth ordered, and the Presidency including the city obtained more than 29,600,000 yards or 34.4 per cent of the total yard-age of cloth ordered.

The value of orders placed for cotton piecegoods, yarn and tapes in Bombay city amounted so Rs. 1,70,00,000 or 32.6 per cent. of the value of the total orders placed for these stores all over India. The Presidency including the city obtained orders worth Rs. 2,29,11,000 which is 43.8 per cent. of the total orders for textiles.

As for piecegoods, orders for 22,000,000 yards valued at Rs. 1,07,65,000 were placed in Bombay city and for 7,600,000 yards valued at Rs. 44,82,000 in the Presidency, excluding the city.

The supply of cotton yarn was ordered to the extent of 2,350,000 lbs. valued at Rs. 13,58,000 from Bombay city and 3,000,000 lbs valued at Rs. 14,07,000 in the Presidency excluding the city. Similarly orders for 14,275,000 yards of tape and webbing valued at Rs. 48,99,000 were placed in the city.

SETTLEMENT REACHED ON DISTRIBUTION OF INDUS WATER

KARACHI, Aug. 9.

According to information received here the necessary sanction has been accorded by the Governor-General to the Sind Government to set up a Tribunal to settle the question of the distribution of the waters of the Indus.—A.P.

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APPLICATIONS FOR AGENCIES INVITED

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PARSIS AND HUMOUR

"Mast Fakir's" Lecture

A lecture was delivered under the auspices of the Parsi Lekhak Mandal by Mr. Hariprasad G. Bhatt (better known by the pseudonym of "Mast Fakir") at the Mody Memorial Hall, Apollo Street, Bombay, on Wednesday last, under the presidency of Mr. Pestonji Phirozsha Kapadia. The subject of the evening was "Parsis and Humour", and the lecturer made it very interesting after tracing the growth of Parsi literature in Gujarati in general and humour in particular, mentioning the names of the Parsi stalwarts who made a name and fame in writing humorous sketches stories and serials in the 19th and 20th centuries. He particularly recalled the names among others, of late Mr. Burjorji Apakhtiar, editor and proprietor of the "Hindi Punch" (now defunct); late Mr. Jehangir B. Murzban, of the "Jam-e-Jamshed" author of a large number of books including one "From Modykhana to Marseilles and founder of "Gup Sup" (the Indian "Tit Bits"); the former's son Mr. Phiroze J. Murzban, also of "Jam-e-Jamshed," and author of several humorous works, such as "Angremainoosh Sath Agreement;" late Mr. J. N. Patel ('Goolfam') author of a large number of humorous sketches and plays; late Mr. Kharsedji B. N. Framroze (Nariman), who daily regaled the readers of the "Sanj Vartaman" with the humorous columns written under the pen-name of "Kaka Dhakanji bin Makanji, and who also used to write in choice Gujrati his weekly notes, in the weekly "Gujerati" under the pen-name of "Birbal"; Mr. Temurasp R. N. Cama (known better by his pen-name of "Sasseka Tin-pao") and others.

Mr. Bhatt severely criticised the attitude of some non-Parsi Gujerati writers who were running down the style of Parsi writers calling it "Parsi Gujerati," and said the Parsis had the real sense of humour which was generally honest among non-Parsi writers in Gujerati at least among the majority of writers.

The President said humour, was the ornament of literature and that Parsis were the pioneers in humorous writings, and they held practically the monopoly in that branch in Gujerati literature. Even in serious matters in all walks of life Parsis displayed their humorous taint. Mr. Dossabhoy Golwala, in thanking the President, recalled the names of some humorous writers such as late Mr. Sorabji K. Khambata, author of "Homibaini Vaez."

1 P. M. TO-DAY
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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1940

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Sikandar's Terms To Khaksars

When Ban On Organisation Can Be Revoked

LAHORE, Aug. 9.

The conditions on which the order declaring the Khaksars as an unlawful association in the Punjab could be revoked were explained by Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, in the course of an interview.

The Premier said that in view of the Government of India Notification of August 6 banning drills by non-official volunteer organisations throughout India, there could be no question of the withdrawal of the Punjab Government's orders of February 28, prohibiting drills of a military nature, but the revocation of the order declaring the Khaksars as an unlawful association could be considered, PROVIDED the Khaksars fulfilled certain conditions.

SIKANDAR'S TERMS

These conditions, as repeatedly stated in the past, added the Premier, were

Firstly, that the Khaksars should confine their activities to social work;

Secondly, that they should give an undertaking not to defy the Punjab Government's orders of February 28, and

Thirdly, that all Khaksars, who had come in the Punjab from outside, should leave for their respective homes.

Referring to the threat held out by the Khaksars to renew their unlawful activities if no honourable settlement was arrived at about August 10, the Premier said that the law was there to deal with anyone, who would engage in unlawful activities.—A.P.

BAJPAI'S HOPES

South Africa's Attitude To India Will Improve After War

SIMLA, Aug. 9.

In connection with the meeting between the Hon. Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai and Mr. S. B. Mehd, Member of the Nationalist Group of the Transvaal Indian Congress the 'United Press' learns that the Education Member did not say to the South African Indian leader that the Government of India were unable to do anything during the War—their Agent-General in South Africa was constantly vigilant. But Sir Bajpai said that he hoped that after the war, the politically dominant elements in South Africa might themselves approach the question of Indian rights and status in the Union in a new spirit of broad liberalism.—United Press.

POLICE OUTPOST SET ON FIRE

KARACHI, Aug. 9.

The police outpost in Ghorabari Taluka, in Karachi District, was set on fire by some miscreants. Some arms and ammunition, kit, etc. were destroyed.

Investigation is in progress.—United Press.

The Ahmedabad Hindu Mahasabha has decided to contest for the first time the forthcoming Municipal elections and has appointed a board for the selection of candidates.—A. P.

League Cabinet To Meet On August 17

MUSSOORIE, August 9.

Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, Honorary Secretary, All-India Muslim League informs the Associated Press as follows:—

An emergency meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League will be held at Bombay, on Saturday, August 17 and subsequent days.

The members have been informed telegraphically and it is expected that all the members will attend.—A. P.

Compulsory Registration Of Foreigners In Egypt

CAIRO, August 9.

All foreigners in Egypt except of the diplomatic corps are required to register with the police authorities by a decree published in the official journal. They are being registered with a view to issue identity cards.—Reuter.

Australia And Delhi Conference

CANBERRA, August 9.

Mr. Menzies announced that Australia would be attending the Conference of British Empire countries in the East at New Delhi in October.—Reuter.

BOMBAY, Friday.

As an air raid alarm exercise has been fixed for 4 p.m. on Monday, August 12, there will be no routine test of the A. R. P. Alarm System at 9 a.m. on that day.

BR. GOVT. MUST STOP THEIR POLICY OF DRIFT

Viceroy's Councillors Must Be Responsible To Central Assembly, Says "M. G."

NEW YORK, August 9.

"Dominion Status confers greater advantages than full independence itself," says the 'New York Times' commenting in an article entitled "India as partner."

The 'New York Times' adds "India deserves well of Britain in view of her restraint."

The Viceroy's assurances are described as "improvements over vaguer promises of the past."

The "New York Times" proceeds: "Indian leaders themselves, even those of the Congress Party, must realise by now that Dominion Status confers greater advantages than full independence itself. As long as British sea-power can be maintained, it can protect free Indian Dominion from the rapacity of German and Japanese conquerors, who would otherwise pounce on India like jungle tigers."

"This latest British pronouncement gives a golden opportunity to India to find her own salvation, if Britain survives this war. If the opportunity is lost it may never occur again."—Reuter.

Concession To Congress Demand

LONDON, August 9.

Commenting on "the offer to India" the "Times" says "the important announcement made by the Viceroy of India yesterday is the first of its kind made on behalf of Mr. Churchill's Government and shows a substantial advance on the policy of their predecessors, both in the recognition of Indian claim to self-determination and in the practical provision for extension of Indian self-Government in the interval, before the future constitution of the country can be finally settled.

"Repeating what has been said many times by himself and his predecessors that the goal of British policy is Dominion Status for India—which includes every power that an independent State possesses as well as many advantages that independence seldom brings—Lord Linlithgow laid down more definitely than ever before that it is desired to establish this status under a constitution framed by Indians and originating "from Indian conceptions of the social, economic and political structure of Indian life."

FREE HAND TO INDIANS

"To this end it is hoped to set up as soon as possible after the conclusion of the war, a body representative of the principal elements in India's national life, whose function it will be to agree upon a constitution for the future Government of their country. The Viceroy has wisely refrained from prescribing the composition of the representative body. That also is best left to Indians themselves. As is well-known, the Indian National Congress has demanded both that Indian independence shall immediately be recognised and that the duty of drafting the constitution shall be committed to a Constituent Assembly elected by universal suffrage throughout British India and the Dominions of the Princes. The Viceroy's proposal is a real concession to the principle underlying this demand, but for reasons equally beyond the control of the British Government and the Congress itself, the suggested form is evidently quite impracticable. Insisting justly, as the Government acknowledge, that the new constitution must derive its authority from the consent of people to be governed, the Congress has failed to perceive that this consent must be of a very special and complete kind.

NO BRITISH INTERFERENCE

"But the time spent in laying for a constitution making body such a foundation of agreement that its decisions will be felt binding upon the conscience of every Indian will assuredly not be wasted. Nor is the final stage, the submission of finished work to Parliament at Westminster an infringement of the principle of Indian Self-Determination. Its purpose is not to interfere with the lines on which Indians have decided for future to conduct their own affairs, but to adapt to their decisions the necessary provision for future of the existing British responsibilities in and for India. This is the process by which each of the self-governing dominions of the Commonwealth has, in fact, approached its present status and it promises to India the same smooth transfer and the same dignity of free association, which Canada, South Africa and the rest enjoy. In facing his immediate task of governing India until victory sets free energies required for settling these larger matters, the Viceroy now proposes to proceed immediately to broaden the basis of the Central Administration.

OPPORTUNITY TO CONGRESS AND LEAGUE

"As between such inveterate adversaries as the National Congress and the Moslem League this is at present the only agreement in sentiment, not a partnership in action. But the Congress has shown a disposition to relax the rigour of its principles and even to dissent from Mr. Gandhi in order to make its contribution to victory more effective. The Viceroy's invitation now offers an opportunity to all parties alike to co-operate upon that ground, limited but crucial, which is common to them all. It is earnestly to be hoped that the invitation will be accepted not only for the immediate value of Indian advice in the central administration, but because the more Indians can collaborate towards the external purpose of victory, the more they are likely to develop a common language in which they can discuss internal problems that confront them. In the debate about the mode of future self-Government every acceleration of pace has hitherto threatened to bring the two powerful engines of the Congress and the League into a head-on collision. Their joint purpose in the war effort, should allow them to be diverted on to parallel lines and offers the hope that in time it may be possible to couple them together to draw the same load. Nothing less will solve problem of India."

Govt.'s Policy Of Drift Must Be Stopped

"No one believes that it is possible to settle the constitutional future of India during the war" says the "Manchester Guardian." The problems are too vast and complicated, not the least because Indians themselves have yet to agree how they are to be solved. Difficulties have been increasing as India drew nearer to the time, when she would exercise Self-Government. They were certain for a moment to do so, when the binding force of the Central Indian Government began to relax, the provinces gained autonomy and violently contending influences, all alike demanding self-Government for India were called on, to produce a new constitution that would satisfy them all.

But the British Government could no longer continue to drift pleading division between the Congress and Muslim League as the reason for inaction and saying that if only they would get together something might be done. The Congress stands on its demands, while declaring through some of its best leaders that it desires to co-operate in the war; The Muslim League insists that it will split India in two, rather than run the risk of an India ruled by the Congress. The British Government, therefore, makes new proposals. It was time.

INDIA'S GOAL

Politically-conscious India is concerned, speaking crudely, first-

(Continued on Page 9, col. 1)

Acceleration Of Plane Production In U. S. A.

Expected To Pass 18,000 Mark By January

NEW YORK, August 9.

THE PRODUCTION OF AIRCRAFT IN THE UNITED STATES HAS REACHED THE RATE OF 10,800 YEARLY AND WILL PASS THE 18,000 MARK BY JANUARY, INCREASING STEADILY AFTER THAT, DECLARED MR. WILLIAM KNUDSEN, PRODUCTION CHIEF OF THE NATIONAL DEFENCE COMMISSION, IN A NATIONWIDE BROADCAST.

Bettering U. S.-Soviet Relations

Mr. Summer Welles indicated to-day that the United States and Soviet Russia were seeking a general improvement of their relations.

Commenting on the conversation he had yesterday with M. Oumansky, Soviet Ambassador in Washington, Mr. Welles said that many questions concerning Russo-American relations were discussed a friendly constructive attitude being shown on both sides.

Haven For Evacuated Children

A compromise bill providing for giving a temporary haven in the United States to European children under 16 years totalling, it is estimated, 200,000 was speedily and practically unanimously approved by the House of Representatives Immigration Committee to-day.

The plan would remain in force for two years.

The Bill which applies to children from all invaded countries provides for issuance of temporary visitors' 'visas' to children.

Senate Passes Conscription Bill

The Senate passed by 71 votes to seven and sent to the House the Burkewedshouth Conscription Bill which will probably begin to-morrow.

As passed by the Senate the measure limits the use of Guardsmen and Reservists to the Western Hemisphere United States possessions and the Philippines.

The Senate earlier unanimously approved a proposal of Senator Pittman to allow National Guardsmen and Reservists with dependent wives and children to resign within 20 days after enactment of the legislation subjecting them to active duty.

The Reconstruction Finance Corporation has agreed to finance the building of half a dozen new aircraft factories at a cost of between 150 million and 200 million dollars, Mr. Jesse Jones, Federal Loan Administrator, told the House of Representatives Banking Committee to-day.

He added that the money included a loan to Packard Motor Company for manufacture of Rolls Royce engines.

British Flying Boat

The British flying boat "Clare" took off yesterday on the return flight to England via Montreal and New Foundland.—Reuter.

MADRAS GOVERNOR'S WAR FUND

MADRAS, August 9.

The total of H. E. the Governor's War Fund upto the afternoon of Thursday, 8th August, amounts to Rs. 13,86,190-9-8.—A. P.

WAR HELP AT SARGODHA

SARGODHA, Aug. 9.

The District Board, Sargodha, at a meeting held under the chairmanship of Mr. Amin-ud-Din, Deputy Commissioner, resolved to invest a sum of Rs. 50,000 in Defence Bonds.—A. P.

SCINDIA'S WAR CONTRIBUTION

GWALIOR, August 8.

The Maharaja Scindia has ordered a sum of Rupees ten lakhs to be invested in Government of India interest free loan.—A. P.

The Half-Column

By "Dim"

Those who may have missed Mr. Horniman's brilliant article in Friday's issue of the 'Sentinel' on the difference of treatment given to Indian and English soldiers passing through this city would do well to get a copy of that issue and read it. I commend this article particularly to those, who are inclined to exaggerate their contribution to "India's War Effort."

Says Mr. Horniman":

"Is it too much to ask that the Bombay Hospitality Committee should give some of their attention to this matter and spare some of their hospitality for Indian soldiers"?

Near the Catholic Gymkhana yesterday evening were lined up Bombay's Civic Guards—the boys of to-day—the men of to-morrow. First the boy scouts were in fashion, now the vogue is a civic guard.

Says Mr. Talyarkhan—A.F.S.—"my hat's Not off to those who prefer to defend trophies, instead of defending the country!" I always thought Mr. Talyarkhan was a sportsman first and a member of the War Publicity Committee second, but perhaps I am wrong.

Beautiful observation from Clemence Dane (in a broadcast talk from the B.B.C.) referring to the change that has come over people because of the war:—"Everybody quarrels easily and goes about accusing every body else of being completely changed by the war, but indignantly denying that they themselves have changed at all".

M. Molotov has received Sir Strafford Cripps. Thanks for small mercies.

Mr. A. V. Alexandra says that in the New Britain, which one supposes will spring up after Britain has emerged successful from the War, "the unemployed shall not become the forgotten men of peace". Mr. Lloyd George had also once before said—1914 I think it was—"This land will be fit for heroes to live in." How those words have failed to fulfill the prophecy!

DHONDY RELEASED

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, Aug. 8.

Mr. Dhondy, who had been sentenced to six months' imprisonment, has been released before the expiry of his term by the order of the Home Secretary.

Trans-Atlantic Air Service Resumed

LONDON, August 8.

The Eire Department of Posts and Telegraphs announces that the Trans-Atlantic air mail service between Foynes and the United States, Canada, New Foundland and countries beyond has been resumed.

The service will operate once a week in each direction.—Reuter.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

HI, GINA! NO ONE WOULD EVER KNOW YOU HAD BEEN SHOT!
THE DOCTOR JUST REMOVED THE BANDAGES! I'LL BE OUT OF THE HOSPITAL TOMORROW!
HELLO, MISS LANE! MY HEART IS FULL OF HAPPINESS TO SEE YOU!
WHO'S THAT?
SOUNDS LIKE KORNWELLER—BUT WHERE IS HE?
RIGHT HERE! FLOWERS I BROUGHT YOU TO SHOW YOU A LITTLE BIT HOW MUCH I THINK OF YOU A WHOLE LOT! TOMORROW WE START TO FINISH THE PICTURE!
A SHORT TIME LATER...
INSPECTOR CHAN! STOP! WAIT!
NO PARKING
Alfred Andriola
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7-28

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